

ΗΛLIFΛΧ

Halifax Regional Fire & Emergency

Point Pleasant Park Advisory Committee

Presented by: Peter Andrews – Acting Deputy Chief of Operations

10 January 2018

Purpose:



- History & Background
- Response Data
- Apparatus Response to Point Pleasant Park
- Hydrants near the Park
- Firefighting Operations

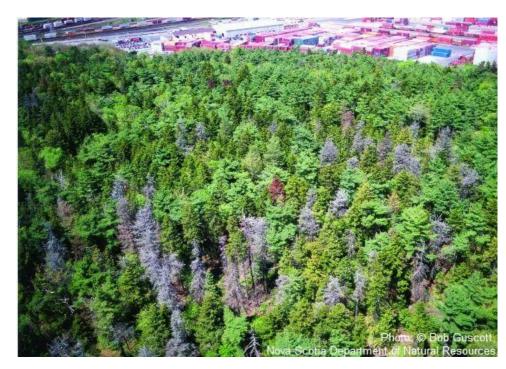




Long Horne Beetle 2000

 By May of 2000, estimated 10,000 dead and dying spruce trees







Hurricane Juan 2003



- 75,000 trees down
- Over 100,000 trees planted





Point Pleasant Park



Current View





Response Data



Responses to Point Pleasant Park

Responses to Forne Fleasant Fark			
Call Type	2016	2107	2018
Medical Assistance	1	0	2
Open garbage/debris Fire	0	0	1
Brush, grass or forest fire	1	0	1
Investigation/Illegal Burn	2	1	1
Canceled before responding	2	1	1
False Alarm Activation	1	1	2
Total Incidents	7	3	8







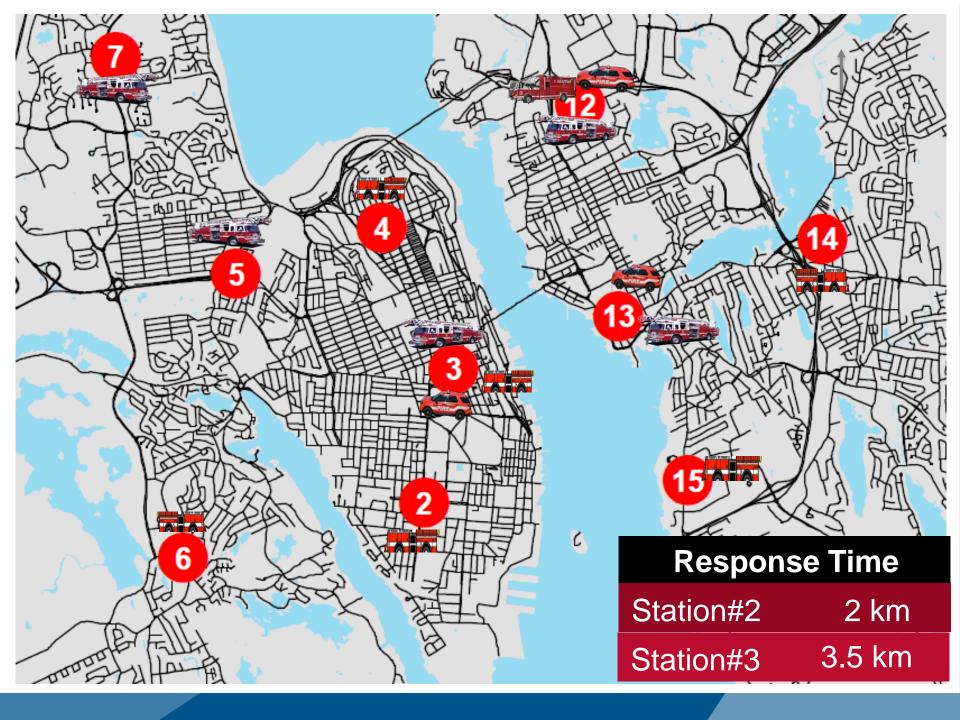




Halifax Regional Fire & Emergency

ΗΛLIFΛX

MFRGE





Brush/Ground Cover Fires











Forest Fires







Halifax Regional Fire & Emergency



Water Sources











Fuel Laddering



In a forest where fires rarely happen, fuel builds up: There's **surface fuel** (grass, logs, woody debris, brush); **ladder fuel** (shrubs, small trees, snags); and **tree crowns**.

 Surface fires spread quickly through brush and woody debris. 2 Ladder fuels allow the fire to move up toward the forest canopy. 3 Tree crown fires are so intense, they're difficult to control.









