Item No. 9.1.2 HALIFAX

Applications for Permanent Encroachment on Sidewalks for Accessible Ramps

HRM Accessibility Advisory Committee

Outline

- Transportation Association of Canada (TAC) Guidelines for Sidewalk Design
- The "2.1m Guideline"
 - Sidewalk Café Designs
 - Temporary Sign By-law (S-800)
 - Other Encroachments
- Application for 5990 Spring Garden Road
- Application for 1587 Dresden Row



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Sidewalk Design Specifications, Guidelines, and By-Laws

Presented by: Christopher Davis, P.Eng.

Supervisor, Right of Way Services

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What are HRM's Guidelines?

Where did they come from?

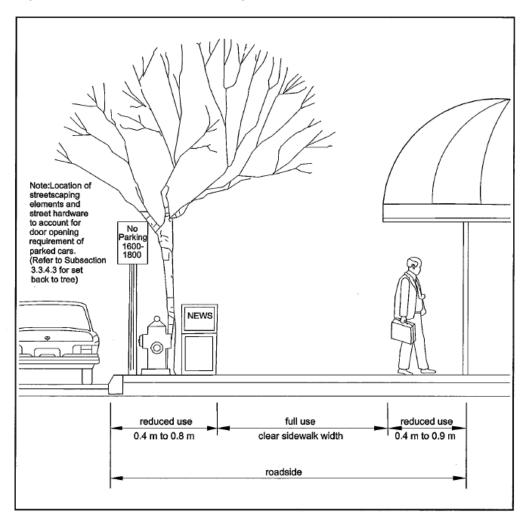
Transportation Association of Canada (TAC) Guidelines for Sidewalk Design

- Geometric Design Guide for Canadian Roads
 - The Guide was developed by TAC with many nationwide contributors
 - The Guide is intended to provide information and background to designer and policy makers
 - It is NOT a "minimum national design specification"
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Streetscaping



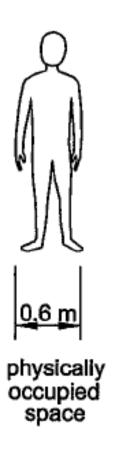
Figure 3.3.2.1 Usable Pedestrian Space¹

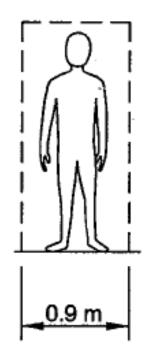




- Typically accepted pedestrian dimensions:
 - Physically occupied space is 0.6m (2ft)
 - Including comfort zone or "no touch zone", one pedestrian requires approximately 0.9m (3ft)

basic pedestrian dimensions

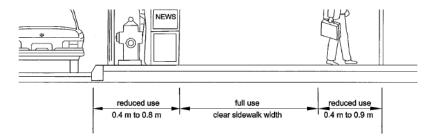




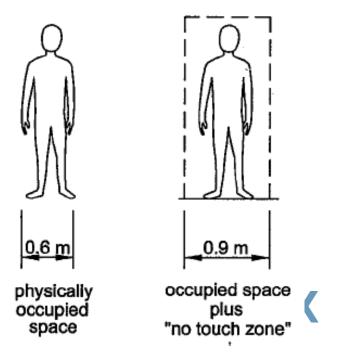
occupied space plus "no touch zone"



- Applying the Concept of "Clear Sidewalk Width"
 - For each to "feel"
 unimpeded, a clear
 width of 1.8m is
 normally needed

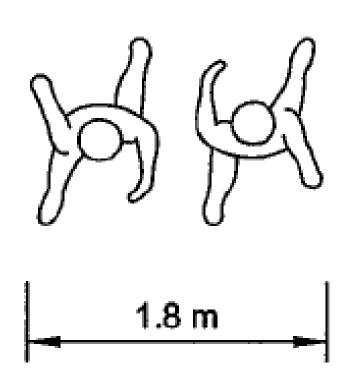


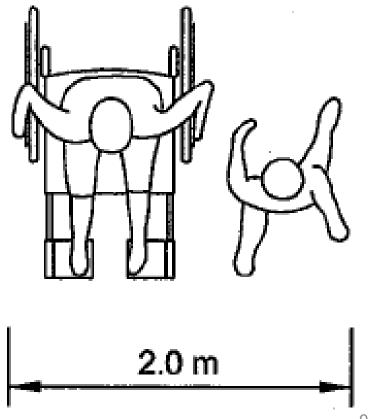
basic pedestrian dimensions



Two pedestrians walking past each other comfortably require 1.8m (6ft)

One pedestrian and one person in a wheel chair require 2.0m (nearly 7ft)

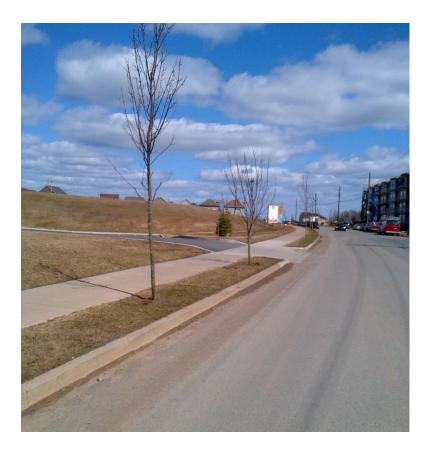


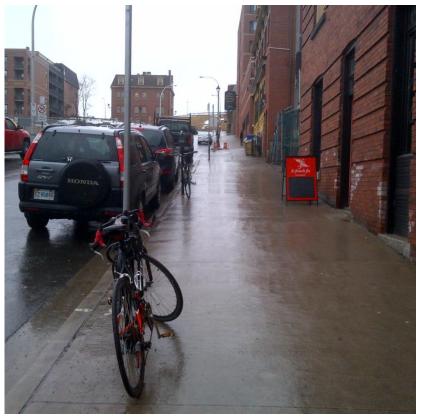


Challenges of Existing Streets

New – Basswood Run

Existing – Sackville Street





Challenges of Existing Streets

- Older and well established streets in the urban core tend to have wider sidewalks, but...
 - are more likely to have "zero setback" buildings
 - are more likely to have concrete or hard surfaces all the way out to the curb (no sod)
 - are more likely to have high pedestrian volumes
- Also the streets where pressures for other uses of the sidewalk are the most common



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Where did the "2.1m Guideline" come from?

... and why 2.1m anyway?

The "2.1m Guideline"

- The 2.1m minimum clear pedestrian zone first appeared in the Halifax Regional Municipality Capital District Urban Design Project (2004).
 - Available in .pdf format at:
 http://www.halifax.ca/RealPropertyPlanning/Stre etscapes/index.htm
 - Section 3 focused on sidewalk design in the Capital District and illustrated how many different uses could be accommodated
 - Consistently called for a 2.134m (7ft) clear zone



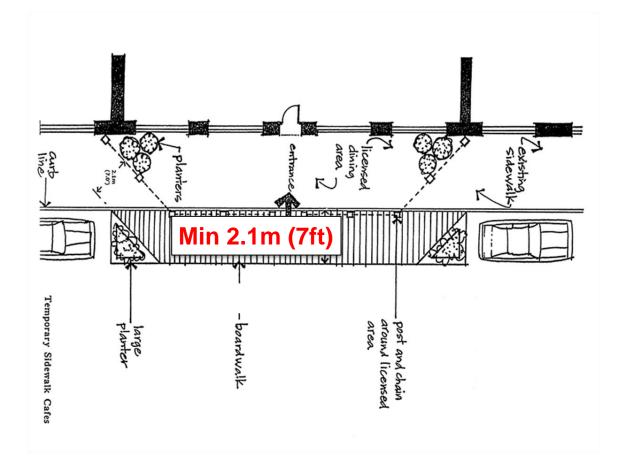
The "2.1m Guideline"



Figure 3.1 Sidewalk Corridor Zones, Sidewalk 3.6 m (12 feet)

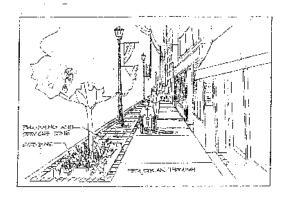


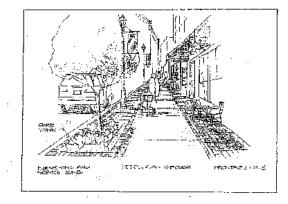
Sidewalk Café By-Law



Temporary Sign By-law (S-800)

Schedule A
Service and Zone Standards





- Schedule A is a copy of the two graphics from the Urban Design report
 - Includes the following note:
 "Size of each zone shall be determined on a street by street basis by the HRM Right of Way Engineer, but in no cases shall the pedestrian through zone be less than 2.134m"

Note:

Size of each zone shall be determined on a street by street basis by HRM Right-Of-Way Services but in no case shall the pedestrian through zone beliess then 2134 mm.



Other Encroachments

- Permanent Encroachments within the public street right of way require Regional Council approval
 - Staircases
 - Window wells
 - Wheelchair Ramps
- Some encroachments may encumber the sidewalk

Other Encroachments

- HRM Staff who receive requests for permanent encroachments and prepare reports to Council must consider not only the "2.1m Guideline"...
 - Any planned future use of the right of way
 - Impacts of granting the encroachment today, but terminating the licence in the future
 - How will the public be affected by the proposed encroachment



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Applications for
Permanent Encroachment
5990 Spring Garden Road
and 1587 Dresden Row

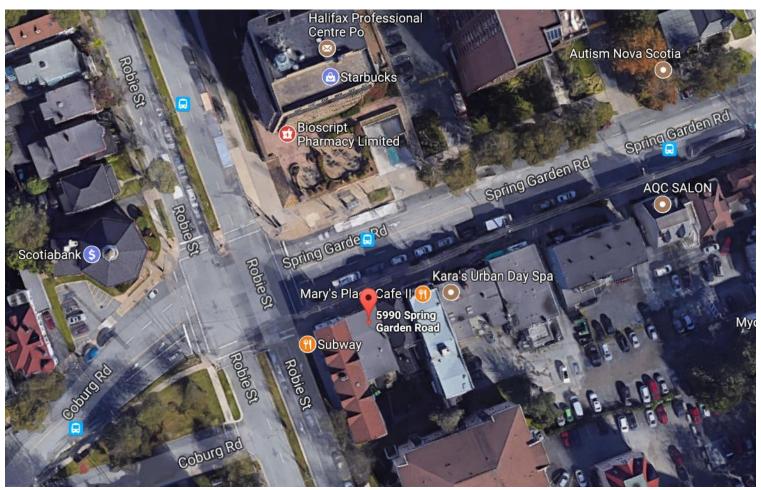
Presented by Shannon O'Connell, P.Eng. Development Engineer

Background

- Commercial properties
- Front entrances abut property line / right of way
- Proposed accessible ramps would encroach on existing sidewalk
- Request to locate in right of way
- 2.1 m remaining clearance typically recommended to allow for accessibility

By-Law E-200 Respecting Encroachments

- Permanent encroachments on HRM Right of Way require encroachment license
- Must be approved by Council
- Reviewed by Accessibility Advisory Committee



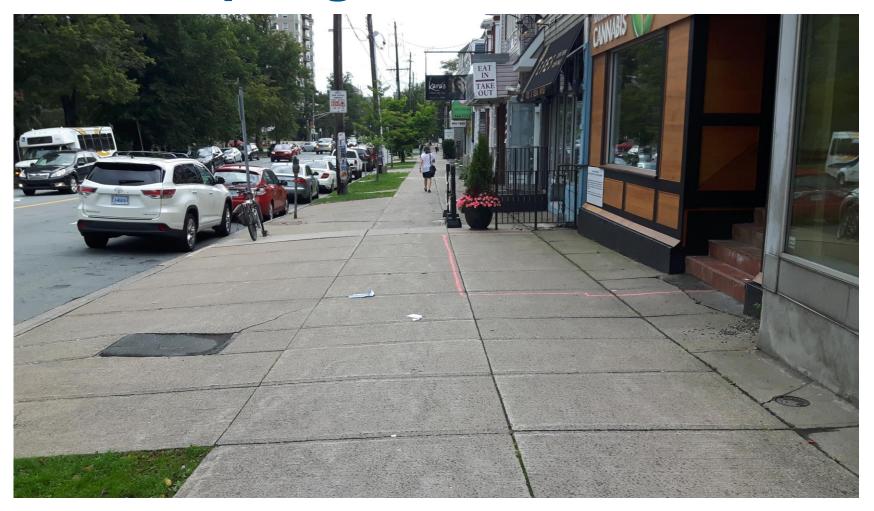


- 5.0 m existing sidewalk width
- 2.5 m remaining clearance left between edge of sidewalk and proposed accessible ramp
- Would allow accessibility to front entrance of commercial space
- Other sidewalk cafes exist along this road
- 2.1 m remaining clearance typically recommended to allow for accessibility



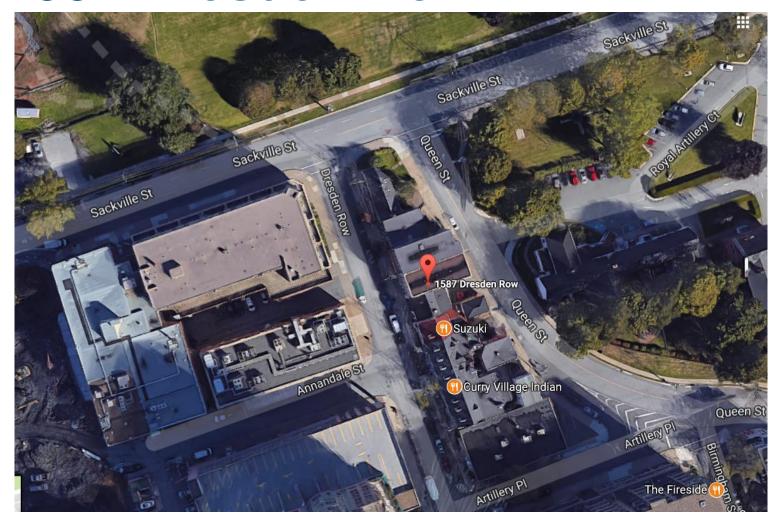
Proposed Entrance Elevation





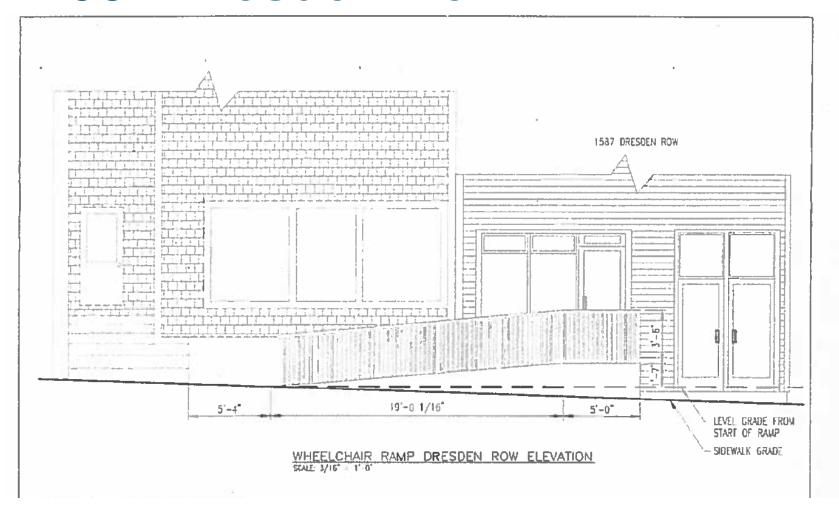
Proposed accessible ramp footprint outlined in chalk







- 4.6 m existing sidewalk width
- 1.5 m remaining pedestrian clearance at "pinch point",
 2.1 m elsewhere
- Would allow accessibility to front entrance of commercial space
- Other sidewalk cafes common on this road
- Given the pedestrian volumes, configuration, and classification of Dresden Row as a local street, is the remaining clearance of 1.50 m (4.9 ft) at pinch point acceptable?







Proposed accessible ramp footprint outlined in chalk



Discussion

- Comments and recommendations for the application for Permanent Encroachment for a wheel chair ramp at 5990 Spring Garden Road?
- Comments and recommendations for the application for Permanent Encroachment for a wheel chair ramp at 1587 Dresden Row?

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Thank You