

P.O. Box 1749 Halifax, Nova Scotia B3J 3A5 Canada

Item No. 14.5.1 Halifax Regional Council August 14, 2018

TO:	Mayor Savage and Members of Halifax Regional Council					
	Original Signed					
SUBMITTED BY:	Councillor Tim Outhit, Chair, Transportation Standing Committee					
DATE:	July 31, 2018					
SUBJECT:	Transit Priority Corridor: Gottingen Street					

<u>ORIGIN</u>

July 26, 2018 meeting of the Transportation Standing Committee, Item No. 12.1.1.

LEGISLATIVE AUTHORITY

Administrative Order 1, Respecting the Procedures of the Council, Schedule 7, Transportation Standing Committee Terms of Reference, section 4 (d):

Duties and Responsibilities

4. The Transportation Standing Committee shall oversee and review of the Municipality's Regional Transportation Plans and initiatives, as follows: providing input and review of the Transportation Road network strategies and related Regional initiatives.

RECOMMENDATION

The Transportation Standing Committee recommend that Halifax Regional Council:

1. Approve the detailed design as shown in Attachment B of the staff report dated June 21, 2018.

2. Approve the parking loss mitigation plan as described in Attachment C of the staff report dated June 21, 2018.

3. Direct staff to proceed with implementation of a peak period (7am-9am and 3pm-6pm, Monday to Friday) northbound bus lane on the Gottingen Street corridor.

4. Approve the evaluation methodology as per Attachment E of the staff report dated June 21, 2018 through which the Gottingen Street peak period northbound bus lane will be measured and evaluated one year after implementation.

BACKGROUND

A staff report dated June 21, 2018 pertaining to a proposed Transit Priority Corridor for Gottingen Street was before the Transportation Standing Committee for consideration at its meeting held on July 26, 2018.

For further information, please refer to the attached staff report dated June 21, 2018.

DISCUSSION

Staff provided a presentation and responded to questions from the Standing Committee respecting the parking loss mitigation, the peak period northbound bus lane, and the detailed design of the of the proposed transit corridor. In addition to the recommendation outlined in this report, the Transportation Standing Committee approved an additional motion requesting that a supplementary staff report be provided to Regional Council for its August 14, 2018 meeting outlining the detailed design of the complete streets element and public realm for the Gottingen Street Transit Priority Corridor.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

As outlined in the attached staff report dated June 21, 2018.

RISK CONSIDERATION

As outlined in the attached in the staff report dated June 21, 2018.

COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

The Transportation Standing Committee meetings are open to public attendance, a live webcast is provided of the meeting, and members of the public are invited to address the Committee for up to five minutes at the end of each meeting during the Public Participation portion of the meeting. The agenda, reports, video, and minutes of the Transportation Standing Committee are posted on Halifax.ca

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPLICATIONS

As outlined in the attached staff report dated June 21, 2018.

ALTERNATIVES

The Transportation Standing Committee did not discuss alternative recommendations.

ATTACHMENTS

- 1. Staff report dated June 21, 2018.
- 2. Staff presentation dated July 26, 2018.

Report Prepared by: Liam MacSween, Legislative Assistant, 902.490.6521.

A copy of this report can be obtained online at <u>halifax.ca</u> or by contacting the Office of the Municipal Clerk at 902.490.4210.



P.O. Box 1749 Halifax, Nova Scotia B3J 3A5 Canada

Attachment 1 Transportation Standing Committee July 26, 2018

то:	Chair and Members of Transportation Standing Committee					
	Original Signed					
SUBMITTED BY:	Kelly Denty, Director, Planning & Development					
	Original Signed					
	Dave Reage, MCIP, LPP, Director, Halifax Transit					
	Original Signed					
	Jacques Dubé, Chief Administrative Officer					
DATE:	June 21, 2018					
SUBJECT:	Transit Priority Corridor: Gottingen Street					

<u>ORIGIN</u>

At the March 6, 2018 meeting of Regional Council, the following motion was put and passed:

That Halifax Regional Council proceed with detailed design of a continuous northbound bus lane on the Gottingen Street corridor at peak (7am-9am and 3pm-6pm, Monday to Friday), with a provision for intermittent northbound transit priority measures off peak, that will include allowing short duration time regulated (15-90 minute) parking and loading where appropriate, and to return to the Transportation Standing Committee with:

- 1. A Parking Loss Mitigation Plan which includes engagement with the public and stakeholders, returning with a recommendation prior to tendering the project;
- 2. A supplementary report regarding the potential for moving northbound express buses (as planned) to a different route and moving Dartmouth bound express buses to Barrington Street via the Bridge ramp;
- 3. A plan to measure and evaluate the impact of the project and recommend changes, if any, within one year of implementation.

LEGISLATIVE AUTHORITY

Transportation Standing Committee Terms of Reference, section 4 (a) which states: "The Transportation Standing Committee shall oversee and review the Municipality's Regional Transportation Plans and initiatives, as follows: overseeing HRM's Regional Transportation Objectives and Transportation outcome Areas".

Halifax Regional Municipality Charter, subsection 318(2): "In so far is consistent with their use by the public, the Council has full control over the streets in the Municipality."

Halifax Regional Municipality Charter, subsection 322(1): "The Council may design, lay out, open, expand, construct, maintain, improve, alter, repair, light, water, clean, and clear streets in the Municipality."

RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended that the Transportation Standing Committee recommend that Halifax Regional Council:

- 1. Approve detailed design as shown in Attachment B of this report.
- 2. Approve the parking loss mitigation plan as described in Attachment C of this report.
- 3. Direct staff to proceed with implementation of a peak period (7am-9am and 3pm-6pm, Monday to Friday) northbound bus lane on the Gottingen Street corridor.
- 4. Approve the evaluation methodology as per Attachment E of this report through which the Gottingen Street peak period northbound bus lane will be measured and evaluated one year after implementation.

BACKGROUND

The Halifax Transit *Moving Forward Together Plan* (MFTP), approved by Regional Council in April 2016, identifies Gottingen Street as a critical choke point for transit service that requires transit priority. To improve transit service on the corridors, the MFTP recommends investment in transit priority measures (TPMs) that provide priority to the movement of buses over general traffic. These recommendations have been further reinforced by policy direction in the recent Council adopted *Integrated Mobility Plan* (IMP) (December 2017).

Following approval of the MFTP and securement of funding support from the Public Transit Infrastructure Fund (PTIF), a consultant was retained in May 2017 to complete a functional design study for the Gottingen Street transit priority corridor, as well as the Bayers Road corridor. The functional design study, which was completed in January 2018, considered multiple design options for the Gottingen Street corridor, representing a range of costs. Based on the findings of the functional design study and significant input from public and stakeholders, staff recommended that the preferred concept – a dedicated, continuous northbound bus lane on Gottingen Street (Cogswell Street to North Street) – be advanced to detailed design and implementation.

At the March 6, 2018 meeting of Regional Council, Regional Council directed staff to to proceed with detailed design of a time-restricted northbound bus lane on Gottingen Street that is operational during weekday peak periods (7am-9am and 3pm-6pm), and that accommodates time-regulated parking and loading outside of peak periods. Regional Council also directed staff to return to the Transportation Standing Committee with a Parking Loss Mitigation Plan (based on engagement with the public and stakeholders), a supplementary report regarding the potential for moving northbound express buses to a different route and moving Dartmouth bound express buses to Barrington Street via the Bridge ramp, and a plan to measure and evaluate the impact of the project and recommend changes (if any) within one year of implementation.

In April 2018, WSP Canada Inc. was retained to complete detailed design for transit priority upgrades on Gottingen Street as described above. The detailed design process – completed collaboratively by staff and the consultant team – included engagement with stakeholders and the public, along with the development of a Parking Loss Mitigation Plan and a plan to monitor and evaluate operation of the corridor over a one-year period.

DISCUSSION

Proposed Street Configuration

The proposed configuration for the Gottingen Street transit priority corridor as directed by Regional Council on March 6, 2018 (illustrated in Figure 1) includes a time-restricted northbound transit lane on the east side of Gottingen Street that provides dedicated space for northbound buses during weekday peak traffic periods (7AM-9AM, 3PM-6PM). Right-turning traffic is also permitted to use the northbound bus lane at intersections, similar to other transit priority measures currently in use in Halifax (i.e. Windmill Road, Dartmouth). During off-peak periods, the lane accommodates time-regulated parking and loading. Parking, loading, and stopping on the west side of the street (southbound direction), which are currently accommodated intermittently, will no longer be permitted. Although the previous motion called for provision of intermittent transit priority measures (included in the functional design drawings as signalized pedestrian crossings or 'half signals' and a transit queue jump signal at Cornwallis Street), these transit priority measures have not been incorporated into the detailed design, as they are not expected to provide significant benefits. The need for these measures will be monitored and may be considered in the future if deemed to be necessary from the transit priority and/or pedestrian safety perspective.

This configuration was the preferred option based on a review of multiple alternatives during the functional design process. Dedicated space is provided for buses where and when it is most needed, and during less congested periods, street space is available to facilitate vehicular access to Gottingen Street properties.

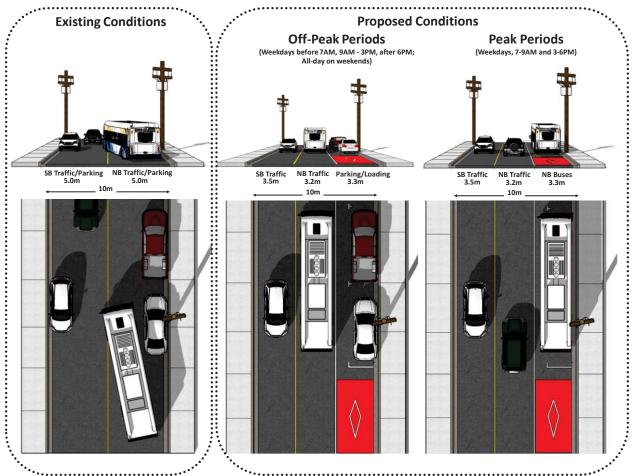


Figure 1: Existing and proposed typical cross section (looking to the north) - Gottingen Street

Design Considerations

Detailed design drawings for the corridor are provided in **Attachment A**. Key design considerations are summarized below.

- Cross Section Elements: Gottingen Street ranges in width (curb-to-curb) from a minimum of 9.6m to a maximum of 13.1m, though most of the corridor is 10.0m-10.2m wide. The proposed cross section, illustrated in Figure 1, includes a minimum typical width of 3.4m for the northbound transit lane and the southbound curb lane. The northbound traffic lane (center lane) has a minimum width of 3.2m. The proposed lane widths are consistent with design guidance from the National Association of City Transportation Officials (NACTO) *Transit Street Design Guide*, which recommends a minimum width of 3.3m-3.6m for curbside transit lanes and 3.05m for general traffic lanes.
- Pavement Markings / Signage: The northbound curb lane will be delineated by a solid white line, and will include diamond pavement markings, bounded by red paint, to identify its reserved status for buses during the peak periods. A combination of side-mounted and overhead signs will establish the regulatory status of the bus lane, and will detail the time periods within which transit priority is in effect.
- Pedestrian Enhancements: The design includes the addition of curb extensions to reduce the crossing distance for pedestrians at the Cunard Street, Portland Place, and Uniacke Street intersections. These curb extensions will be located on the side streets and not on Gottingen Street. Additional street trees are also being proposed to improve the streetscape and improve the buffer between pedestrians and the street. An application has been made to fund the implementation of additional pedestrian enhancements through the Department of Energy's Connect2 program. If the application is successful, it will be implemented with this project; if unsuccessful, funds will be requested in the 2019-20 budget process. Signalized pedestrian crossings or 'half signals', which were considered in the functional design as a means to enhance pedestrian crossings and provide intermittent transit priority measures, are not being considered at this time. The need for these pedestrian crossing treatments will be monitored and may be considered in the future if deemed to be necessary from the transit priority and/or pedestrian safety perspective.

Overview of Impacts:

Various impacts of the proposed transit priority upgrades are summarized in the following sections.

Transit Service:

There are currently 18 Halifax Transit routes that travel on Gottingen Street, which could generate up to 79 buses per hour (2-way) during the busiest peak hour. Scheduled transit volumes indicate that the busiest peak volume of buses is closer to 68 buses for the busiest hour.

Planned service level changes in the approved MFTP could increase the number of buses using Gottingen Street to a potential total of 90 bidirectional trips during the peak hour. This figure represents a theoretical value based on assumed levels of transit service as described in the MFTP, and could vary based on scheduled timings. This increase was determined as part of the public engagement process during the MFTP, and reflects changes in the level of service for local, limited stop, and express service on the Gottingen Street Corridor. Transit service on Gottingen Street is hindered by traffic congestion during peak periods, as well as by the need for buses to manoeuvre around vehicles stopped or parked in the curb lanes throughout the day.

The proposed bus lane will provide significant transit improvement during peak periods, most notably in the northbound direction. Buses in both directions will avoid obstruction by parked cars, and northbound buses will have the ability to bypass traffic congestion, reducing delay and improving reliability. As Gottingen Street is served by a number of routes with origins and destinations throughout the city, the proposed bus lane will result in benefit to individuals travelling along the Gottingen Street Corridor as well as passengers network wide.

On-Street Parking and Loading:

The peak period northbound bus lane requires the following curb access restrictions on Gottingen Street:

- No stopping in the northbound curb lane during peak periods (weekdays 7-9AM and 3-6PM). The bus lane must remain clear of obstruction while operational.
- Parking and loading permitted in the northbound curb lane during off-peak periods (weekdays before 7AM, 9AM-3PM, after 6PM and weekends). When the bus lane is not operational, parking/loading will be permitted in the northbound curb lane.
- No stopping in the southbound curb lane at any time: Due to the width of the proposed southbound lane, there will not be sufficient width to allow vehicles to manoeuvre around stopped vehicles without entering the opposing traffic lane.

The loss of the ability for traffic to stop to access the curb (northbound during peak periods, southbound full-time) has implications for curbside activities including short-term loading (including moving, parcel delivery), solid waste collection, and passenger drop-off / pick-up. It will be necessary for Gottingen Street businesses and residents, as well as municipal services, to make changes to the way these curbside activities are completed – options include shifting these activities outside of peak periods, or completing them via a side street or the opposite side of the street.

Enforcement of curbside access restrictions will be key to the success of the proposed transit lane. During peak periods, ticketing and/or towing of vehicles in the bus lane will be necessary to keep it free of obstructions. Parking enforcement will be expanded to this area, however, due to limitations with existing resourcing, staff may be drawn from other areas to provide the necessary coverage. Presently, limited parking enforcement (a result of resource shortages) has resulted in extended parking (in some cases, all-day) in time-restricted parking areas. The increased enforcement that is essential for the transit lane will promote higher turnover parking, an improvement to parking availability that should benefit businesses in the area. Recognizing that increased parking enforcement will be necessary for this and other transit priority lanes, staff are also exploring other enforcement capacity including providing Transit Supervisors with the ability to enforce parking within the transit lane and possibly Halifax Police support through available community response officers.

Parking Loss Mitigation Plan:

Recognizing the importance of on-street parking and loading for businesses and residents of Gottingen Street, the detailed design process included the completion of a parking loss mitigation plan. The objective of the parking loss mitigation plan was to quantify the anticipated change in on-street parking and loading resulting from the proposed street changes, and identify opportunities to add on-street parking and loading to reduce the net loss. Strategies that were used to reduce parking and loading impacts included:

- Reallocating and optimizing curb space on Gottingen Street to more efficiently lay out parking and loading areas
 - Where possible, allowing parking in areas where it was previously prohibited;
 - Minor changes to bus stop locations
- Modifying parking restrictions on side streets and adjacent streets
 - Converting existing on-street parking space to dedicated strategically located loading space

As part of the parking loss mitigation plan, staff consulted local businesses and property owners to better understand their parking and loading needs. A total of 29 questionnaires focusing on parking and loading were completed through in-person meetings and email / mail-in returns. Staff met one-on-one with representatives from 12 businesses during multiple site visits. A local stakeholder meeting was also held on Monday, May 14, 2018, which was attended by 18 business owners.

Table 1 displays the existing and proposed number of off-peak parking spaces on the east and west sides of Gottingen Street. Overall, the project will result in a net loss of 8 parking spaces on Gottingen Street. Although the potential to add parking spaces on side streets was considered, the design does not propose any changes to side street controls given the relatively low existing parking utilization on Gottingen Street and the resulting need to remove existing 'no parking' areas that facilitate loading activities. On-street parking utilization will be monitored during the project evaluation period, and changes will be considered as required. Further detail regarding the parking loss mitigation plan is provided in **Attachment C**.

		# of On-Street Off-peak Parking Spaces								
		Existing	Proposed	Net Change						
North Street to	East Side	0	6	+6						
Uniacke Street	West Side	0	0	-						
Uniacke Street to	East Side	6	15	+9						
Prince William Street	West Side	15	0	-15						
Prince William Street to	East Side	7	9	+2						
Cornwallis Street	West Side	12	0	-12						
Cornwallis Street to	East Side	7	10	+3						
Portland Place	West Side	1	0	-1						
Portland Place to	East Side	4	4	-						
Cogswell Street	West Side	0	0	-						
	Total	52	44	-8						

Table 1: Gottingen Street – Existing and Proposed On-street Parking

Other Street Users:

The proposed changes to Gottingen Street will impact other users of the street in the following manner:

- *Pedestrians*: During peak periods, when the bus lane is operational, pedestrians crossing Gottingen Street will cross three lanes (an increase of one lane from existing conditions and off-peak conditions, which requires pedestrians to cross two lanes). The revised lane configuration will require that buses consistently travel closer to the curb, which may have an adverse impact on pedestrian comfort. The existing sidewalks, which are typically 2.5-3.5m in width (curb to edge of right-of-way), are buffered in most areas by planters, trees, and other infrastructure on the east side of the street, which helps mitigate these concerns. Additional tree installations are being proposed as part of this project to improve buffering in areas where opportunities are available. Also, crossing distances for side streets including Portland Place, Cunard Street, and Uniacke Street will be shortened through the addition of curb extensions.
- Cyclists: Bicycles will continue to travel in both directions on Gottingen Street at all times. During
 peak periods, northbound cyclists will ride within the transit lane, and buses will be required to yield
 to cyclists. During off-peak periods, cyclists will ride between the northbound traffic lane and parked
 vehicles on the east side of the street. At all times, southbound cyclists will be required to ride as
 far the right as practicable on the west side of the street. Though these conditions are not ideal for
 cyclists, they represent an improvement over the existing configuration, which in addition to
 sharing space with buses and vehicles forces cyclists to navigate around vehicles parked on both
 sides of the street. It is also noted that although Gottingen Street is well used by cyclists, Maynard

Street and Creighton Street are nearby parallel streets that are identified as north-south cycling routes in the *Active Transportation Priorities Plan*.

Vehicular Traffic: The proposed street configuration will narrow existing traffic lanes, and the ability
of through vehicles to bypass vehicles waiting to turn left at intersections. As a result, peak period
(7-9AM, 3-6PM) left turn restrictions are being proposed at the Cornwallis Street intersection to
avoid delays and vehicle queuing. Overall, it is not expected that the transit lane will have a
significant impact on vehicular traffic. Improved curb access management will reduce conflicts with
parked and loading vehicles, improving the flow of traffic and potentially reducing the incidence of
sideswipe collisions on Gottingen Street.

Property Impacts:

No private property acquisition is required.

Stakeholder and Public Consultation

Stakeholder and public consultation were completed to obtain feedback on the detailed design and solicit information related to key design elements including the allocation of on-street parking / loading space and the proposed pedestrian / complete streets enhancements.

Engagement Activities

The following stakeholder and public consultation activities were completed during the detailed design process:

- Parking / Loading Questionnaire: A questionnaire related to current parking and loading activities
 was administered to Gottingen Street businesses and property owners. Staff met with stakeholders
 individually where available, and circulated the questionnaire to the remaining stakeholders via mail
 and drop off and through the North End Business Association (NEBA). A total of 29 questionnaires
 were completed, representing a response rate of 53%.
- Stakeholder Meeting: Staff met with local stakeholders including the North End Business Association (NEBA) on Monday, May 14, 2018 at the Halifax North Memorial Public Library. The meeting was attended by more than 18 local stakeholders.
- Public Open House: A public Open House was held on Thursday, May 17, 2018, at the Halifax North Memorial Public Library. The meeting was attended by 65 members of the public.
- On-Street Pop-up Engagement Sessions: Staff engaged with Gottingen Street users during popup engagement sessions on the street during the week of May 14, 2018. Staff engaged with more than 70 people during these pop-up sessions.
- Online Engagement: Project materials and a feedback survey were provided via a Shape Your City online consultation page for the project.

Summary of Feedback

Results of the stakeholder and public consultation activities are provided in Appendix D. In general, feedback from stakeholders and the public was mixed. Though there was relatively strong agreement on the need for transit priority on Gottingen Street, the necessary trade-offs did present concerns for some participants. The loss of on-street parking and loading on Gottingen Street was a common concern, along with pedestrian comfort and safety concerns that arise from the addition of a third traffic lane during peak periods.

There was also a considerable amount of feedback on the volume of buses that use Gottingen Street (existing and planned) and the lack of consideration of alternatives that would reduce transit routing on Gottingen Street, including modified route configurations that could use alternate streets such as Barrington Street and Brunswick Street to service buses accessing the Macdonald Bridge. These concerns were noted by staff and will be considered as part of the ongoing review of Macdonald Bridge access options for buses. It should be noted that transit priority measures are still considered critical on Gottingen Street even if some transit vehicles are rerouted to Barrington Street.

Potential complete streets enhancements were an important focus of engagement efforts for the project. Positive feedback was received for the inclusion of complete streets enhancements on the street as part of

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the project. There was strong support for several complete streets improvements including trees / planters, benches, garbage cans, curb / sidewalk improvements, and bike parking.

Monitoring and Evaluation Plan:

Monitoring and evaluation of the proposed transit lane will be important in determining the extent to which it achieves desired outcomes (transit service improvement), while understanding the implications for other potential related impacts. A monitoring and evaluation plan has been developed that identifies fourteen metrics focusing on key areas including transit service, mode share, road safety, parking, the street environment, and the impact on adjacent land uses. Table 2 introduces and categorizes the metrics to be monitored, and identifies the desired outcomes. Data and information will be regularly collected at identified time periods and reported on a year after project implementation.

While each of the identified metrics provide valuable insight, it is important to consider some key limitations of their monitoring and evaluation over the short-term. Due to the inherent variability in some of the metrics, year over year observations are not generally a reliable performance indicator. Observation of trends over multiple years is required to develop meaningful conclusions. Also, each metric is influenced by other external factors unrelated to the changes introduced by the proposed bus lane. These limitations should be considered when evaluating the project after implementation.

Further information on the Monitoring and Evaluation Plan including the data sources, data collection methods, and the proposed monitoring and evaluation timelines are provided in Attachment E.

#		Metric	Desired Outcome
1		Change in average transit travel time and reduced variability	Decrease in the average travel time and variability for buses in both directions during peak periods.
2		Rider experience	Improvement in rider experience and support for the project.
3	Transit	Transit Operator experience	Improvement in Operator experience and support for the project.
4		Change in ridership	Increase in the ridership for each transit route during peak periods.
5		Change in number of transit related collisions	Decrease in the number of transit-related collisions.
6		Change in total person throughput	Increase in the proportion of people traveling by transit as well as walking
7		Cross section allocation	Strong correlation between ROW width assigned to each travel mode and the corresponding mode share
8	All Modes	Public experience	Improvement in public experience and support for the project.
9		Change in number and severity of collisions	Decrease in the number and severity of collisions.
10		Change in how people are accessing the street	Increase to people accessing the street via transit and active transportation modes.
11	Non-Transit	Parking / stopping compliance in transit lane	Minimal blockage of the transit lane by parked / stopped vehicles during peak periods.
12	Motorists Change in 85 th percentile speed		No significant increase in the 85 th percentile speeds.
13	Street Environment	Number of installed streetscape elements	Increase in the number of streetscaping elements.
14	Parking	Parking utilization	The 85 th percentile parking occupancy is at or less than 85%.

Table 2: Project Evaluation Metrics

Next Steps / Implementation Plan:

Next steps for the project include the following:

- Transportation Standing Committee and Regional Council approval to proceed with implementation (June-July 2018)
- Collection of baseline evaluation and monitoring data (June-July 2018)
- Consultation with HRM departments including transit operations, parking enforcement, and solid waste other to develop operation strategies for post-implementation
- Tendering and construction (August-October 2018)
- Report to Council concerning the potential for moving northbound express buses to a different route and moving Dartmouth bound express buses to Barrington Street via the Bridge ramp (fall 2018)
- Collection of post-implementation evaluation and monitoring data (periodically, following implementation, for one year)
- Update to Regional Council via Halifax Transit's quarterly reports
- Monitoring and Evaluation Plan report to Regional Council (one year after implementation anticipated fall 2019)

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

Activities associated with the detailed design will be funded from CM000014 Transit Priority Measures Corridor Study as approved at the March 6, 2018 Regional Council meeting. It is anticipated that construction costs associated with the Gottingen Street transit priority corridor (cost estimate: \$220,000) can be completed using funds in the Transit Priority Measures Implementation project account (CM000009). Funding for select complete streets enhancements (street trees, benches, bicycle parking) is contingent on award of funding from Nova Scotia Energy's Connect2 program or may be included in a future capital budget.

Budget Summary: Project Account No. CM000009 – Transit Priority Measures

Cumulative Unspent Budget	\$712,708
Less: Construction – Gottingen St. Transit Priority Corridor	\$220,000
Balance	\$492,708
balance of funds will be used to implement the remaining 2018/19 and other	capital projects a

The balance of funds will be used to implement the remaining 2018/19 and other capital projects as approved by Council.

RISK CONSIDERATION

There are not significant risks associated with the recommendations of this report. The risks considered rate low.

COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

A stakeholder / public consultation process was completed as part of the functional design stage, which included stakeholder consultation sessions with several groups (North End Business Association, advocacy groups), a public open house, and online consultation. Results of this consultation process were presented in the March 6, 2018 Regional Council report.

Consultation efforts were furthered as part of the detailed design process, which included direct engagement with Gottingen Street property / business owners, residents, and the general public. The focus of the detailed design community consultation process was to develop a better understanding of parking / loading needs on Gottingen Street to better inform the design, as well as to gauge the community's interest in various streetscape improvement options being considered as part of the project. The consultation

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process included open house meetings with the local business community and the general public, as well as on-street pop-up engagement sessions and administration of feedback surveys focused on parking and loading, complete streets elements, and the detailed design. Survey results are summarized in **Attachment D**.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPLICATIONS

This project is supportive of the Council Priority Outcome of building Healthy, Livable communities, as it aims to make it more convenient for residents to choose sustainable transportation options for everyday transportation purposes. This is reflected in the enhancements for transit, but also the improvements for pedestrians and cyclists.

ALTERNATIVES

- The Transportation Standing Committee may recommend that Regional Council direct staff to revise the proposed Parking Loss Mitigation Plan as presented in Attachment C. This is not recommended, as the proposed plan minimizes the potential impact to parking and loading without compromising the effectiveness of the transit priority corridor and traffic operations. Revisions to the Parking Loss Mitigation Plan will also require design changes that will delay project implementation.
- 2. The Transportation Standing Committee may recommend that Regional Council direct staff to revise the proposed Monitoring and Evaluation Plan as presented in Attachment E. This is not recommended as it represents a comprehensive list of metrics that will play a key role in assessing project outcomes.
- 3. The Transportation Standing Committee may recommend that Regional Council direct staff to revise the detailed design drawings in Attachment B. This is not recommended as it will delay the implementation of a Council approved project beyond the 2018 construction season.

ATTACHMENTS

- Attachment A: Transportation Standing Committee Report: Transit Priority Corridors: Gottingen Street / Bayers Road (January 25, 2018)
- Attachment B: Detailed Design Drawings Gottingen Street

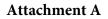
Attachment C: Parking Loss Mitigation Plan

Attachment D: Community Consultation Results Summary

Attachment E: Monitoring and Evaluation Plan

A copy of this report can be obtained online at <u>halifax.ca</u> or by contacting the Office of the Municipal Clerk at 902.490.4210.

Report Prepared by: Mike Connors, P.Eng., Transportation Engineer, Planning & Infrastructure, 902.817.0795





P.O. Box 1749 Halifax, Nova Scotia B3J 3A5 Canada

Item No. 14.3.1 Halifax Regional Council March 6, 2018

то:	Mayor Savage and Members of Halifax Regional Council
SUBMITTED BY:	Original Signed
	Councillor Tim Outhit, Chair, Transportation Standing Committee
DATE:	February 23, 2018
SUBJECT:	Transit Priority Corridors: Gottingen Street

<u>ORIGIN</u>

February 22, 2018 meeting of the Transportation Standing Committee, Item No. 8.1.

LEGISLATIVE AUTHORITY

Administrative Order 1, Respecting the Procedures of the Council, Schedule 7, Transportation Standing Committee Terms of Reference, section 4 (d):

Duties and Responsibilities

4. The Transportation Standing Committee shall oversee and review of the Municipality's Regional Transportation Plans and initiatives, as follows: providing input and review of the Transportation Road network strategies and related Regional initiatives.

RECOMMENDATION

That the Transportation Standing Committee recommends that Halifax Regional Council proceed with detailed design of a continuous northbound bus lane on the Gottingen Street corridor at peak (7am-9am and 3pm-6pm, Monday to Friday), with a provision for intermittent northbound transit priority measures off peak, that will include allowing short duration time regulated (15-90 minute) parking and loading where appropriate, and to return to the Transportation Standing Committee with:

1. A Parking Loss Mitigation Plan which includes engagement with the public and stakeholders, returning with a recommendation prior to tendering the project;

A supplementary report regarding the potential for moving northbound express buses (as planned) to a different route and moving Dartmouth bound express buses to Barrington Street via the Bridge ramp.
 A plan to measure and evaluate the impact of the project and recommend changes, if any, within one year of implementation.

BACKGROUND

A staff report dated January 25, 2018 pertaining to Transit Priority Corridors for Gottingen Street was before the Transportation Standing Committee for consideration at its meeting held on February 22, 2018.

For further information, please refer to the attached staff report dated January 25, 2018.

DISCUSSION

Staff provided a presentation and responded to questions of clarification from the Transportation Standing Committee in relation to the proposed Transit Priority Corridors for Gottingen Street. The Transportation Standing Committee forwarded an alternative recommendation to Halifax Regional Council as outlined in this report.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

As outlined in the attached staff report dated January 25, 2018.

RISK CONSIDERATION

As outlined in the attached staff report dated January 25, 2018.

COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

The Transportation Standing Committee meetings are open to public attendance, a live webcast is provided of the meeting, and members of the public are invited to address the Committee for up to five minutes at the end of each meeting during the Public Participation portion of the meeting. The agenda, reports, video, and minutes of the Transportation Standing Committee are posted on Halifax.ca.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPLICATIONS

As outlined in the attached staff report dated January 25, 2018.

ALTERNATIVES

The Transportation Standing Committee considered an alternative recommendation as outlined in the recommendation section of this report. Additional alternative recommendations are outlined in the January 25, 2018 staff report.

ATTACHMENTS

1. Staff report dated January 25, 2018.

A copy of this report can be obtained online at <u>halifax.ca</u> or by contacting the Office of the Municipal Clerk at 902.490.4210.

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P.O. Box 1749 Halifax, Nova Scotia B3J 3A5 Canada

Attachment 1 Transportation Standing Committee February 1, 2018 February 22, 2018

TO:	Chair and Members of Transportation Standing Committee					
SUBMITTED BY:	ORIGINAL SIGNED					
	Kelly Denty, Acting Director: Planning & Development					
	ORIGINAL SIGNED					
	Dave Reage, Director: Halifax Transit					
DATE:	January 25, 2018					
SUBJECT:	Transit Priority Corridors: Gottingen Street / Bayers Road					

<u>ORIGIN</u>

- The Halifax Transit *Moving Forward Together Plan*, approved by Regional Council in April 2016, identified Bayers Road and Gottingen Street as critical choke points for transit service into and out of downtown Halifax that require transit priority.
- At the June 21, 2016 meeting of Regional Council, staff were directed to submit 16 proposed transit projects for cost-shared funding approval under the Public Transit Infrastructure Fund (PTIF). One of those projects proposed was the Transit Priority Corridors project.
- At the February 21, 2017 meeting of Regional Council, Halifax Regional Council authorized the Mayor and Municipal Clerk to sign the fifteen Contribution Agreements with the Minister of Municipal Affairs, to receive funding for public transit projects approved under the Public Transit Infrastructure Fund (PTIF), including one for the Transit Priority Corridors project.
- In May 2017, RFP 17-303 was awarded to WSP Canada Inc. to prepare functional designs for 'Transit Priority Corridors' on Bayers Road (Romans Avenue to Windsor Street) and Gottingen Street (North Street to Cogswell Street).
- At the December 5th, 2017 meeting of Regional Council, the Integrated Mobility Plan was approved, and staff were directed to include an implementation plan in the upcoming staff report for the Bayers Road and Gottingen Street Transit Priority corridors functional design to allow Council to consider construction in fiscal 2019/20.

LEGISLATIVE AUTHORITY

Transportation Standing Committee Terms of Reference, section 4 (a) which states: "The Transportation Standing Committee shall oversee and review the Municipality's Regional Transportation Plans and initiatives, as follows: overseeing HRM's Regional Transportation Objectives and Transportation outcome Areas".

Halifax Regional Municipality Charter, subsection 318(2): "In so far as is consistent with their use by the public, the Council has full control over the streets in the Municipality."

Halifax Regional Municipality Charter, subsection 322(1): "The Council may design, lay out, open, expand, construct, maintain, improve, alter, repair, light, water, clean, and clear streets in the Municipality."

RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended that the Transportation Standing Committee recommend that Halifax Regional Council:

- 1. Proceed with detailed design of a dedicated northbound bus lane on the Gottingen Street corridor, including a Parking Loss Mitigation Plan which includes engagement with the public and stakeholders, and return to Council with a recommendation prior to tendering the project.
- 2. Proceed with detailed design of dedicated bus lanes in both directions on the Bayers Road corridor, including reconfiguration of the Halifax Shopping Centre intersection.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Halifax Transit *Moving Forward Together Plan* (MFTP), approved by Regional Council in April 2016, identifies Bayers Road and Gottingen Street as critical choke points for transit service that require transit priority. To improve transit service on these corridors, the MFTP recommends investment in transit priority measures (TPMs) that provide priority to the movement of buses over general traffic. These recommendations have been further reinforced by policy direction in the recently adopted *Integrated Mobility Plan* (IMP). When the IMP was adopted in December 2017, Regional Council also directed staff to include an implementation plan for Bayers Road and Gottingen Street so that Council could consider construction in fiscal 2019/20.

The physical characteristics of the corridors, as well as how people use them, have a major influence on the type of transit priority measures that can be implemented. Also, as is typical with any project that involves reconfiguration of an existing street, there are trade-offs that need to be considered. Where right-of-way expansion is necessary, there may be impacts to utilities, private property, and other infrastructure. Loss of traffic lanes and curb access used for on-street parking, loading, and stopping may also be necessary. These impacts are consistent with the IMP, which notes that parking management should be aligned with the goal of shifting more trips to active transportation, transit and car-sharing, while supporting growth in the Regional Centre. Effectively managing the supply of parking can help to influence travel habits and improved parking efficiency can reduce the amount of space needed for parking. As an initial phase of detailed design, a Parking Loss Mitigation Plan will be carried out in consultation with local Gottingen Street businesses to help ensure that adequate short-duration parking is provided for this important commercial area.

Following approval of the MFTP and securement of funding support from the Public Transit Infrastructure Fund (PTIF), a consultant was retained in May 2017 to complete a functional design study for transit priority corridors on Bayers Road and Gottingen Street. Multiple design options were completed for each corridor, representing a range of investment scenarios. The design options were evaluated based on various criteria that considered the potential to improve transit operation, multimodal impacts (walking, bicycling, traffic), curbside impacts (parking, loading), implementation cost, and the feedback received from stakeholders and the public. Analysis was also completed to relate capital / operational costs to operational benefits and develop an understanding of the cost-effectiveness of each option.

Based on the findings of the functional design study, this report recommends that both the Bayers Road and Gottingen Street transit priority corridors be advanced to the detailed design stage. The recommended configuration for Gottingen Street includes a continuous northbound transit lane between Cogswell Street and North Street. The recommended configuration for Bayers Road includes continuous dedicated transit lanes in both directions between Romans Avenue and Windsor Street. These recommendations, which will provide considerable improvements for transit service, are in accordance with the objectives of the MFTP and the IMP.

With approval of the recommendations in this report, the proposed transit priority corridors will move to the detailed design stage, which will provide further opportunity to refine the details of the corridor configuration and develop a comprehensive understanding of the implications of constructing the corridors. It is anticipated that detailed design will be completed using a combination of HRM staff resources and an external consultant, and will involve public and stakeholder engagement. Upon completion of the detailed design process, implementation will be subject to budget availability and approval of construction tenders by the CAO.

A projected implementation timeline has been developed for both the Gottingen Street and Bayers Road corridors. The recommended Gottingen Street transit priority corridor does not require property acquisition or significant construction works; therefore, it is anticipated that implementation can be completed during 2018. The recommended Bayers Road transit priority corridor configuration will require property acquisition and involves extensive construction works – it is possible that construction could be completed by 2020; however, there is potential that property acquisition could delay implementation beyond this timeframe.

BACKGROUND

The Halifax Transit *Moving Forward Together Plan* (MFTP), approved by Regional Council in April 2016, identifies Bayers Road and Gottingen Street as critical choke points for transit service into and out of downtown Halifax that require transit priority. To improve transit service on these corridors, the MFTP recommends investment in transit priority measures (TPMs) that provide priority to the movement of buses over general traffic.

In February 2017, Regional Council directed staff to enter into a contribution agreement with the federal government, under the Public Transit Infrastructure Fund (PTIF), for a project to study and design 'Transit Priority Corridors' on Bayers Road and Gottingen Street. The total project budget is \$250,000, the cost of which is being shared evenly between the municipality and federal government. The project, CM000014 Transit Priority Measures Corridor Study, is to be completed in two phases: a functional design study that identifies and evaluates design alternatives (Phase 1), followed by detailed design based on the preferred design options for the two corridors (Phase 2).

In May 2017, RFP 17-303 was awarded to WSP Canada Inc. (contract value \$133,664) to prepare functional designs for 'transit priority corridors' on Gottingen Street (North Street to Cogswell Street) and Bayers Road (Romans Avenue to Windsor Street), with the option to undertake the design of two further corridors pending direction from Regional Council through the Integrated Mobility Plan (IMP).

On December 5, 2017, Regional Council approved the IMP, which includes direction to prioritize the delivery of transit priority corridors on Bayers Road, Gottingen Street, Robie Street, and Young Street.

This report represents the conclusion of Phase 1 of this project.

Gottingen Street:

Gottingen Street is an arterial road that runs north-south between downtown Halifax and the north end of the Halifax peninsula. It has a diverse mixture of land uses, and recent, ongoing, and planned development projects are rapidly increasing the density of residential and commercial uses on the street. A key roadway linking downtown to the Macdonald Bridge and points further north, Gottingen Street has daily traffic volumes exceeding 8,500 vehicles per day. There is limited available right-of-way on Gottingen Street, and physical widening of the street or right-of-way is not a viable alternative.

Transit on Gottingen Street

There are currently 18 Halifax Transit routes that travel on Gottingen Street, totalling 79 buses per hour (2way) during the peak hour. Planned changes in the MFTP will increase the number of buses using Gottingen Street to a total of 90 during the peak hour. Some routes along Gottingen Street provide limited stops, and two routes do not stop at all between Cogswell Street and North Street. Transit service on Gottingen Street is hindered by traffic congestion during peak periods, as well as by the need for buses to manoeuvre around vehicles stopped or parked in the curb lanes throughout the day. The relatively narrow street width makes these manoeuvres particularly challenging, and transit vehicles are delayed an average of 5-6 minutes in the northbound direction during the afternoon peak hour. These delays can be significantly higher when incident-related traffic congestion occurs.

Bayers Road

Bayers Road is an arterial road that runs east-west between Joseph Howe Drive and Windsor Street. It is characterized mostly by single family homes, and there are also several commercial properties found along the length of the corridor including the Halifax Shopping Centre. A key link in the regional roadway network, Bayers Road accommodates more than 40,000 vehicles per day. Traffic congestion is prevalent during peak periods, often resulting in significant delays.

The 2014 *Regional Municipal Planning Strategy* identifies expansion of the Bayers Road corridor for mixed traffic as a planned project to occur in conjunction with expansion of Highway 102 (Hammonds Plains Road to Bayers Road) by the Province. Specifically, this includes widening from four lanes to six lanes west of Connaught Avenue and widening from three lanes to four lanes between Connaught Avenue and Windsor Street. Though the corridor expansion has not yet been programmed for implementation, for several years the Municipality has been making strategic property acquisitions along Bayers Road to preserve the corridor. At present, most of the properties on either side of the section of Bayers Road between Highway 102 and Connaught Avenue are owned by HRM.

Transit on Bayers Road

At present, seven Halifax Transit routes travel on Bayers Road, totalling more than 40 buses per hour (2way) during the peak hour. Planned changes in the MFTP will increase the number of buses using Bayers Road during the peak hour. Traffic congestion on Bayers Road has significant impacts to transit and reduces Halifax Transit's ability to provide a high quality, reliable service. Routes on Bayers Road regularly experience significant delays during peak periods – particularly during the afternoon – and at present, some trips on the Route 1 detour in the outbound direction on Roslyn Road to reduce delay.

Transit Priority Corridors

Bayers Road and Gottingen Street were identified as proposed transit priority corridors in the MFTP based on their importance for existing and planned transit operations, as well as the potential that they are expected to offer for providing priority to transit over general traffic. The type of transit priority proposed for the corridors was not identified in the Plan, recognizing that there are many factors that need to be considered in determining a preferred approach. The physical characteristics of the corridors, as well as how people use them, have a major influence on the type of transit priority measures that can be implemented.

Also, as is typical with any project that involves reconfiguration of an existing street, there are trade-offs that need to be considered. Where right-of-way expansion is necessary, impacts to private property and other infrastructure (e.g. water & sewer, power / communications lines, trees) may be required. Loss of traffic lanes and curb access used for on-street parking, loading, and stopping may also be necessary. These impacts are consistent with the IMP, which notes that parking management should be aligned with the goal of shifting more trips to active transportation, transit and car-sharing, while supporting growth in the Regional Centre. Effectively managing the supply of parking can help to influence travel habits and improved parking efficiency can reduce the amount of space needed for parking. As an initial phase of detailed design, a Parking Loss Mitigation Plan will be carried out in consultation with local Gottingen Street businesses to help ensure that adequate short-duration parking is provided for this important commercial area.

DISCUSSION

Following approval of the MFTP and securement of funding support from the Public Transit Infrastructure Fund (PTIF), Phase 1 of the project commenced after the selection of a consultant in May 2017 to complete a functional design study for the corridors. The primary objective of Phase 1 of the project was to investigate transit priority options and develop functional designs for transit priority corridors for Gottingen Street and Bayers Road. The scope of the consultant's work included the following:

- Detailed investigation of existing conditions along each corridor and review of existing and projected multimodal transportation demands;
- Develop 2-3 conceptual design options representing a range of investment levels with input from the project steering committee and feedback from stakeholders;
- Public and stakeholder engagement related to the proposed design concepts;
- Identify any necessary property acquisition and utility relocation requirements for each option
- Evaluate multimodal level of service for the options that considers factors such as transit operational benefits, intersection performance impacts, parking / curb access, and road safety.

The consultant's findings and recommendations have been summarized in a design report appended to this report in **Attachment E**.

An overview of the Gottingen Street and Bayers Road corridors and the options considered for each are provided in **Attachment A** and **Attachment B**, respectively. The recommended options are summarized in the following sections:

Gottingen Street

Analysis Approach and Identification of Preferred Configuration

Options representing varying levels of investment (low, medium, and high) were considered for the proposed Gottingen Street transit priority corridor. A summary of the options that were considered is provided in **Attachment A** and further detailed in the consultant's report in **Attachment E**. The preferred configuration for the Gottingen Street transit priority corridor, as summarized in Table 1, includes a dedicated northbound transit lane. Further detail and functional design sketches are provided on Pages 5-7 (**Attachment C**).

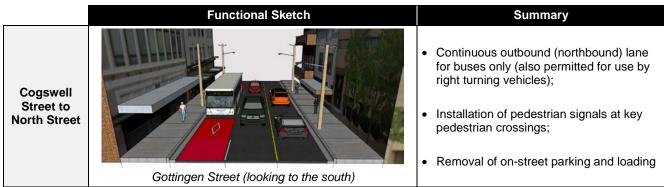


Table 1: Preferred Configuration Option – Gottingen Street Transit Priority Corridor

Summary of Impacts:

A summary of the impacts associated with the recommended transit priority corridor option for Gottingen Street is provided below:

• *Transit Service*: Significant transit improvement in the northbound direction. Buses avoid obstruction by parked cars and can bypass lengthy queues, reducing delay and improving reliability. It is estimated that these corridor-level transit priority measures will substantially reduce delay for northbound buses, benefiting approximately 1600 peak hour passengers over 56 trips.

During heavily congested periods, it is estimated that buses will experience significant reductions in delay – running times on Gottingen Street suggest that buses are regularly delayed by 5-6 minutes during the PM peak, and in some cases up to 15 minutes. The proposed transit priority corridor will enable buses to avoid these major delays, which will improve schedule adherence during congested periods and play an important role in making the service more attractive to users.

- Active Transportation: Minimal impacts. The addition of signalized crosswalks improves street crossing experience.
- Traffic Impacts: Slight improvement to traffic flow due to removal of on-street parking.
- Property Impacts: No impacts to private property.
- Parking / Loading: Removal of all on-street parking and loading on Gottingen Street (51 spaces). There may be potential to allow short-term parking or loading during overnight hours when buses are not running. A 'Parking Loss Mitigation Plan' will be included in the detailed design stage of the project. Work on the plan has already begun and will include further engagement with local businesses. The plan will determine actual parking demand and will identify areas where it can be accommodated in the immediate vicinity, including additional parking on side streets.

Summary of Stakeholder and Public Consultation Feedback:

The Gottingen Street concept options were presented to the public at an Open House on Monday, October 2nd, 2017, and a Shape Your City online consultation page was established. Feedback on the design options was obtained (via survey) from a total of 296 members of the public. Results are provided in **Attachment D**. The addition of transit priority on Gottingen Street was deemed favorable by more than 60% of survey respondents. Among the potential trade-offs associated with implementation of the presented options (parking / loading, traffic congestion, increased bus traffic, and implementation costs), the leading concerns were increased traffic congestion, loss of loading access, and increased bus traffic on the street. However, none of the trade-offs were deemed unacceptable by most respondents.

HRM consulted with representatives from the North End Business Association (NEBA) on July 26th, 2017, to introduce the project and develop an understanding of the priorities and concerns of the local business community. The NEBA is concerned about how the project may impact Gottingen Street businesses and raised the following items for consideration:

- The potential loss of on-street parking and loading on Gottingen Street and its perceived impact on the viability of local businesses: As noted above, the detailed design stage of the project will include a 'Parking Loss Mitigation Plan' that includes a parking utilization study for Gottingen Street and the surrounding streets. While it is likely that there will be some net loss of on-street parking, this is consistent with curbside priority direction provided by the IMP, which prioritizes transit lanes over on-street parking and acknowledges the importance of replacing lost on-street parking where possible. Loading spaces will continue to be accommodated.
- The volume of buses that use Gottingen Street (existing and planned), and its perceived detrimental impact on the public realm: The public realm on Gottingen Street benefits from the significant number of people that buses bring to the street; this is also true for the businesses. Added transit priority will enable buses to move through the corridor more efficiently, thereby reducing the amount of bus idling on Gottingen Street while in traffic.
- The lack of consideration of alternatives that would reduce transit routing on Gottingen Street, including modified route configurations that could use alternate streets such as Barrington Street and Brunswick Street to service buses accessing the Macdonald Bridge (bus access to the bridge via these streets is constrained by the current ramp configuration): At present, Dartmouth bound buses must use Gottingen Street to access the Macdonald Bridge. Due to geometry on the Barrington Street ramp to the Macdonald Bridge, transit vehicles are unable to use this access. The Municipality and the Bridge Commission continue to work closely to investigate viable options that would permit this movement in a way that is safe, and enables buses to travel to Dartmouth from Halifax via Barrington Street. Interventions may be limited to small changes to the geometry of some road markings, however it is possible that it could require larger changes to the bridge ramp, which may be extremely costly.

However, even if the Barrington Street ramp did provide access for Dartmouth bound buses to the bridge, transit priority is still warranted on Gottingen Street for the buses which would still serve the many residents and businesses on this important corridor. There is high passenger demand on Gottingen Street: and this area is very walkable and is characterized by businesses and services which attract transit passengers and pedestrians alike. If the Barrington Street ramp were to be accessible to transit vehicles, only routes that do not currently make stops on Gottingen Street would benefit.

Brunswick Street is not considered a candidate for routing transit vehicles at this time. This street is a local street between Cogswell Street and North Street with lower traffic volumes, and the character of the street is largely residential. It lacks the commercial usage that Gottingen Street has, and thus does not have the same trip demand, attractions, or destinations. It is not currently possible for any vehicles to access the Macdonald bridge from Brunswick Street. At best, with the necessary intersection modifications at North Street, Brunswick Street could only accommodate buses travelling to Dartmouth and would not eliminate the need for transit priority on Gottingen Street.

Bayers Road

Analysis Approach and Identification of Preferred Configuration

Bayers Road was analyzed based on three distinct sections: (i) Romans Avenue to Halifax Shopping Centre, (ii) Halifax Shopping Centre and Connaught Avenue, and (iii) Connaught Avenue to Windsor Street. Multiple options representing varying levels of investment (low, medium, and high) were considered for the configuration of the proposed transit priority corridors for each section of Bayers Road. A summary of the options that were considered is provided in **Attachment B** and further detailed in the consultant's report in **Attachment E**. The preferred configuration for each of the three sections of Bayers Road are summarized in Table 2. Further detail and functional design sketches are provided on Pages 1-4 (**Attachment C**).

	Functional Sketch	Summary
Romans Avenue to Halifax Shopping Centre	Bayers Road (looking to the east)	 Widen from existing 4-lane cross section to a 6-lane cross section; Add continuous eastbound and westbound dedicated bus lanes (also permitted for use by right turning vehicles); Add a multi-use pathway on the south side of Bayers Road; Most of required land has already been acquired by HRM, though more property acquisition will be required.
Halifax Shopping Centre to Connaught Avenue	Add One-way Connection Bayers Bayers Add De-way Connection Bayers Bus Lanes (typ.) Bayers Composition Connecti	 Left turns into Halifax Shopping Centre prohibited from Bayers Road, removing key source of congestion. Add new one-way driveway connection to the Halifax Shopping Centre across HRM-owned vacant parcel. New connection provides increased capacity for traffic entering the Halifax Shopping Centre. Further consultation with the Halifax Shopping Centre will be required. Add continuous eastbound and westbound dedicated bus lanes (also permitted for use by right turning vehicles);
Connaught Avenue to Windsor Street	Bayers Road (looking to the east)	 Widen from existing 3-lane cross section to a 4-lane cross section; Add continuous eastbound and westbound dedicated bus lanes (also permitted for use by right turning vehicles); Property acquisition will be required. Several properties are affected, though it is not anticipated that impacts will be extensive. Removal of onstreet parking and loading.

Table 2: Preferred Configuration Options – Bayers Road Transit Priority Corridor

Summary of Impacts:

A summary of the impacts associated with the recommended transit priority corridor option for Bayers Road is provided below:

- Transit Service: Significant transit improvement in both directions, as buses avoid the traffic congestion that frequently occurs during peak periods. For example, it is estimated that these corridor-level transit priority measures will substantially reduce delay for outbound buses during the PM peak running times on Bayers Road suggest that buses are regularly delayed by 13-14 minutes during the PM peak, and in some cases by up to 28 minutes (these improvements would benefit approximately 530 peak hour passengers, over 25 trips). The proposed transit priority corridor will enable buses to avoid these major delays, which will improve schedule adherence during congested periods and play an important role in making the service more attractive to users.
- Active Transportation: Multi-use path west of Connaught Avenue provides improved walking / cycling connection.
- *Traffic Impacts*: Slight improvement to traffic flow due to removal of buses from general traffic and decreased delay at the reconfigured Halifax Shopping Centre driveway intersection. The closely spaced intersections at Connaught Avenue and Bayers Road would benefit considerably from the intersection configuration, reducing confusion and operational challenges for all users.

- *Property Impacts*: Widening in constrained areas will require property acquisition. West of the Halifax Shopping Centre, most of required land has already been acquired by HRM, though more property acquisition will be required. East of Connaught Avenue, several properties may be affected, though the majority will not be significantly impacted (narrow strips of property frontage required).
- *Parking / Loading*: Loss of approximately 50 on-street parking spaces on Bayers Road between Connolly Street and Dublin Street.

Summary of Stakeholder and Public Consultation Feedback:

The Bayers Road corridor concept options were presented to the public at an Open House on Thursday, September 28th, and a Shape Your City online consultation page was established. Feedback on the design options was obtained (via survey) from a total of 488 members of the public. Results are provided in **Attachment D.** The addition of dedicated bus lanes on Bayers Road received a favorable response from more than 70% of respondents. Among the potential trade-offs associated with implementation of the presented options (property impacts, parking / loading, traffic congestion, increased bus traffic, and implementation costs), the potential for increased traffic congestion was the lone category that most respondents (54%) indicated was unacceptable.

HRM consulted with representatives from the Halifax Shopping Centre to review the concept options as they relate to the shopping centre driveway intersection. Based on preliminary feedback, Halifax Shopping Centre representatives have concerns about potential modifications to the existing access configuration, but indicated that they are open to further consultation as the project progresses.

Recommended Approach for the proposed Transit Priority Corridors:

It is recommended that both the Bayers Road and Gottingen Street Transit Priority Corridors be advanced to the detailed design stage. The recommended configuration for each corridor is described below:

<u>Gottingen Street:</u> Continuous northbound transit lane between Cogswell Street and North Street. Since the Gottingen Street options are quite scalable (most of the changes include modifications to signage, signals, and pavement markings and do not require land acquisition or have significant impacts to physical infrastructure), the recommended option could be modified relatively easily depending on how the facility operates and/or how its impacts to the street are perceived. Consideration could also be given to permitting on-street parking in the transit lane during specific periods with limited transit service such as overnight. Recommendations from the Parking Loss Mitigation Plan noted above will be included in the detailed design.

<u>Bayers Road:</u> Dedicated bus lanes (both directions) on Bayers Road between Romans Avenue and Windsor Street, and reconfiguration of the Halifax Shopping Centre intersection to include a new atgrade access leg via the HRM-owned vacant property at 6699 Bayers Road. During the detailed design process, further investigation should be completed to determine a preferred intersection configuration for the Halifax Shopping Centre driveway. Consultation with representatives from the Halifax Shopping Centre should also be continued during the design process.

Next Steps / Implementation Plan

At the February 21, 2017 meeting of Regional Council, Halifax Regional Council directed staff to provide an implementation plan for the Gottingen Street and Bayers Road corridors that allows consideration of the potential for construction during the 2019-20 fiscal year. The following describes the next steps that are anticipated to be required for implementation of both corridors.

Gottingen Street:

Based on Regional Council approval of the recommendations outlined in this report, an approximate implementation timeline is summarized in Table 3. Detailed design of the transit priority corridor will be completed by HRM staff. During detailed design, public and stakeholder engagement will be completed to provide opportunity for additional feedback on the design and related impacts.

Implementation of the recommended Gottingen Street transit priority corridor does not require property acquisition or significant construction works; therefore, it is anticipated that implementation can be completed during 2018.

	Task		2018								
	Idsk	J	F	Μ	Α	Μ	J	J	Α		
1.	Detailed Design ^{a b}										
2.	Construction Tendering										
3.	Award of Construction Tender ^c										
4. Construction											
Notes:											
a. Assumes Regional Council approval of staff recommendations in February 2018.											

b. Detailed design completed by HRM Planning & Development and Transportation & Public Works.

c. CAO award of construction tender will be subject to budget availability.

Bayers Road:

Based on Regional Council approval of the recommendations outlined in this report, an approximate implementation timeline is summarized in Table 4. Implementation of the Bayers Road transit priority corridor is significantly more complex than for Gottingen Street, and will require additional time, budget, and resources. Due to the anticipated need to acquire private property, there is also more schedule uncertainty.

A consultant will be retained to complete detailed design. During detailed design, public and stakeholder engagement will be completed to provide opportunity for additional feedback on the design and related impacts. Based on the detailed design, property acquisition requirements will be identified, and a construction budget estimate will be developed. The process of acquiring private property will have uncertain timelines that could delay the project. Award of a construction tender by the CAO will be required, subject to budget availability. Construction timelines are also uncertain, though it is expected that at least 3-4 months will be required.

Based on the estimated implementation timeline, it appears possible that construction of the proposed Bayers Road transit priority corridor can be completed by 2020. However, it is noted that certain elements of the implementation process – primarily property acquisition – do have the potential to delay the project to 2021 or beyond.

					-				-					
			2018				2019				2020			
	Task	Winter	Spring	Summer	Fall	Winter	Spring	Summer	Fall	Winter	Spring	Summer	Fall	
1.	Issue and Award RFP for Detailed Design ^a													
2.	Detailed Design ^b													
3.	Property Acquisition ^c													
4.	Construction Tendering													
5.	Award of Construction Tender ^d													
6. Construction ^e														
Notes:														

Table 4: Estimated Implementation Timeline - Bayers Road Transit Priority Corridor

a. Assumes Regional Council approval of staff recommendations in February 2018.

b. Detailed design completed by consultant.

c. Property acquisition requirements will be determined based on the detailed design. The process of acquiring private property has uncertain timelines, and may vary considerably depending on the amount of property required.

d. CAO award of construction tender will be subject to budget availability.

e. Construction timelines for this project are uncertain. Mitigation of construction-related impacts on traffic will likely be desired due to the significance of the Bayers Road corridor. It has been assumed that construction will commence during spring, coinciding with the start of the road construction season.

Robie Street / Young Street: As recommended in the IMP, transit priority corridors are also being investigated on Robie Street and Young Street. Staff are currently working with WSP Canada Inc. on a functional design study for the two corridors. The design process will include public engagement in February 2018. Upon completion of the functional design study, a recommendation report will be submitted to Regional Council seeking direction to proceed to detailed design for a recommended corridor configuration. This report will also describe an estimated timeline for implementation of these corridors, which may include phasing. It is anticipated that the report will be submitted to Regional Council in spring 2018.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

The evaluation of the corridor options considered both capital and operating costs relative to operational benefits in identifying a preferred, cost-effective approach. The detailed design for Bayers Road will be funded from CM000014 Transit Priority Measures Corridor Study, the cost of which is estimated to be within the balance of \$116,336 available in the project account. The Bayers Road detailed design is funded through the Public Transit Infrastructure Fund (PTIF), which provides up to 50% of the project costs. The detailed design work for Gottingen Street will be undertaken by HRM staff resources at no additional cost to the Municipality.

Budget Summary:	Project Account No. CM000014 Trans	sit Priority Measures Corridor Study
	Cumulative Unspent Budget	\$ 116,336
	Less: estimated detailed design cost	<u>\$(116,336)</u>
	Balance	\$ 0

The Gottingen Street transit priority corridor construction work – estimated at approximately \$250,000, but subject to detailed design - will be funded from project account CM000009, Transit Priority Measures, pending the approval of the 2018/19 capital budget.

Budget Summary:	Project Account No. CM000009	Transit Priority Measures
	Cumulative Unspent Budget	\$392,390

Cumulative Onspent Budget	JJ92,J90
Anticipated 2018/19 Budget	\$350,000
Less: estimated construction cost	<u>\$(250,000)</u>
Balance	\$492,390

Construction of the recommended Bayers Road transit priority corridor is not budgeted at this time – the preliminary Class D cost estimate for construction, excluding property acquisition, is \$4.8 million – but the design will allow tender/construction to proceed when the funding opportunity/decision occurs.

RISK CONSIDERATION

There are no significant risks associated with the recommendations of this report. The risks considered rate low.

COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

Stakeholder and public consultation was completed to develop an understanding of the key issues on each corridor and solicit feedback on the presented concept designs.

- Stakeholder consultation sessions were held with the following groups:
 - North End Business Association
 - Halifax Shopping Centre (20Vic Management)
 - Halifax Cycling Coalition
 - It's More Than Buses
 - Walk & Roll
 - Canadian National Institute for the Blind (CNIB)
 - Dalhousie Transportation Collaboratory (DalTrac)

The information obtained from these groups was considered during the development of the design options, and incorporated into the options evaluation process.

- Public open consultation sessions were held for each of the Gottingen Street and Bayers Road corridors:
 - Bayers Road: Thursday, September 28th Maritime Hall
 - Gottingen Street: Monday, October 2nd George Dixon Centre

In addition, a Shape Your City online engagement portal was established for each corridor. Feedback was collected via in-person comments, a paper feedback survey, and an online survey (there were a total of 488 respondents for the Bayers Road survey, and 296 respondents for the Gottingen Street survey). The information obtained from public consultation was used to develop an understanding of priorities on each corridor and evaluate public response to the design options. Survey results are summarized in **Attachment D**.

Further engagement with Gottingen Street businesses, relative to on-street parking and loading impacts and the Halifax Shopping Centre, relative to its intersection at Bayers Road, will continue for both projects as they proceed through the detailed design process.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPLICATIONS

This project is supportive of the Council Priority Outcome of building Healthy, Livable communities, as it aims to make it more convenient for residents to choose sustainable transportation options for everyday transportation purposes. This is reflected in the enhancements for transit, but also the improvements for

pedestrians and cyclists.

ALTERNATIVES

The Transportation Standing Committee may recommend to Regional Council that some or all of the recommendations not be approved or be modified. Alternatives for each of the Gottingen Street and Bayers Road and corridors are presented below:

Gottingen Street:

- 1. The Committee may recommend that Regional Council direct staff to introduce a 12-month pilot of a northbound transit lane on Gottingen Street in order to observe and monitor the impacts it may have on transit service reliability as well as local businesses and residents. This alternative is not recommended, as the transit benefits of the proposed measures are well understood at this time, and more than 60% of consultation survey respondents showed support for the measures.
- 2. The Committee may recommend that Regional Council direct staff to proceed to detailed design of intermittent transit priority measures in the northbound direction. This alternative is not recommended; while it does provide transit priority benefits, the overall transit benefit is considerably less than the continuous priority included in the high investment option, and the additional cost is only marginally lower.
- 3. The Committee may recommend that Regional Council direct staff to implement peak period parking / loading restrictions <u>or</u> recommend that no changes be made to the Gottingen Street corridor. These alternatives are not recommended, as they do not provide transit priority benefits contemplated by the MFTP and IMP.

Bayers Road:

- The Committee may recommend that Regional Council direct staff to proceed to detailed design of dedicated bus lanes (both directions) on Bayers Road <u>without</u> reconfiguration to the Halifax Shopping Centre intersection. This alternative is not recommended, as it is not expected that effective transit priority can be provided through the section between Halifax Shopping Centre and Connaught Avenue under the existing intersection configuration.
- 2. The Committee may recommend that Regional Council direct staff to proceed to detailed design of a dedicated westbound bus lane on Bayers Road between Romans Avenue and Windsor Street. This alternative is not recommended, since it provides transit priority only in the outbound direction and does not achieve the benefits contemplated by the MFTP and IMP.
- 3. The Committee may recommend that Regional Council make no changes to the Bayers Road corridor. This alternative is not recommended, as it does not achieve the benefits contemplated by the MFTP and IMP.

ATTACHMENTS

Attachment A: Gottingen Street Summary and Design Options Overview

Attachment B: Bayers Road Summary and Design Options Overview

Attachment C: Functional Design Drawings

Attachment D: Community Consultation Results Summary

Attachment E: Halifax Transit Priority Corridors: Gottingen Street and Bayers Road (WSP, November 2017)

A copy of this report can be obtained online at <u>halifax.ca</u> or by contacting the Office of the Municipal Clerk at 902.490.4210.

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Report Approved by:	Peter Duncan, Manager Infrastructure Planning, Planning & Development, 902.490.5449



The Gottingen Street corridor was investigated between North Street and Cogswell Street (See Figure 1).

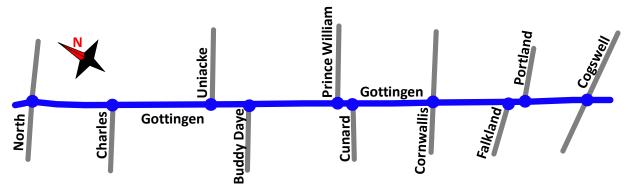


Figure 1: Gottingen Street Corridor

Table 1: Existing Conditions – Gottingen Street Corridor				
Key arterial street that provides a north-south connection between downtown Ha and the bridge, as well as the north end and beyond				
Vehicle Traffic Two lanes south of Uniacke Street				
	Three lanes (2 northbound, 1 southbound) between Uniacke Street and North Street			
<i>Walking:</i> An urban street with a diverse mixture of land uses, Gottingen Street busy pedestrian area. There are sidewalks on both sides of the street, th sidewalk width and separation from traffic lanes are limited by the narrow avar right-of-way.				
	<i>Cycling:</i> Gottingen Street does not have any current or planned bicycle facilities. With a relatively narrow cross section and extensive transit service, it is not considered an ideal cycling route.			
The Gottingen Street Corridor is served by the following routes at peak: 1, 7, 7 21, 31, 33, 34, 41, 53, 59, 61, 68, 86, 159, 320, 330, and 370. This is a total or approximately 79 trips at in the peak hour.				
Transit	The biggest impediment to bus operation on Gottingen Street is interaction with vehicles parked or stopped along the curb, which requires buses to awkwardly manoeuvre to get by them. The narrow curb-to-curb width exacerbates the challenges, often disrupting the flow of traffic in both directions.			
Property Ownership Available right-of-way along Gottingen Street is very limited. The typical curb-to- width is 10m, and building setbacks on both sides are typically very tight. It is expected that property acquisition for the purposes of widening to expand the sis a viable approach.				
Adjacent Land Uses	Diverse mix of residential and commercial			
Parking and Loading	There are approximately 51 on-street parking spaces on Gottingen Street between Cogswell Street and Uniacke Street, all of which are time-limited (peak period, peak direction parking is restricted).			
	Loading activities are completed from the existing parking spaces, in addition to one designated loading zone and any other locations not designated as 'No Stopping'.			

The design options presented in Table 2, which represent varying levels of investment, were developed for Gottingen Street. Functional design drawings, along with an overview of the implications (transit improvements and impacts to traffic, parking, and adjacent land uses), advantages, and disadvantages for the options for each section are provided on Pages 5 to 7, Attachment C.

Table 2: Design Options – Gottingen Street Corridor				
	Description	Summary of Impacts		
Low Investment: Peak Period Parking / Stopping Restrictions	 No explicit transit priority measures Parking and stopping restricted on both sides of the street during AM and PM peak periods 	 <u>Transit Service</u>: Does not provide priority for buses over general traffic, though transit delays may improve due to improvements to general traffic flow <u>Walking</u>: No impact. <u>Bicycling</u>: Minimal impact. Fewer conflicts with parked vehicles. <u>Traffic Impacts</u>: Improved traffic flow during AM and PM peak periods. <u>Property Impacts</u>: No impact. <u>Parking / Loading</u>: Removal of all on- street parking and loading on Gottingen Street during peak periods only. 		
Medium Investment: Intermittent Outbound Transit Priority Measures	 Installation of transit queue jump lanes at key locations; Installation of pedestrian half signals at key pedestrian crossings; 	 <u>Transit Service</u>: Transit priority at key locations provide moderate service improvement. <u>Walking</u>: Minimal impact. The addition of signalized crosswalks improves street crossing experience. <u>Bicycling</u>: Minimal impact. Fewer conflicts with parked vehicles. <u>Traffic Impacts</u>: Improved traffic flow during AM and PM peak periods. <u>Property Impacts</u>: No impact. <u>Parking / Loading</u>: Removal of all onstreet parking and loading on Gottingen Street during peak periods only. 		
High Investment: Continuous Outbound Transit Priority Lane	 Continuous outbound (northbound) lane for buses only (also permitted for use by right turning vehicles); Installation of pedestrian half signals at key pedestrian crossings; 	 <u>Transit Service</u>: Continuous bus lane and transit priority lane provides significant service improvement. <u>Walking</u>: Minimal impact. The addition of signalized crosswalks improves street crossing experience. <u>Bicycling</u>: Minimal impact. Fewer conflicts with parked vehicles. <u>Traffic Impacts</u>: Improved traffic flow during AM and PM peak periods. <u>Property Impacts</u>: No impact. <u>Parking / Loading</u>: Full-time removal of all on-street parking and loading on Gottingen Street 		

Attachment B: Bayers Road Summary and Options Overview

Bayers Road

Due to the varying widths and conditions found along the Bayers Road corridor, for the purposes of this investigation it has been separated into the following three distinct sections (illustrated in Figure 1).

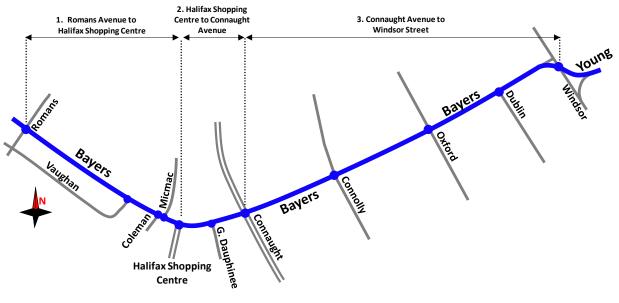


Figure 1: Bayers Road Corridor

Table 1 summarizes existing conditions for the three sections of Bayers Road related to vehicular traffic, active transportation, transit, property ownership, adjacent land uses, and parking / loading.

	Table 1. Existing Conditions – Dayers Road Connucl					
	Vehicle Traffic	Pedestrians / Cyclists	Transit	Property Ownership	Adjacent Land Uses	Parking and Loading
Romans Avenue to Halifax Shopping Centre	Four lanes (2 lanes each direction) separated by a median Heavy traffic volumes and high delays during AM / PM peak periods	environment due to heavy traffic volumes and a lack of separation between the sidewalk and traffic lanes, which reduces comfort for pedestrians. <i>Cycling:</i> Not currently an ideal cycling route due to heavy traffic volumes and lack of dedicated space for bicycles. The 2014-19 <i>Active Transportation Priorities</i> <i>Plan</i> envisions a multi-use path connection on the south side of Bayers Road between Vaughan Avenue and George Dauphinee Avenue, which would bypass Bayers Road. However, HRM Active Transportation Staff have expressed interest in the potential to integrate a multi-use path extending west of Vaughan Avenue on Bayers Road if right-of-	Used by routes 2, 17, 80, 81, 2, and 330 Currently 20-25 buses (2-way) per hour in the PM peak	HRM owns majority of property on both sides of the street due to long-term corridor preservation efforts.	Residential	
Halifax Shopping Centre to Connaught Avenue	 5-6 lanes (including turn lanes to Halifax Shopping Centre) Short separation (approx. 100m) between Shopping Centre intersection and Connaught Avenue results in spillback of queues, causing congestion. Interaction of queues between intersections complicates access to local land uses including Halifax Shopping Centre. 		Used by routes 1, 29, 17, 80, 81, 2, and 330 Currently 30-35 buses (2-way) per hour in the PM peak	HRM owns the parcel on the northwest corner of the Bayers Road – Connaught Avenue intersection	Primarily commercial	No existing designated on- street parking or loading areas
Connaught Avenue to Windsor Street	Three lanes (2 westbound, 1 eastbound) Heavy traffic volumes and high delays during AM / PM peak periods	<i>Walking</i> : Existing sidewalks and separation from traffic provide good walking environment. <i>Cycling</i> : Not currently an ideal cycling route due to heavy traffic volumes and lack of dedicated space for bicycles.	Used by routes 1, 17, 80, 81, and 330 Currently 25-30 buses (2-way) per hour in the PM peak	Private	Primarily residential with some commercial	On-street parking is limited to the section between Connolly Street and Dublin Street, most of which has time restrictions.

Table 1: Existing Conditions – Bayers Road Corridor

The design options considered for the section of Bayers Road between Romans Avenue and the Halifax Shopping Centre are summarized in Table 2. Further detail and functional design sketches are provided on Page 1 (Attachment C).

	Description	Summary of Impacts
Medium Investment: Reversible Peak Direction Transit Lane	 Add a reversible dedicated bus lane (also permitted for use by right turning vehicles) that serves eastbound buses before noon and westbound buses after noon; Requires reversible lane signage and pavement markings, similar to Chebucto Road. Installation of a multi-use pathway on the south side of Bayers Road; 	 <u>Transit Service</u>: Significant transit improvement in the peak direction. Buses can bypass congestion, reducing delay and improving reliability. <u>Walking</u>: Multi-use path provides increased separation between pedestrians and vehicular traffic. <u>Bicycling</u>: Multi-use path provides high quality cycling connection, makes an important connection in AT Priorities Plan. <u>Traffic Impacts</u>: Slight improvement to traffic flow due to removal of buses from general traffic. <u>Property Impacts</u>: Requires the acquisition of a limited amount of property on the south side of Bayers Road. <u>Parking / Loading</u>: No impact.
High Investment: Continuous Eastbound and Westbound Transit Lanes	 Add continuous eastbound and westbound dedicated bus lanes (also permitted for use by right turning vehicles); Installation of a multi-use pathway on the south side of Bayers Road; 	 <u>Transit Service</u>: Significant transit improvement in the both directions. Buses can bypass lengthy queues, reducing delay and improving reliability. <u>Walking</u>: Multi-use path provides increased separation between pedestrians and vehicular traffic. <u>Bicycling</u>: Multi-use path provides high quality cycling connection, makes an important connection in AT Priorities Plan. <u>Traffic Impacts</u>: Slight improvement to traffic flow due to removal of buses from general traffic. <u>Property Impacts</u>: Requires the acquisition of property on the south side of Bayers Road. Marginally more property is required that for the medium investment option. <u>Parking / Loading</u>: No impact.



The design options considered for the section of Bayers Road between the Halifax Shopping Centre and Connaught Avenue are summarized in Table 3. Further detail and functional design sketches are provided on Page 2 (Attachment C).

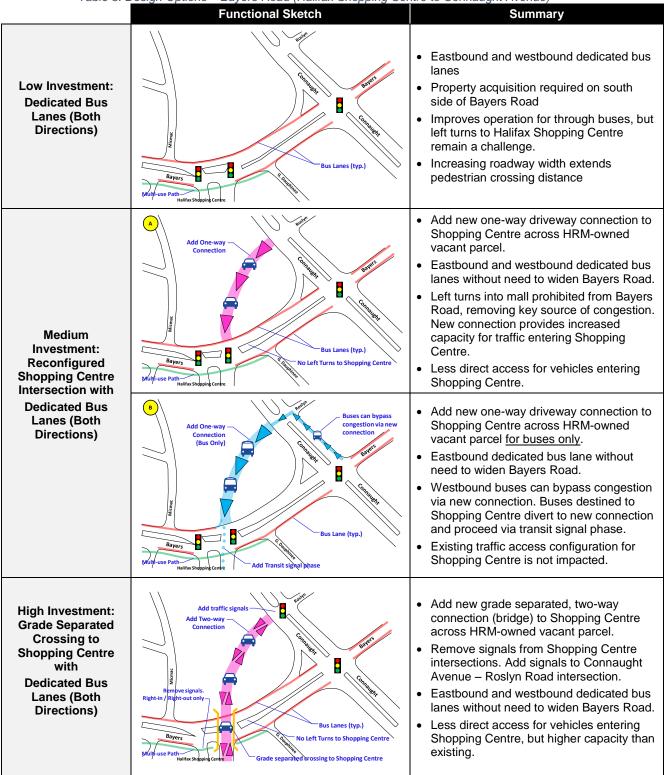
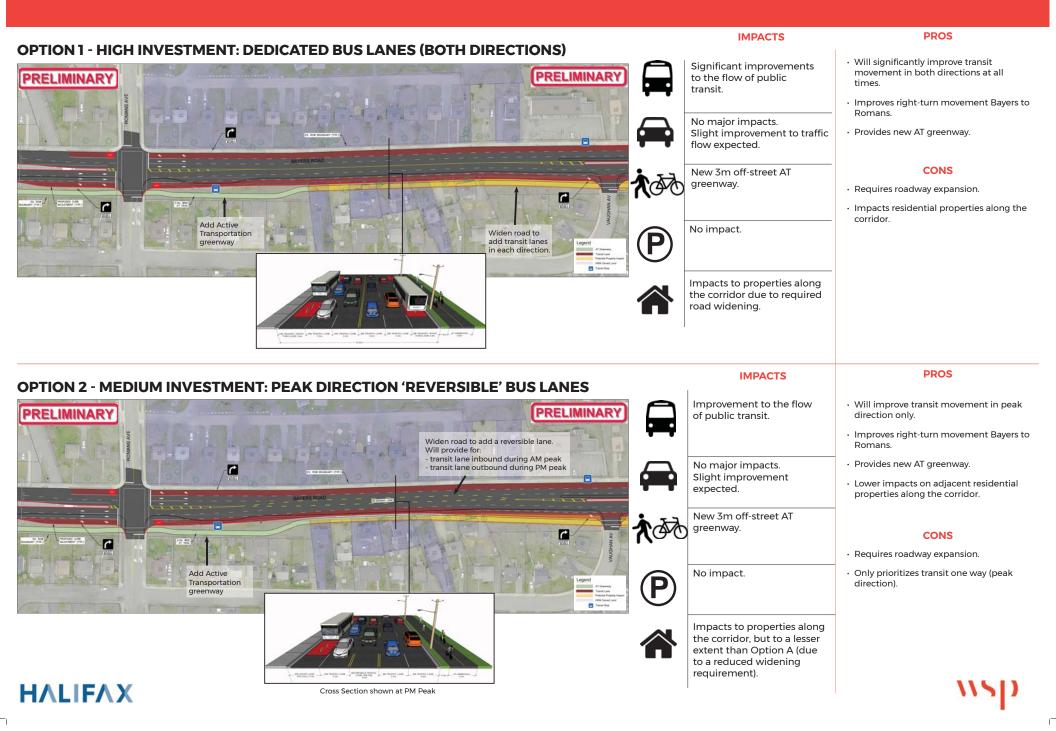


Table 3: Design Options – Bayers Road (Halifax Shopping Centre to Connaught Avenue)

The design options considered for the section of Bayers Road between Connaught Avenue and Windsor Street are summarized in Table 4. Further detail and functional design sketches are provided on Pages 3-4 (Attachment C).

	Table 4: Design Options – Bayers Road (Connaught Ave	nue to Windsor Street)
	Description	Summary of Impacts
Low Investment: Westbound Transit Lane	 Continuous westbound dedicated bus lane (also permitted for use by right turning vehicles); 	 <u>Transit Service</u>: Significant transit improvement in the westbound direction. Buses can bypass lengthy queues, reducing delay and improving reliability. <u>Walking</u>: No impact. <u>Bicycling</u>: No impact. <u>Traffic Impacts</u>: Loss of one westbound traffic lane; removal of buses from general westbound traffic flow <u>Property Impacts</u>: No Impact. <u>Parking / Loading</u>: Modified parking restrictions.
Medium Investment: Reversible Peak Direction Transit Lane	 Reversible dedicated bus lane (also permitted for use by right turning vehicles) that serves eastbound buses before noon and westbound buses after noon; Requires reversible lane signage and pavement markings, similar to Chebucto Road. 	 <u>Transit Service</u>: Significant transit improvement in the peak direction. Buses can bypass lengthy queues, reducing delay and improving reliability. <u>Walking</u>: No impact. <u>Bicycling</u>: No impact. <u>Traffic Impacts</u>: Slight improvement to traffic flow in the peak direction due to removal of buses from general traffic. <u>Property Impacts</u>: Requires minimal property acquisition, primarily on the south side of Bayers Road. <u>Parking / Loading</u>: Loss of on-street parking between Connolly Street and Dublin Street.
High Investment: Continuous Eastbound and Westbound Transit Lanes	 Continuous eastbound and westbound dedicated bus lanes (also permitted for use by right turning vehicles); 	 <u>Transit Service</u>: Significant transit improvement in the both directions. Buses can bypass lengthy queues, reducing delay and improving reliability. <u>Walking</u>: No impact. <u>Bicycling</u>: No impact. <u>Traffic Impacts</u>: Slight improvement to traffic flow due to removal of buses from general traffic. <u>Property Impacts</u>: Requires property acquisition, primarily on the south side of Bayers Road. <u>Parking / Loading</u>: Loss of on-street parking between Connolly Street and Dublin Street.

BAYERS RD. - ROMANS AVE. TO HALIFAX SHOPPING CENTRE



BAYERS RD. - HALIFAX SHOPPING CENTRE TO CONNAUGHT AVE.





OPTION 2 - MEDIUM INVESTMENT: MODIFIED HALIFAX SHOPPING CENTRE DRIVEWAY (REALIGNED INTERSECTION) AND DEDICATED BUS LANES (BOTH DIRECTIONS)



OPTION 3 - LOW INVESTMENT: DEDICATED BUS LANES (BOTH DIRECTIONS)



IMPACTS

Properties will be impacted to

allow for roadway adjustments.

IMPACTS

Significant improvements to the

Significant improvement of

traffic flow with removal of HSC

New 3m off-street AT greenway. Grade separated crossing of

Properties will be impacted to allow for roadway adjustments.

IMPACTS

Significant improvements to the

Improvement of traffic flow with

New 3m off-street AT greenway.

intersection re-alignment.

flow of public transit.

No impact.

flow of public transit.

signals.

. Bayers Road.

No impact.

P

D

Moderate improvements to the flow of public transit.

No major impacts to traffic flow. Slight improvement expected.

New 3m off-street AT greenway.

No impact.

Slight impacts to properties with AT trail.

PROS

- Will significantly improve transit movement via transit lanes.
- Reduces merging conflicts into Halifax
 Shopping Centre.
- Alleviates queuing impacts by removing signal at HSC.
- Provides new Active Transportation
 greenway.

CONS

- High level of investment (cost).
- · High level of impact to adjacent properties.
- Prolonged disruption during construction.

PROS

- Will significantly improve transit movement via transit lanes.
- Reduces merging conflicts into HSC.
 Eases through-moving traffic between
- Connaught and HSC.
- Provides new AT greenway.

CONS

- Maintains close signal spacing along Bayers Road.
- Moderate level of impact to adjacent properties.

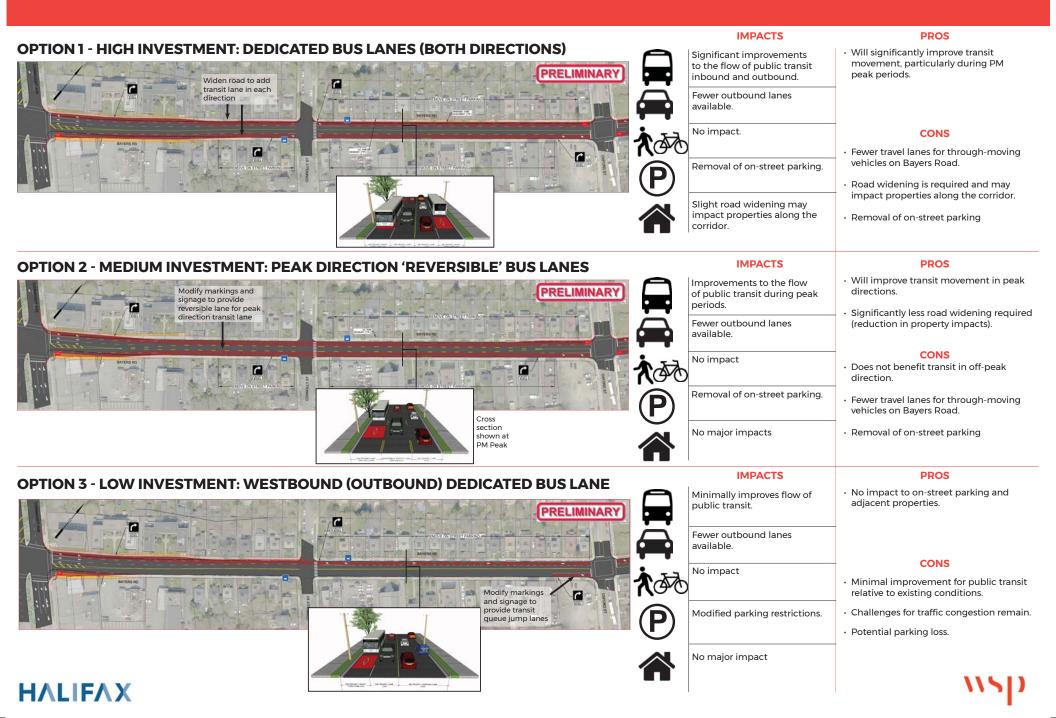
PROS

- Will move public transit more effectively than what is currently in place.
- Provides new AT greenway.
- Reduced impacts to adjacent properties.

CONS

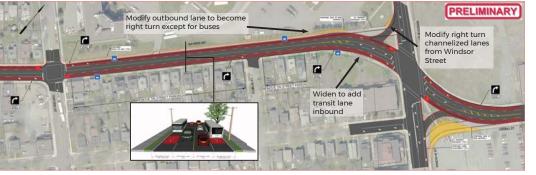
 Does not improve transit operations at Connaught Ave. in the outbound direction.
 Will not address queuing and merging issues caused by closely spaced intersections.

BAYERS RD. - CONNAUGHT AVE. TO OXFORD ST.



BAYERS RD. - OXFORD ST. TO WINDSOR ST.

OPTION 1 - HIGH INVESTMENT: DEDICATED BUS LANES (BOTH DIRECTIONS)



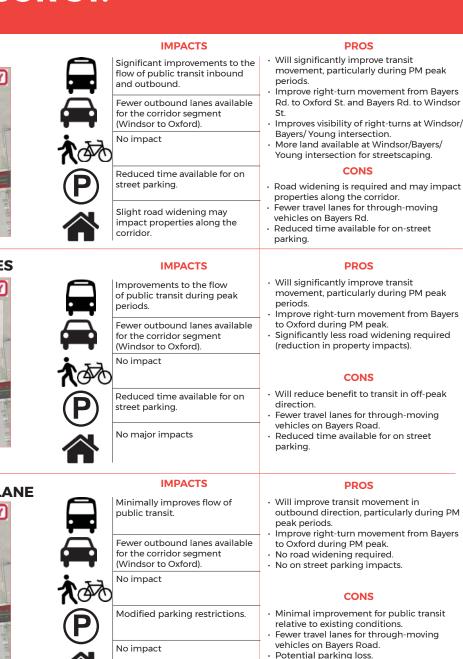
OPTION 2 - MEDIUM INVESTMENT: PEAK DIRECTION 'REVERSIBLE' BUS LANES



OPTION 3 - LOW INVESTMENT: WESTBOUND (OUTBOUND) DEDICATED BUS LANE

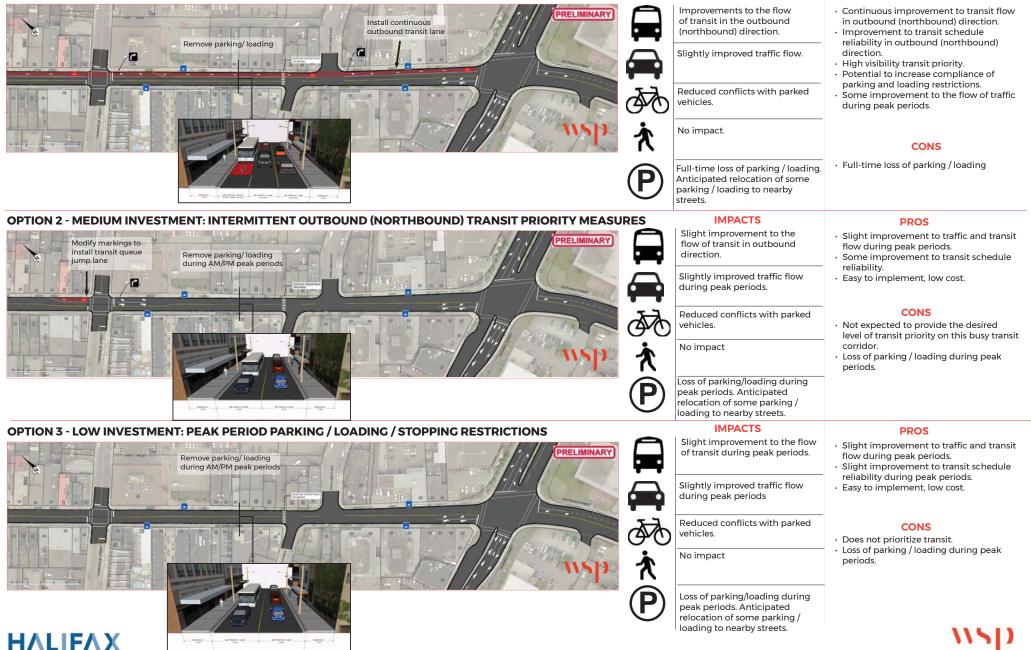


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GOTTINGEN ST. - CORNWALLIS ST. TO COGSWELL ST.

OPTION 1 - HIGH INVESTMENT: CONTINUOUS OUTBOUND (NORTHBOUND) TRANSIT PRIORITY LANE



IMPACTS

PROS

GOTTINGEN ST. - UNIACKE ST. TO CORNWALLIS ST.

IMPACTS PROS **OPTION 1 - HIGH INVESTMENT: CONTINUOUS OUTBOUND (NORTHBOUND) TRANSIT PRIORITY LANE** Improvements to the flow · Continuous improvement to transit flow PRELIMINARY of transit in the outbound in outbound (northbound) direction. Remove parking/loading Install continuous outbound (northbound) (northbound) direction. · Improvement to transit schedule transit lane reliability in outbound direction. Slightly improved traffic flow. High visibility transit priority. Potential to increase compliance of parking and loading restrictions. Signalized crosswalk will provide a Reduced conflict with parked AA higher visible crossing for pedestrians. vehicles. Some improvement to the flow of traffic during peak periods. Added signalized crossings of Gottingen St. at Cunard St. and CONS Uniacke St. Full-time Loss of parking / loading Full-time loss of parking / loading P Anticipated relocation of some parking / loading to nearby streets - Contract. A Report Long _____ and Report Long _____ in Property Long _____ **IMPACTS** PROS **OPTION 2 - MEDIUM INVESTMENT: INTERMITTENT OUTBOUND (NORTHBOUND) TRANSIT PRIORITY MEASURES** Slight improvement to the Slight improvement to traffic and transit PRELIMINARY flow of transit in outbound flow during peak periods. Modify markings to Remove parking/loading install transit queue direction. · Some improvement to transit schedule during AM/PM peak periods iump lane reliability. Slightly improved traffic flow · Easy to implement, low cost. during peak periods. CONS Reduced conflict with parked 47 • Not expected to provide the desired vehicles. level of transit priority on this busy transit corridor. No impact Loss of parking / loading during peak periods. Loss of parking/loading during Ρ peak periods. Anticipated . manage relocation of some parking / loading to nearby streets. PROS **OPTION 3 - LOW INVESTMENT: PEAK PERIOD PARKING / LOADING / STOPPING RESTRICTIONS IMPACTS** Slight improvement to the flow Slight improvement to traffic and transit 500 PP 1 of transit during peak periods. flow during peak periods. PRELIMINARY · Slight improvement to transit schedule Remove parking/loading reliability during peak periods. during AM/PM peak periods Slightly improved traffic flow. Easy to implement, low cost. \$ Reduced conflicts with parked CONS vehicles. Does not prioritize transit · Loss of parking / loading during peak No impact periods Т P Loss of parking/loading during peak periods. Anticipated relocation of some parking / loading to nearby streets. ΗΛLIFΛ Χ

GOTTINGEN ST. - NORTH ST. TO UNIACKE ST.

OPTION 1 - HIGH INVESTMENT: CONTINUOUS OUTBOUND (NORTHBOUND) TRANSIT PRIORITY LANE

ΗΛLIFΛ Χ

· Continuous improvement to transit flow Improvements to the flow in outbound (northbound) direction. of transit in the outbound PRELIMINARY Improvement to transit schedule (northbound) direction. Remove loading Install continuous reliability in outbound direction. outbound (northbound) · High visibility transit priority. transit lane Impacts right-turn movement Signalized crosswalk will provide a toward Macdonald Bridge. higher visible crossing for pedestrians. C Reduced conflict with parked 3A vehicles. CONS Added signalized crossings of Full-time Loss of loading. ₳ Gottingen St. at Uniacke St. Full-time loss of parking / loading. P Anticipated relocation of some parking / loading to nearby streets. **OPTION 2 - MEDIUM INVESTMENT: INTERMITTENT OUTBOUND (NORTHBOUND) TRANSIT PRIORITY MEASURES IMPACTS** PROS Slight improvement to the Slight improvement to traffic and transit PRELIMINARY flow of transit in outbound Modify markings to flow during peak periods. (northbound) directions. install transit queue Some improvement to transit schedule Remove loading during iump lane AM/PM peak periods reliability. Impacts right-turn movement Easy to implement, low cost toward Macdonald Bridge. · Signalized crosswalk will provide a higher visible crossing for pedestrians. No impact. 4 CONS Not expected to provide the desired Added signalized crossings of level of transit priority on this busy transit ₳ Gottingen St. at Uniacke St. corridor · Loss of loading during peak periods. No parking on section modified P to no stopping during peak periods. **OPTION 3 - LOW INVESTMENT: PEAK PERIOD PARKING / LOADING / STOPPING RESTRICTIONS IMPACTS** PROS No major impact to this section Easy to implement, low cost. of Gottingen Street. PRELIMINARY Remove loading during No major impact. AM/PM peak periods No impact. 3A CONS · Does not prioritize transit. · Loss of loading during peak periods. No impact. ጽ P No parking on section modified to no stopping during peak

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IMPACTS

periods.

PROS

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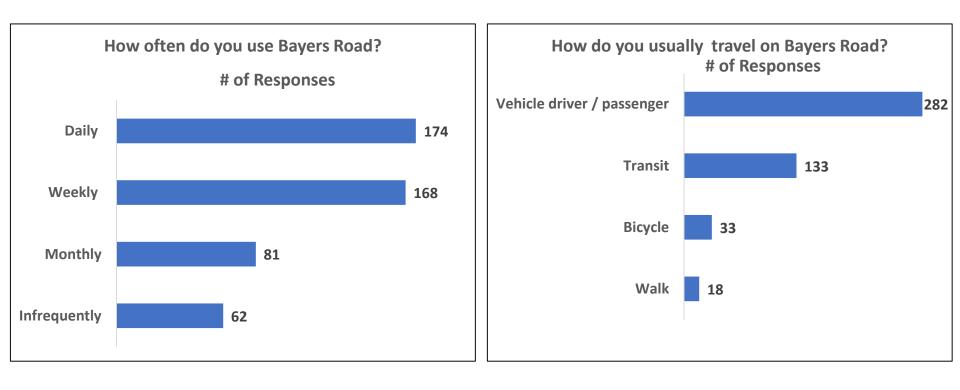
Bayers Road / Gottingen Street Transit Priority Corridors

Public Feedback Survey Summary

October-19-17

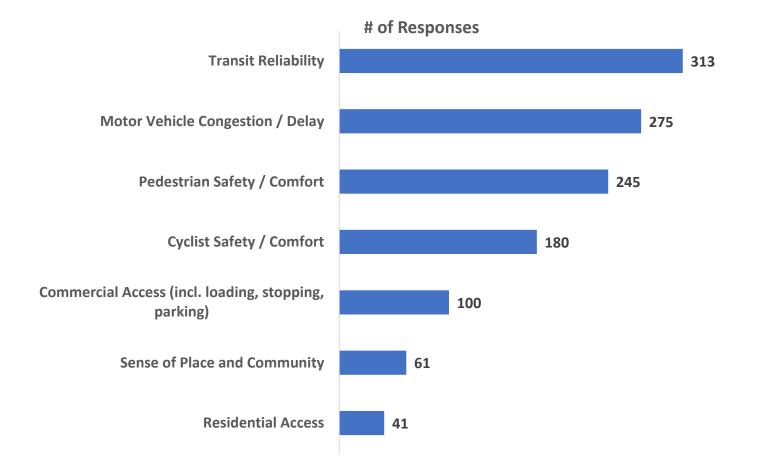
Shape Your City Online Survey	469
Paper Survey	19
Total Participants	488





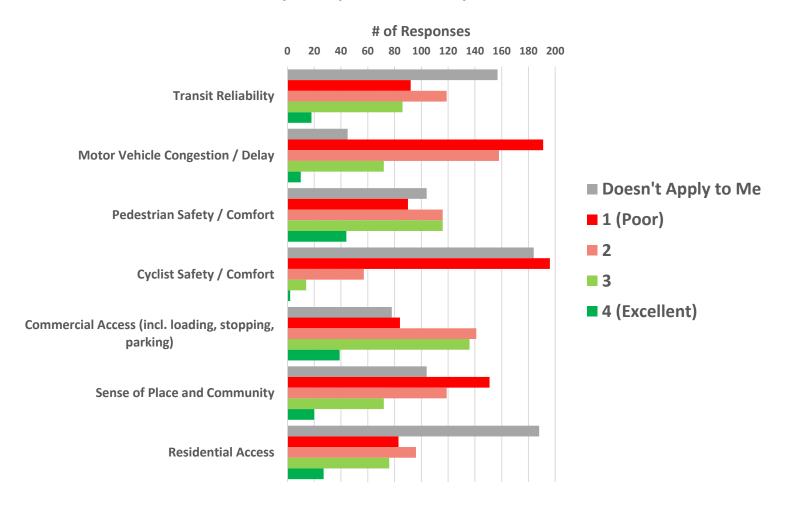


What matters most to you when you use Bayers Road? (select up to 3)



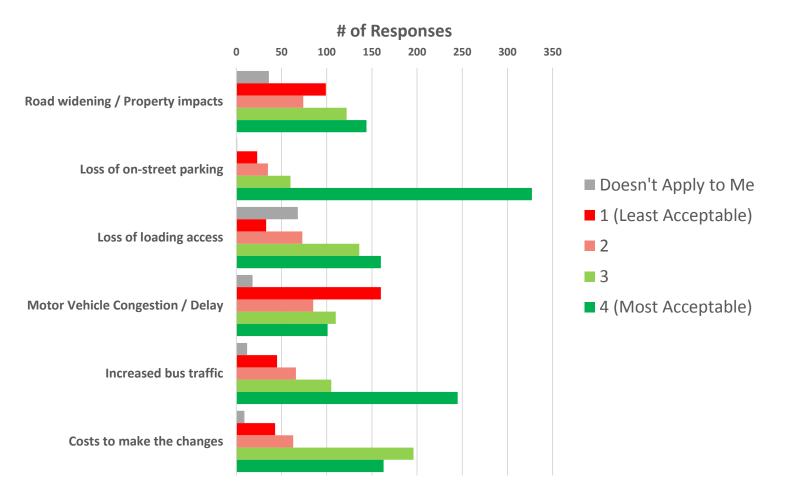


On a scale from 1-4 (where 1 is poor and four is excellent) how would you rate your experiences on Bayers Road?



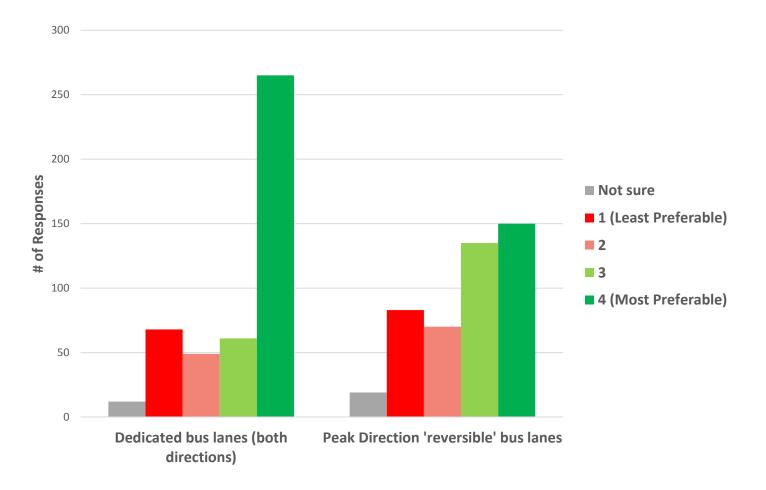
ΗΛLIFΛΧ

The addition of transit priority lanes on Bayers Road may require trade-offs in some locations. How acceptable are the following potential trade-offs?



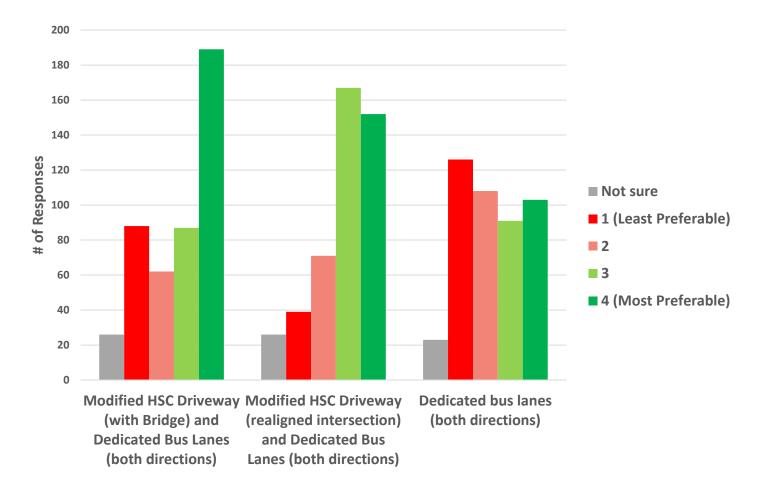


Section 1 (Romans Ave. to Halifax Shopping Centre): Indicate your preference based on the presented concepts



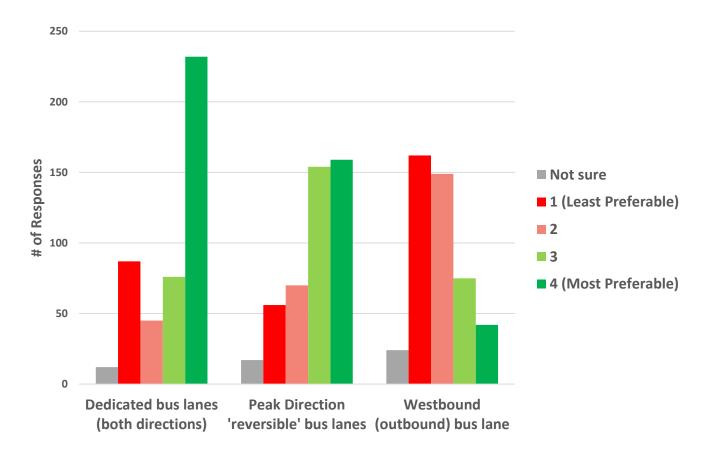


Section 2 (Halifax Shopping Centre to Connaught Ave.): Indicate your preference based on the presented concepts



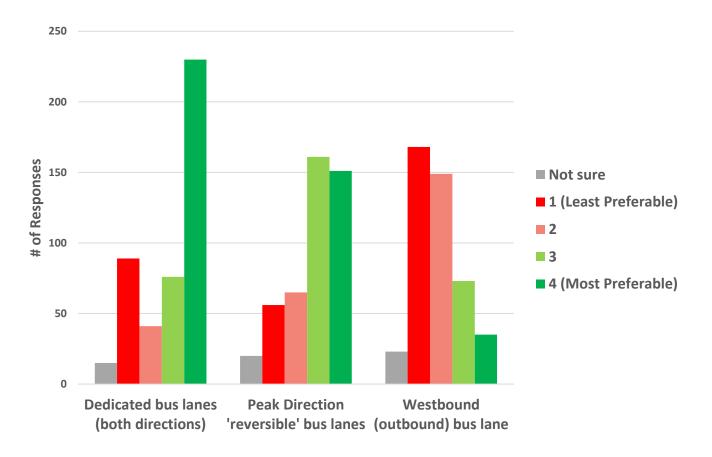
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Section 3 (Connaught Ave. to Connolly Street): Indicate your preference based on the presented concepts



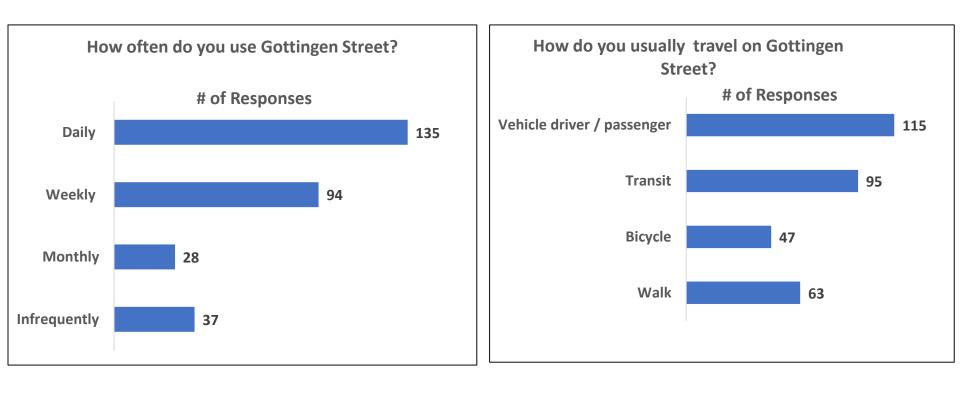


Section 4 (Connolly Street to Windsor Street): Indicate your preference based on the presented concepts



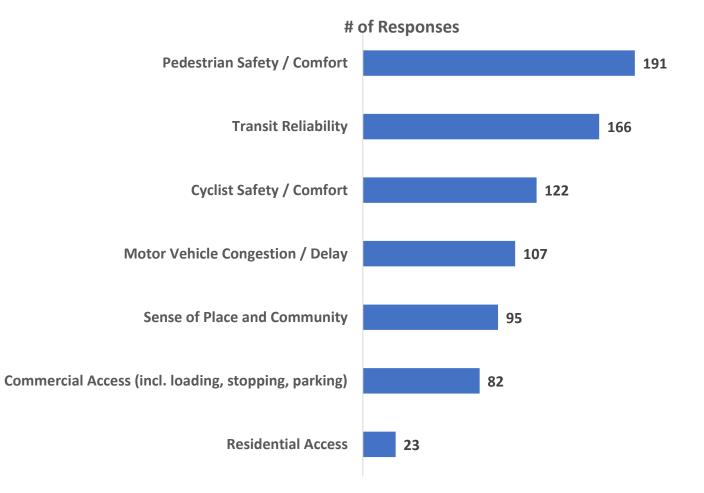


Shape Your City Online Survey	273
Paper Survey	23
Total Participants	296



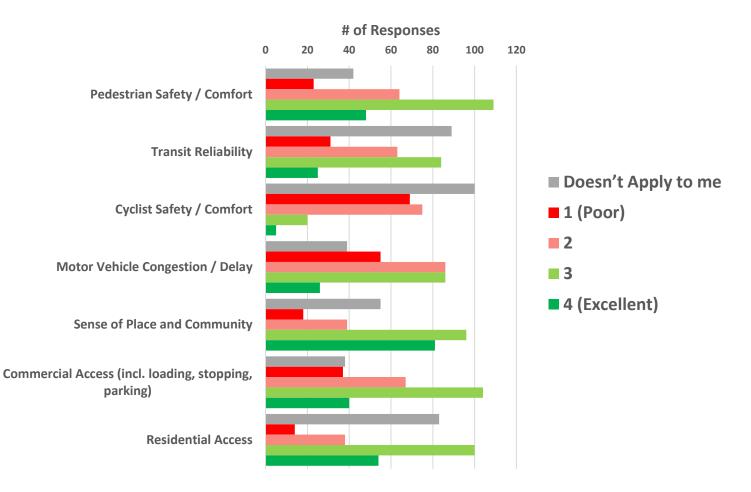


What matters most to you when you use Gottingen Street? (select up to 3)



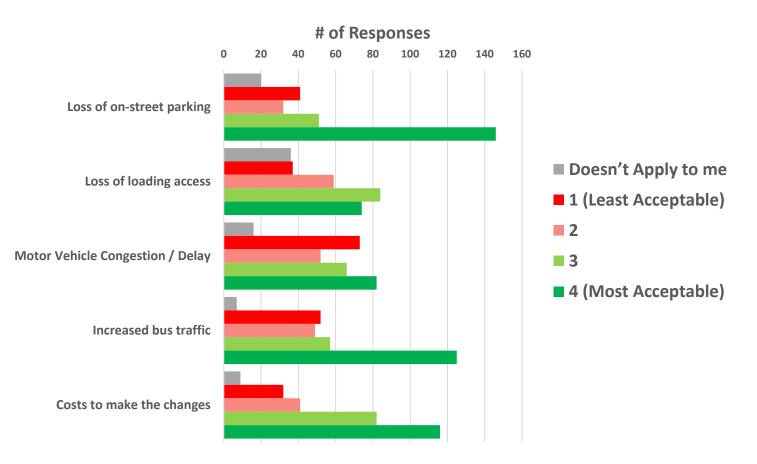


On a scale from 1-4 (where 1 is poor and four is excellent) how would you rate your experiences on Gottingen Street?

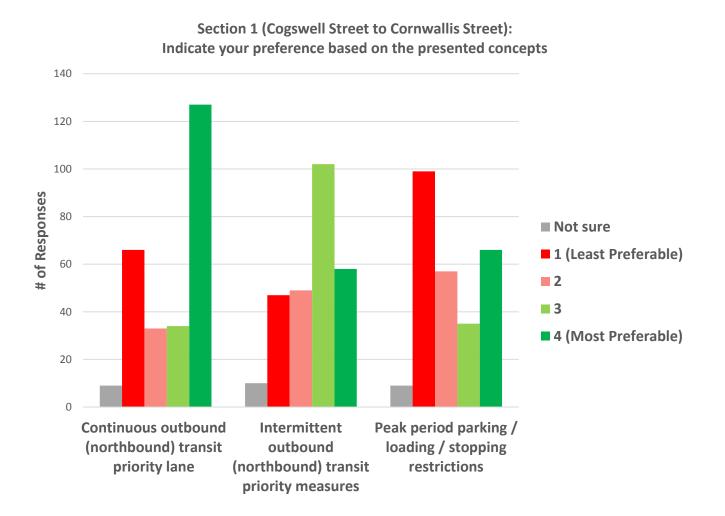




The addition of transit priority lanes on Gottingen Street may require trade-offs in some locations. How acceptable are the following potential trade-offs?

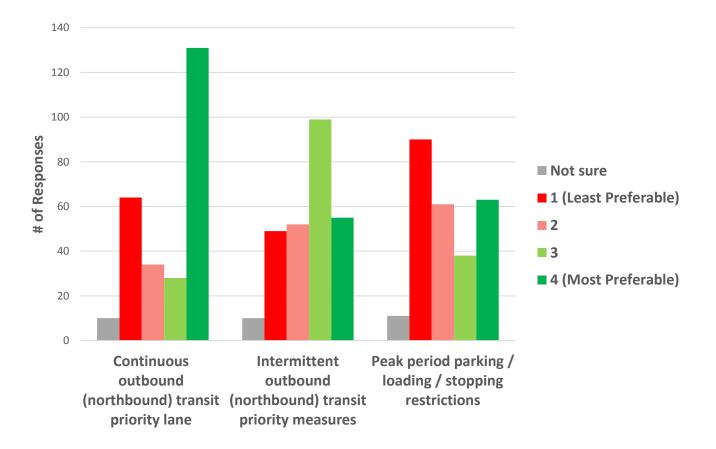




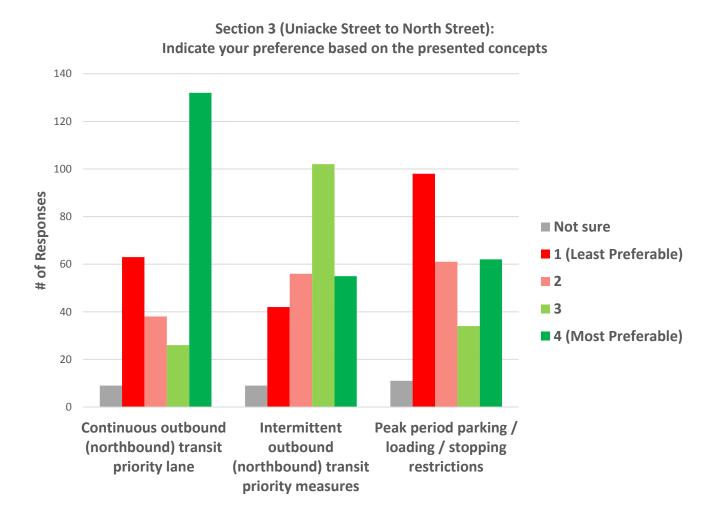


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Section 2 (Cornwallis Street to Uniacke Street): Indicate your preference based on the presented concepts







ΗΛLΙΓΛΧ



HALIFAX REGIONAL MUNICIPALITY

HALIFAX TRANSIT PRIORITY CORRIDORS – GOTTINGEN STREET AND BAYERS ROAD

JANUARY 2018



Project No. 171-09619



wsp

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1 INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

1.1 TRANSIT

Recent and ongoing policy development efforts have made improvements to Halifax's transit service a key priority for the Municipality. Specifically, Halifax Transit's *Moving Forward Together Plan* (adopted by Regional Council in April 2016) includes bold moves that aim to improve transit service levels through increased priority, enhanced reliability, and reduced travel time. The bold moves are being made in support of the following four Council-endorsed 'Moving Forward Principles':

- 1. Increase the proportion of resources allocated towards high ridership services.
- 2. Build a simplified transfer based system.
- 3. Invest in service quality and reliability.
- 4. Give transit increased priority in the transportation network.



Among the key initiatives that the Municipality is considering for transit upgrades are Transit Priority Measures (TPMs) – strategically located street and intersection upgrades that provide priority for the movement of buses. TPMs provide opportunities to make notable improvements to transit operation, and can be particularly effective in locations where right-of-way (ROW) constraints limit the ability to implement more dedicated facility options. When used effectively, TPMs can provide significant network benefits to transit operation that can stem from time savings of as little as a few seconds at a time.

Building on HRM's recent success of implementing TPMs at various locations, the Municipality is interested in investigating corridor-level transit priority upgrades that satisfy specific recommendations of the *Moving Forward Together Plan* including two "critical locations" that were identified for transit priority measures: **Bayers Road** and **Gottingen Street**. In particular it has indicated an "*urgent need for Transit Priority Measures in the Bayers Road corridor in order to provide reliable service to transit users.*"

1.2 ACTIVE TRANSPORTATION (AT)

Active Transportation Connection Study (WSP, 2016) identified alternatives for a multi-use AT facility that would provide a formal connection between the COLT (at Joseph Howe Drive) and George Dauphinee Avenue. That report recommended an offstreet AT greenway on the south side of Bayers Road be provided but identified complications with right-of-way requirements and the signalized crossings of the Halifax Shopping Centre Driveways.

At the outset of this current study, HRM staff requested that consideration of an offstreet greenway south of Bayers Road between the study limits at Romans

Avenue and George Dauphinee Avenue be included in the functional designs for all options through this segment.

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1.3 STUDY AREA

The Study Area for this project includes the following corridors (shown in Figure 1-1):

- 1. Gottingen Street: North Street to Cogswell Street; and,
- 2. Bayers Road: Romans Avenue to Windsor Street.

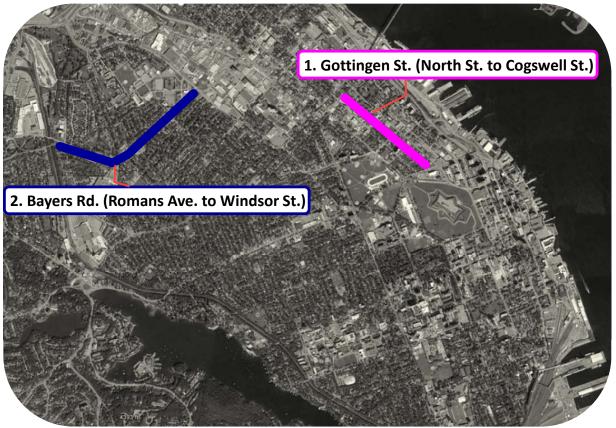


Figure 1-1 - Study Area Corridors

1.4 STUDY OBJECTIVES

The primary goal of this assignment is to develop and evaluate functional design options for transit priority along the study area corridors. Specific project objectives include:

- 1. Complete a detailed investigation of existing conditions within the Study Areas, including topographic survey and establishment of the functional operations of each street (i.e. traffic operation, transit delay, parking, loading, etc.);
- 2. Develop an understanding of existing and projected multimodal transportation demands;
- 3. Prepare functional design options and Class D Cost Estimates for each proposed option along each transit priority corridor;
- 4. Engage with key HRM internal stakeholders, external stakeholders, and the general public to identify the relevant constraints and obtain feedback on design options;
- 5. Complete assessments for each of the functional design options that focus on transit operational benefits, intersection performance, parking / curb access, and road safety considerations;
- 6. Prepare a design report that documents background information, summarizes key design assumptions and rationale, and provides comparative evaluation for each option.

2 OVERVIEW OF EXISTING OPERATIONS

2.1 TRAFFIC CONGESTION

Traffic congestion along the considered corridors has become an increasing concern in recent years. Long delays and queues have been observed throughout the study area, particularly westbound on Bayers Road during the PM peak period where travel times for traffic between Windsor Street and Connaught Avenue (a distance of approximately 800 metres) have been observed to exceed 15 minutes on a typical weekday. These long queues and high delays have led to shortcutting concerns in several adjacent residential neighbourhoods.

Moving Forward Together Plan (Halifax Transit, 2016) identifies the congestion on Bayers Road as a particular concern and recommends



Figure 2-1 - Google Traffic Maps: 4:30 PM, Tuesday October 17, 2017

rerouting Transit Route #1 (Spring Garden) onto Roslyn Road, a local street, during the PM peak period "in order to maintain schedule adherence".

2.2 DATA COLLECTION & REVIEW

Significant data were collected at the outset of the project to develop an understanding of the existing topographic and traffic, transit, and active transportation demand along the considered corridors. The below sections summarize the methodology and results of this data collection.

2.2.1 TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY AND GIS DATA

WSP's survey team conducted a detailed topographic survey of the existing terrain of the corridors through the Study Area including the approach streets and abutting properties. The survey located, using real world coordinates, all relevant existing infrastructure including general site grades, curbs, power / communications systems, trees, and any other features that may affect the proposed designs. The data were imported into AutoCAD drawings for use as the topographic base for the design exercise.

The topographic field survey has been supplemented with HRM supplied GIS data and aerial imagery to identify the property boundaries and HRM right-of-way limits within the study area.

2.2.2 TRAFFIC VOLUMES

Intersection turning movement counts (collected between 2014 and 2016) and existing traffic signal timings for key study area intersections were provided by HRM Traffic Management for use in the review of existing traffic characteristics and analysis of intersection performance. HRM Traffic Management also provided historical 24-hour machine counts along each corridor for consideration of historical and anticipated growth trends.

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GROWTH TRENDS

Traffic volumes collected by HRM along each corridor were analyzed in order to develop an understanding of traffic growth trends. Results (See Figure 2-2) do not indicate a clear growth trend for traffic volumes on study area routes.

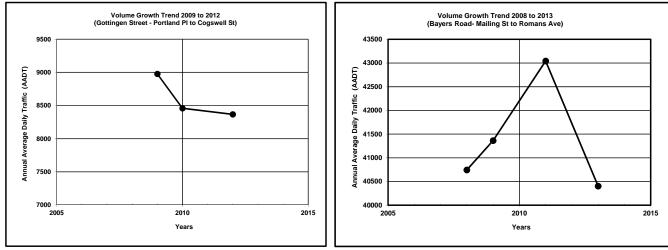


Figure 2-2 - Traffic Volume Growth Rates - Gottingen Street and Bayers Road

DESIGN HOURLY VOLUMES

Design hourly volumes were developed using the intersection turning movement count data collected by HRM Traffic Management. Based on a comparison of the count data with historical turning movement and machine count data (also provided by HRM), the intersection count data appear to be representative of typical conditions.

Given the lack of a clear historical trend of volume growth along these routes, the design hourly volumes have been estimated using the observed AM and PM peak hour volumes with no additional growth factors. Increased growth of traffic volumes would increase congestion in the analysis, increasing the need for transit priority.

2.2.3 TRANSIT DATA

Transit vehicle volumes and ridership data were provided by Halifax Transit for each existing transit route within the study area. No growth factor has been applied to the transit ridership or bus volume data. Additional transit travel time data were provided by Halifax Transit for buses along Gottingen Street.

Since there is some uncertainty of planned frequency for some of the future routes identified in *Moving Forward Together Plan* (Halifax Transit, 2016) and because ridership forecasts for these routes were not available for this project, transit vehicle and ridership volumes for existing routing were used in the analysis. It is recognized that each of the study area roads have been identified by Halifax Regional Council as Transit Priority Corridors and it expected that transit ridership and bus volumes will likely increase, particularly with the implementation of corridor level transit priority measures.

2.2.4 PEDESTRIANS AND BICYCLISTS

Available pedestrian and bicycle volume data for the study area were provided by HRM Traffic Management.

2.2.5 PARKING

Field investigation was completed by WSP to inventory the location of existing parking along each of the studied corridors. Data on parking utilization were not available.

2.2.6 ROAD SAFETY

Road safety is an important component of any design, including transit facilities. A literature review of available road safety research was completed for this project to consider the collision history along different types of transit facilities. In conducting the review, several studies were found that provided collision data for different types

Sources: http://www.wrirosscities.org/sites/default/files/Traffic-Safety-Bus-Priority-Corridors-BRT-EMBARQ-World-Resources-Institute.pdf

http://trrjournalonline.trb.org/doi/pdf/10.3141/2402-02

of transit facilities, however, no such studies were found that provided reliable data within the Canadian or American context. Most of the available research used data from Mexico, South America, India, and Australia.

There are several types of lanes in Canada that are used by transit. The most common types are summarized below:

Transit Lane Type	Description	Results of Literature Safety Review
Mixed Traffic	Transit vehicles travel in mixed use lanes and navigate congestion with other road users. This is considered the baseline scenario and represents the existing conditions on study area streets.	
Curbside Bus Lanes	The curb lane can be designated as a transit lane for the same travel direction.	The conversion of conventional bus service to bus priority with queue jump lanes and transit signal priority was found to reduce total collisions in Melbourne, Australia by 11% while injury collisions were reduced by 25%. <u>http://www.wrirosscities.org/sites/default/files/Traff</u> <u>ic-Safety-Bus-Priority-Corridors-BRT-EMBARQ-</u> <u>World-Resources-Institute.pdf</u>
Median Bus Lanes	Median bus lanes provide a designated transit lane in the centre of the street. Stops are provided at specific points and left turns are only permitted at signalized intersections with protected only phases, eliminating transit conflict with turning vehicles.	The literature review identified several projects where median bus lanes offered significant safety benefits overall when compared to other transit facility types, due to reduced vehicle conflict points with vehicles. Although benefits may be realized, careful consideration of left turns and pedestrian crossings and overall road width are required.

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3 PROJECT APPROACH / FRAMEWORK

3.1 DESIGN OBJECTIVES / CONSIDERATIONS

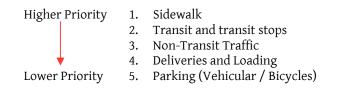
The design objective for this project is to provide priority for transit along each corridor while also considering active transportation, traffic operations (including heavy vehicles) as well as the impact to parking and adjacent properties. The considerations are summarized in Table 3-1.

Factor	Evaluation Considerations
Halifax Transit	Efficient movement of buses through the study corridors is a key consideration of this project. Design options have reviewed the ability of buses to navigate through the intersections and along the corridors with consideration given to the estimated and observed delays under existing conditions and the potential to improve transit operation through transit priority.
Active Transportation	Accommodation of active transportation is very important to HRM and the provision of sidewalks and safe street crossings is an important consideration. Bayers Road in particular has been identified as a candidate for an active transportation greenway in the HRM AT plan.
(Pedestrians / Cyclists)	Evaluation of each design option based on pedestrian and cyclist accommodation will focus on the extent to which key inputs such as pedestrian / cyclist exposure to vehicular traffic (i.e. crossing distances) are expected to change with implementation of each option.
Vehicular Traffic	Both Bayers Road and Gottingen Street in the project study area are classified as arterial streets with Bayers Road serving as a key truck route to Peninsular Halifax. Ideally, vehicular capacity should remain consistent with existing conditions. The approach to assessment of impacts to vehicular traffic includes performance analysis of the intersections and the corridors under consideration. Intersection performance analysis, completed using Synchro / SimTraffic is the basis upon which intersection capacity requirements (i.e. lane configurations, # of lanes) are determined. Comparison of results among the design alternatives enables understanding of the impact that each has on vehicular traffic performance.
Parking / Loading	The available parking and loading has been identified along the study area corridors. Impacts to parking and loading have been considered in the analysis.
Right-of-Way Impacts	Consideration has been given to the impacts of roadway expansion. Where available, properties already owned by HRM were considered first and where necessary, property acquisition has been identified. Other impacts on adjacent properties (i.e. grading) were also considered in the options analysis.

Table 3-1 - Project Considerations

3.1.1 DESIGN WORKSHOP

A Functional Design Workshop was held early in the design phase with HRM staff to discuss innovative, yet feasible options for transit priority measures along each corridor. A discussion on prioritization within a transit priority corridor began the workshop. Although it was recognized that precise priorities for each corridor and section of each corridor is highly context sensitive, the group came to a consensus that right-of-way prioritization for the transit corridors were be as follows:



Halifax Transit Priority Corridors Project No. 171-09619 Halifax Regional Municipality WSP January 2018 Page 7 Throughout the workshop, the group discussed design options for sections and key intersection along each of the corridors. The following is a summary of key highlights:

GOTTINGEN STREET

- Gottingen Street has a number of challenges including limited right-of-way and a number of uses that compete for space (e.g. on-street parking and loading, traffic, transit, cyclists, pedestrians).
- Options for traffic divergence to adjacent streets (i.e. one way on Gottingen Street) were discussed however there
 were concerns with having an increase of traffic on adjacent local streets.
- Removing on-street parking during peak hours were discussed and should be considered in the functional design options.
- Options for how to make Gottingen Street a transit priority corridor must be well thought out. It is highly used by
 pedestrians with currently limited sidewalk space, it has an active business community and is a dense residential
 community directly on and adjacent to the corridor. Existing built forms have little to no setbacks off of Gottingen
 Street which makes road widening not feasible.

BAYERS ROAD: ROMANS AVENUE TO CONNAUGHT AVENUE

Agreement that two curbside transit lanes (one in each direction) should be considered. This option however, would
require widening of the right-of-way.

BAYERS ROAD: HALIFAX SHOPPING CENTRE AND CONNAUGHT AVENUE INTERSECTIONS

- This section was identified as a significant challenge along the corridor. The two intersections are closely spaced together and result in traffic queues from all approaching directions during peak times.
- HRM owns property to the north (between the two intersections) which could be incorporated to alleviate traffic congestion in this area.
- Design options ranging in level of investment were discussed and included building an overpass across the HRM owned property (high investment), to realigning lanes and signals timing (low investment).

BAYERS ROAD: CONNAUGHT AVENUE TO WINDSOR STREET

- Two full-time transit lanes along this segment should be considered that would require a high level of investment.
- Currently, there are high transit volumes traveling on this segment of the corridor, so a high investment option may be worth implementing.
- Having bi-directional bus-only lanes may require road widening and elimination of a west-bound traffic lane.
- Other options requiring lower levels of investment (and lower impacts to adjacent residential properties) will need to be considered.

BAYERS ROAD: BAYERS ROAD/ YOUNG STREET/ & WINDSOR STREET INTERSECTION

- Options for a roundabout were discussed, however it is difficult to incorporate a bus-only lane with this design option.
- Other options must be considered that would involve bus-only transit lanes to travel through the intersection efficiently.

3.2 STAKEHOLDER & COMMUNITY CONSULTATION

One of the key aspects of this project was the consultation with stakeholders and the public at large. Separate meetings were held with HRM staff, stakeholder groups external to the municipality, and with the public through Open House style meetings.

3.2.1 HRM INTERNAL STAKEHOLDERS

A meeting was held with HRM Internal staff who provided insight in various areas of expertise related to TPM on the identified corridors. Attendees represented the following areas of interest and expertise:

- Strategic Transportation Planning
- Traffic Management
- Parking Management
- Halifax Transit

- Streetscaping and Active Transportation
- Planning and Development
- Urban Forestry
- Cogswell Redevelopment Project

The following is a summary of what we heard from HRM staff:

GOTTINGEN STREET

- Currently, the congestion of buses during PM peak periods spills over on to Cogswell Street. Need to consider how to
 improve this situation.
- The Macdonald Bridge bikeway overpass will change the intersection alignment at Gottingen Street and North Street.
- Existing off-street paid parking on the corridor will be used for development (making it unavailable for public parking
 in the future). A parking analysis will need to be done prior to any decisions being made.
- Parking for local businesses will be of concern. Want to try to make sure we don't have a net loss of parking in the area. If spaces on Gottingen Street are removed, where will they be replaced? Adjacent side streets?
- If higher order bus stops are being planned, consider the setbacks needed for them. The right of way is pretty tight as it is.

BAYERS ROAD

- There is currently a plan to implement a 3 metre multi-purpose trail for Active Transportation between Vaughan Ave. and George Dauphinee Ave.
- Currently, streetscaping along the west end of Bayers Road is not conducive to pedestrian use. Vaughan Ave. is a
 more pleasant walk for pedestrians as it is (quieter, safer, and less stressful).
- The forthcoming Centre Plan has policy outlining the importance of developing on corridors and identifies that greater front yard setbacks on new developments will be required. These setbacks will reflect the likely need for the Municipality to acquire land in the future.
- Staff identified there is an opportunity for alignment of Transit Priority Measures with the Centre Plan.
- Must consider the impact of trees, (individual stands as well as on the mix of species in an area) along the corridor.
 There are large elms on Bayers Road before Connaught Ave.
 - Also need to consider how to build projects in the city and still achieve the goals set in the Urban Forest Master Plan. If trees need to be removed, can more be planted elsewhere (i.e. on other parts of the right-ofway or on private property)?
- On-street parking may be an issue on the east end of the corridor.
- A particularly challenging issue will be between the Halifax Shopping Centre and Connaught Ave. Should look at traffic numbers coming to and from the Halifax Shopping Centre.

3.2.2 EXTERNAL STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

Separate meetings with stakeholders external to municipal staff were also held. Project information and consultation meetings were held with the Halifax Utility Coordinating Committee (HUCC), the North End Business Association (NEBA), and various community advocacy groups. The following is a summary of feedback provided from each of the external stakeholder meetings.

HALIFAX UTILITY COORDINATING COMMITTEE (HUCC)

- Prior to any construction, HUCC members will need to know whether or not utility relocation is required.
- A change in curbs will be their biggest concern. These will have impacts of where their services are located.
- Currently the right-of-way on Gottingen Street is very tight. Relocation will be costly.
- Bayers Road: Bell Aliant has a major cross-section of cable routes along this corridor. If this cross section had to be
 moved, it would be very costly and time consuming.
- Will federal infrastructure money help pay for the costs to relocate utilities?

NORTH END BUSINESS ASSOCATION (NEBA)

- $-\,$ $\,$ Highly concerned about having Gottingen Street designated as a TPM corridor.
- Having on-street parking and loading available for businesses is essential for commercial viability.
- Currently, the buses on Gottingen Street are loud and noisy. If more buses travel on Gottingen Street, NEBA felt this
 will worsen these negative impacts and degrade the street's public realm.
- During non-peak periods, members of NEBA indicated that few passengers are actually on the buses that travel down Gottingen Street. NEBA members asked how Halifax Transit can make their routing more efficient/more effective for moving people without having under-utilized buses travel the corridor?
- The Link and express buses turn Gottingen Street into a "bus highway". NEBA indicated that the community doesn't
 want buses traveling through the corridor if they're not actually serving the immediate community.
- NEBA felt that buses (especially Link or express routes), should be using Barrington Street to move north. NEBA asked Halifax Transit to work with the Bridge Commission to fix the geometry of the ramp to the Macdonald Bridge so that buses can be accommodated and re-routed from Gottingen Street.
- NEBA felt that putting more buses on the corridor will negatively impact businesses on Gottingen St. Members
 indicated that it has taken years to bring life and vibrancy back onto the street.
- Attention should be given to the crosswalk at Gottingen Street & Buddy Daye Street. This is frequently used (by children) and doesn't have great visibility to drivers.

COMMUNITY ADVOCACY GROUPS

Members from community advocacy groups came together for a project introduction and consultation meeting. The following groups were represented at this meeting:

- Walk n Roll
- Halifax Cycling Coalition

- It's More than Buses
- Canadian National Institute for the Blind (CNIB)

DalTrac

The following is a summary of what was heard:

GOTTINGEN STREET

- Similar concerns were voiced from community group representatives that had been heard from the NEBA meeting: noise and pollution impacts, should avoid turning Gottingen into a "bus highway", concerns about the impacts of removing on-street parking for local businesses.
- Consider using TPM treatments on Gottingen Street to "brand" transit priority. I.e. consider colouring the pavement for the bus only lanes.
- The bike ramp off of the Macdonald Bridge will impact how cyclists use Gottingen Street. Coming off the bridge, using Gottingen Street seems to be a natural transition. However currently, the IMP has Brunswick as the dedicated cycling route. Does this make sense?
- The topic of making Gottingen Street a bus/pedestrian/cyclist only corridor (e.g. no cars permitted) was discussed.
 This option could have the potential of improving the public realm by implementing bicycle infrastructure, widening sidewalks, as well as giving transit the space it needs to move through effectively.
- Similar to Bayers Road, HRM needs to consider accessibility planning. For the visually impaired, it is much easier to
 delineate the sidewalk and roadway when there is landscaping/grass between the curb and the walking area. Audible
 bus stops are also recommended to accommodate the visually impaired.
- How will TPM impact cyclists? Need to make sure these measures are not to their detriment.

BAYERS ROAD

- Community Group representatives felt that there is a difference between this proposal for road widening, and the
 one that happened 8-10 years ago on Bayers Road. If road widening is happening to bring more buses on the road
 (and not cars), there will likely be less resistance and more acceptance to the project.
- Community Group representatives suggested HRM should consider congestion pricing tax personal motor vehicles going into the peninsula. This will be easier (and less money) than doing road widening.
- Representatives indicated that this is an opportunity to turn Bayers Road into a true Complete Street. It is currently
 in desperate need for a pedestrian and cycling realm improvement. Bayers Road could be the "poster child" for
 Halifax's complete streets.
- HRM needs to consider accessibility planning: consider sidewalk access, audible bus stops, grades, etc.

3.2.3 PUBLIC OPEN HOUSE

Two open houses, (one focused on Bayers Road, and the other focused on Gottingen Street), were held for members of the public to review the proposed functional design options along each of the two corridors. Using panel displays, residents were shown design options for segments of the corridor ranging from high investment (giving transit greatest priority), medium investment, and low investment (giving transit minimal priority). With each design option, a summary of user impacts were provided as well as an overview of pros and cons should the design be implemented. Residents were asked to

provide their feedback and indicate which of the design options they prefer (if any at all). Copies of the public open house boards for both Gottingen Street and Bayers Road are included in Appendix A while comment feedback for each are presented in Appendix B.



Photo 1 - Gottingen Street Open House - October 2, 2017



Photo 2 - Bayers Road Open House -September 28, 2017

3.2.4 ONLINE CONSULTATION

An online survey was commissioned by the HRM project team to gather further public input on the display boards (Appendix A) and made available on the project's Shape Your City website. Paper copies of the survey were also made available at each of the two Open Houses. Results of the survey have been generated by HRM staff and have been presented in Appendix C.

The following are key highlights from the online survey for each of the two corridors:

GOTTINGEN STREET, n = 296

- Forty percent of survey participants travelled the corridor in a personal motor vehicle. Sixty percent travelled through on transit, bicycle, or as a pedestrian.
- Pedestrian safety and comfort was the most important issue that mattered to survey participants with over half indicating their current experience with pedestrian safety and comfort were good or excellent.
- Loss of on-street parking was the most acceptable trade-off with the addition of a transit-only lane. Motor vehicle congestion or delay was the least acceptable.
- For all corridor sections, the High Investment option was identified as the most favourable among survey participants.

BAYERS ROAD, n = 488

- Over half of respondents usually travelled through the corridor in a personal motor vehicle (as a driver or as a passenger).
- Transit reliability was the most important issue that mattered to survey participants and over half indicated their current experience with transit schedules were considered poor.
- Loss of on-street parking was the most acceptable trade-off with the addition of a transit-only lane while increase of
 motor vehicle congestion or delay was the least acceptable.
- For all corridor segments, the High Investment option was the most favourable among survey participants.

3.3 ANALYSIS FRAMEWORK

The analysis of each option includes consideration of impacts on Transit Operations, Multimodal Level of Service, Traffic, Parking/Loading, and Property Impacts. The analysis framework for each of these considerations is described in the subsequent sections.

3.3.1 VEHICULAR IMPACTS (TRANSIT AND NON-TRANSIT)

In *Halifax Transit Priority Measures Study* (WSP, 2016) an analysis framework was developed to consider the costs and benefits to transit and the overall public of a given transit priority measure. That methodology has since been included as Appendix E in *Moving Forward Together Plan* (Halifax Transit, 2016) as the methodology used for the evaluation of transit priority measures. This methodology follows the following five steps:

- **1. Develop estimates for the Capital Cost** using preliminary cost estimates based on functional designs.
- 2. Develop estimates for annual operating cost using approximate costs for similar measures.
- **3.** Develop operational cost savings to Halifax Transit using estimates in delay reductions to transit vehicles. This can be obtained from field observation or traffic modeling and a combination of both have been used for this project.
- 4. Understand the TPM's Impact to All Road Users using estimates in changes in delay to the movement of people using the particular intersection or corridor. This includes changes in delay to transit users as well as any estimated change in delay to motorists, cyclists, or pedestrians.
- 5. Determine the payback period for the Measure using the results of the previous four steps.

To estimate the impact on transit flow that could be expected with each option along each corridor, the delay reductions to the average transit vehicle have been estimated using traffic analysis (Synchro 9 and SimTraffic) and supplemented with field observation and transit data provided by Halifax Transit. This analysis has been carried into the cost analysis and overall evaluation. The methodology to calculate the delay and payback period are included in Appendix E.

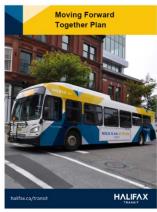
3.3.2 MULTIMODAL LEVEL OF SERVICE (MMLOS)

Multimodal level of service (MMLOS) is an evaluation framework that takes a more holistic approach to intersection performance analysis than the typical vehicle-focused models that are commonplace. The framework for MMLOS is based on *NCHRP Report 616* (National Cooperative Highway Research Program NCHRP, Washington, 2008), a publication that summarizes the results of a 2-year investigation of how users perceive the multimodal quality of service on urban streets. LOS models were calibrated that rate the level of comfort and delay felt by pedestrian, bicycle, and transit users at an intersection and along a corridor and enable the analysis of "tradeoffs" of various allocations of the urban street cross section among auto, pedestrian, bicycle, and transit users. The intent is to provide a more complete representation of how key variables impact the accommodation of different road users.

The NCHRP framework for MMLOS has been applied to evaluate design alternatives for the study area. The following summarizes the NCHRP framework and how it was applied to this project:



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- NCHRP 616 included MMLOS models for corridors and signalized intersections only. .
- Although there are transit multimodal level of service models for corridors, the factors for transit LOS consider • transit scheduling and transit amenities (benches, shelters) that are outside the scope of this project. Evaluation of transit performance along each corridor has been performed separately.
- Highway Capacity Manual 2010 (HCM 2010, National Academy of Sciences, Washington, 2010) used the research and • models included in NCHRP 616 to provide MMLOS models for intersections and segments in HCM 2010. New to HCM 2010 was the MMLOS criteria for pedestrians at Two-way STOP controlled intersections (TWSC); however, HCM 2010 does not provide bicycle MMLOS at TWSC. Table 3-2 summarizes the factors that were found to influence the level of service of pedestrians and bicyclists.

		Pedestrian LOS	Bicyclist LOS
Signalized Intersection MMLOS	Negative Influence	 Volume of right turns on red Volume of permitted left turns Traffic in outside lane Traffic speed Number of lanes Pedestrian delay Right-turn channelized lanes (low traffic volume locations) 	 Width of cross street Volume of traffic
	Positive Influence	Right-turn channelized lanes (high traffic volume locations)	 Width of outside through lane (and bicycle lane) Number of lanes on approach direction
Two-Way STOP- Controlled Intersection MMLOS	Negative Influence Positive Influence	 Vehicle volume Crosswalk length Number of lanes Crosswalk width Driver yield rates 	No model provided
Overall	Negative Influence	Traffic volume per laneVehicle travel speedPoor intersection MMLOS	 Signalized Intersections Traffic volume per lane Vehicle travel speed Heavy vehicle volume Poor intersection MMLOS
Segment	Positive Influence	 Width of outside through lane (and bicycle lane) Parking occupancy Presence of sidewalk buffer Sidewalk width 	• Width of outside through lane (and bicycle lane)

Table 3-2 - Factors that influence Intersection Multimodal LOS by Active Mode (HCM 2010)

WSP

Page 14

3.3.3 PARKING / LOADING

WSP has conducted field review to quantify the available parking / loading along each corridor and consider the impact to parking and loading with each option.

3.3.4 ROAD SAFETY

WSP has reviewed available collision records and how the options could be expected to impact road safety through changes to the number of conflict points and expected travel speeds.

3.3.5 COST ESTIMATES

With each option developed for these corridors, Class D cost estimates have been prepared to estimate the construction cost. These estimates are considered high level estimates and do not include property acquisition or HST. Cost Estimates for each option are included in Appendix D.

3.3.6 OVERALL ANALYSIS

Using consideration of the above factors and results from the public and stakeholder consultation, overall evaluation matrices were developed for each corridor in order to display the overall assessment of each option and enable comparison between categories (identified in Table 3-3). For simplicity, the matrices has been formatted to a colour scale from green (most favorable) to red (least favorable), with yellow the intermediate shade. Grey was used to indicate criteria that were not applicable or where information was not available. It should be recognized that since this evaluation scheme does not apply weighting factors to the various evaluation criteria, it essentially assigns equal value to each criteria. This is obviously not the case in reality, as transit schedule adherence may be a more influential factor on these identified transit corridors than traffic impacts. As presented, the evaluation matrix is a visual tool that enables high level options comparison.

Each option for the full corridor has also been evaluated using the payback period analysis methodology included in *Moving Forward Together Plan* (Halifax Transit, 2016) with the methodology shown in Appendix E.

Table 3-3 - Considered Categories for Analysis



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4 GOTTINGEN STREET

4.1 EXISTING CONDITIONS

Gottingen Street between Cogswell Street and North Street (approximately 1.1 km) is a twolane arterial roadway. Traffic data obtained by HRM Traffic Management indicate a weekday two-way traffic volume of approximately 8,400 vehicles per day (vpd).

Along the corridor, the intersections of North Street, Cornwallis Street, and Cogswell Street are signalized. The remaining seven intersections (with Charles Street, Uniacke Street, Buddy Daye Street, Cunard Street, Falkland Street, and Portland Place) are all Tintersections with STOP control on the side street and free flow on Gottingen Street.

With approximately 10 metres of asphalt width on Gottingen Street south of Buddy Daye Street and intermittent parking available on both sides, the flow of transit and traffic vehicles are already impacted by the narrowed through lanes (See Figure 4-1).

Although much of this corridor is theoretically free flow, congestion has been observed throughout the day, particularly during the PM peak period when northbound traffic queues toward North Street extend along the corridor (See Figure 4-2).



Photo 3 - Queued outbound bus - 4:45 PM

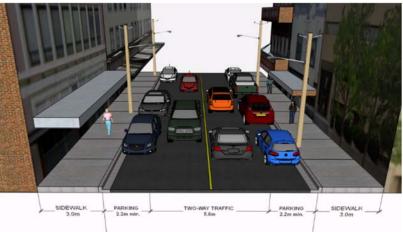


Figure 4-1 - Gottingen Street Typical Cross Section Looking South Buddy Daye Street to Falkland Street

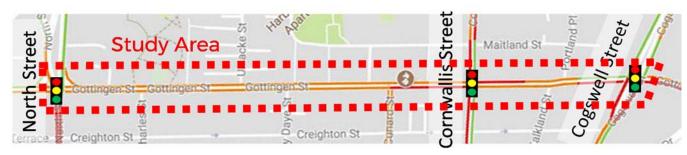


Figure 4-2 - Google Traffic Map - 5:00 PM, Wednesday, July 19, 2017

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4.1.1 EXISTING TRANSIT

Gottingen Street is a very busy transit corridor for Halifax Transit, particularly during the PM peak period. It is currently used by 18 Halifax Transit Routes (#1, 7, 10, 11, 21, 31, 33, 34, 41, 53, 59, 61, 68, 86, 159, 320, 330, and 370). Transit vehicle volume and ridership data were collected by Halifax Transit and are summarized in Table 4-1.

4.1.2 EXISTING TRAFFIC

Turning movement counts at the Gottingen Street intersections with North Street, Cornwallis Street, and Cogswell Street were collected by HRM Traffic Management for the morning (7-9 AM) and afternoon (4-6 PM) peak periods. The AM and PM design hour volumes are summarized in Figure 4-3. Traffic analysis of existing conditions was prepared using *Synchro* 9 and is summarized in Appendix F.

Additional pedestrian volume data were provided by HRM Traffic Management for the existing crosswalks at Charles Street, Uniacke Street, Buddy Daye Street, and Cunard Street. No pedestrian volume data were available for the marked crosswalk at Falkland Street.

4.1.3 EXISTING MULTIMODAL ANALYSIS

Using available traffic, pedestrian, and bicycle count data from HRM Traffic Management and the geometric configuration of the existing sidewalk and lane layouts, the pedestrian and bicycle multi-modal level of service for the key intersections and corridor segments were determined.

Analysis finds that the segment MMLOS for pedestrians is 'C' or 'D' and for bicyclists is 'D' in each of the AM and PM peak hours.

4.1.4 ROAD SAFETY

Available data for collisions occurring within the Gottingen Street study area in 2015 and 2016 were provided by the Halifax Regional Police and reviewed to consider if any mitigative measures could be identified. The available collision reports indicate that of the 31 reported study area collisions with available information, approximately 40% (12) involved a parked vehicle. No other trends were identified.

4.1.5 EXISTING PARKING

During the day, parking is permitted on Gottingen Street as shown in Figure 4-4. Additional no stopping restrictions are in place on the east (northbound) side between 4-6 PM.

Table 4-1 - Existing Transit Volumes and Ridership along Existing Routes

		Transit Vehicles	Transit Riders
AM Peak	Southbound	15	770
Hour	Northbound	25	200
PM Peak	Southbound	4	50
Hour	Northbound	56	1600

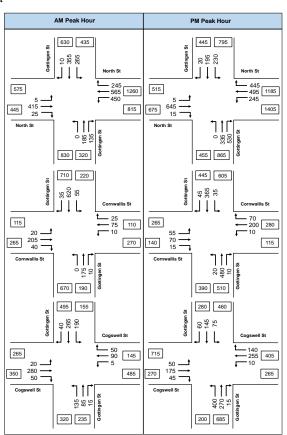


Figure 4-3 - Gottingen St Corridor AM and PM design hour traffic volumes

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4.2 GOTTINGEN STREET MODIFICATION OPTIONS

Three modification options were prepared for the Gottingen Street study area and are summarized below. Functional design plans for each option are included in Appendix A and cost estimates are included in Appendix D.

Opt	ion	Descripti	ion
High Investment	Option G1 – Continuous NB Transit Lane	• Impacts: •	Remove parking/loading from Gottingen Street; Provide a continuous northbound right turn lane (except buses); and, Install Pedestrian Half-Signals at Key Pedestrian Crossings. Provides a continuous transit lane in the critical northbound direction. Removal of parking and separation of northbound buses is expected to improve flow of traffic along the corridor. Positive for safety due to noted collision trend and less need to cross centre line to get around parked vehicles. Analysis (Appendix F) indicates minimal impact to non-transit vehicles while providing significant transit benefit.
Medium Investment	<image/> <image/>	• Impacts: •	Remove parking/loading from Gottingen Street during peak periods; Provide transit queue jump lanes at key locations; and, Install Pedestrian Half-Signals at Key Pedestrian Crossings Provides transit priority measures at key locations while having minimal impact on parking/loading during offpeak periods. Improved flow of traffic along the corridor is expected during peak periods. Positive for safety due to noted collision trend and less need to cross centre line to get around parked vehicles. Analysis at the Cornwallis Street intersection (Appendix F) indicates minimal impact to non-transit vehicles while providing transit benefit.
Low Investment	Option G3 – Remove Peak Period Parking	Impacts: • •	Remove parking/loading from Gottingen Street during peak periods. Does not specifically provide transit priority. Minor improvements to flow of traffic (and transit) along the corridor considering current restriction already in place during PM peak for northbound. Positive for safety due to noted collision trend and less need to cross centre line to get around parked vehicles.

4.3 GOTTINGEN STREET OPTIONS EVALUATION

Using the available data, traffic flow models were created using SimTraffic to develop estimates for changes in user delay with each option. Table 4-2 summarizes the benefits to transit and nontransit users and the estimated implementation costs (See Appendix D).

An options evaluation matrix was created in order to display the overall assessment of each option and enable comparison between categories (See Table 4-3). As presented, the evaluation matrix is a visual tool that enables high level options comparison.

Corridor Segment	G1 - Continuous NB Transit Lane	G2 - Transit Priority at Key Intersections	G3 - Remove Parking
Total Estimated			
Annual Operating	\$36,625	\$8,610	\$3,340
Cost Savings to	\$30,023	\$0,010	\$ 5 , 5 40
Halifax Transit			
Total Estimated Daily			
Reduction in Transit	65 hrs	15 hrs	5 hrs
User Delay			
Total Estimated Daily			
Reduction in Overall	70 hrs	20 hrs	10 hrs
User Delay			
Total Estimated Implementation Cost	\$0.25 Million	\$0.22 Million	Negligible Cost (Signage Only)

Table 4-2 - Gottingen Street - Overall Corridor Options Summary

Table 4-3 Gottingen Street Options Evaluation Summary Matrix

			Transit Corri	dor Options		
		Existing Conditions	G1. Continuous NB Lane	G2. NB Transit Priority - Key Locations	G3. Parking / Loading Modifications	
	Transit Travel Time					
	Transit Schedule Reliability					
	Transit Visibility					
User Experience	Walking					
	Bicycling					
	MMLOS					
	Road Safety					
	Traffic Impacts					
Impacts	Loading/Parking Impacts					Most Desirable / Least Desi
	Implementation Cost					Least Difficult Most Diff
blic Support	Public Feedback Response					Note: Grey indicates not applicable or not av

Note: There is no anticipated impact to the right of way width or available space for green space / urban forest.

Each option for the full corridor was evaluated using the payback period analysis methodology included in *Moving Forward Together Plan* (Halifax Transit, 2016) and summarized in Section 3.3.1. The methodology is included in Appendix E with results summarized in Table 4-4.

			Gottingen Street	
		G1- Continous Northbound Transit Lane	G2- NB Transit Priority at Key Intersections	G3- Remove Peak Period Parking; No Specific Transit Priority
	ed Daily Delay Savings to Transit Users	~65 pass.hr	-15 pass.hr	~5 pass.hr
	ed Daily Delay Savings o All Road Users	~70 pass.hr 5	~20 pass.hr 4	~10 pass.hr 3
]	Payback Period	0.6 years 5	2.0 years 4	N/A 5
	Score for Other Factors ¹	3	1	0
	Safety Considerations	(+)Improved flo	ow through network and reduced park	ing manoeuvers
Other	Impact to Other Users	(-)Loss o Half signal for pedestrians may imp pedestri	8	(-)Loss of Parking
Кеу	Project Integration		None Identified	-
Factors	TPM Enforcement Requirements	Enforcement of typi	cal signage required	None
	Issues to Implementation		None	
	Promotion of Transit	(+)Good Promotion of Transit	Some Promotion of Transit	None
	Schedule Adherence	(++)Greatly improved schedule adherence	(+)Improved schedule adherence	(+)Some improvements may be realized
Pu	blic Consultation	(++)Generally viewed as the best option overall	(+)Viewed as a good option	Generally seen as the least desirable option overall
Stake	eholder Consultation	()Concern for parking/loading (-)Loss of SB parking during peak periods		
Ov	verall Evaluation	13	9	8
	NOTES: 1.	Score for other factors is the sum of th double score.	e positive impacts less the negative im	pacts. Impacts with "++" or "" received

Table 4-4 - Overall Payback Period Analysis - Gottingen Street

Comparative evaluation of the user impacts (Table 4-3) and payback analysis (Table 4-4) indicates that greater overall benefit is expected with Option G1 (Continuous northbound transit lane) and this option should be considered for implementation by HRM.

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5 BAYERS ROAD

5.1 EXISTING CONDITIONS

Bayers Road between Romans Avenue and Windsor Street (approximately 1.4 km) is an arterial roadway. In this area the roadway transitions from a four lane cross section near Romans Avenue (See Figure 5-2) to seven lanes around the Halifax Shopping Centre (HSC) and reduces to a three lane section plus parking east of Connaught Avenue (See Figure 5-1). Traffic data obtained by HRM Traffic Management indicate a weekday two-way traffic volume of between 15,000 and 45,000 vehicles per day (vpd).

Significant congestion has been observed along this corridor, particularly during the peak periods when inbound traffic in the morning has been observed to back up onto Highway 102 while outbound traffic congestion during the afternoon peak has been observed to extend through the entire corridor. Travel times in the outbound direction between Oxford Street and Connaught Avenue during the PM peak period have been observed to exceed 15 minutes, indicating severe congestion in this area and contributes to shortcutting onto local streets (shown in Figure 5-3).



Figure 5-2 - Typical Cross Section Looking East-Bayers Road near Romans Avenue

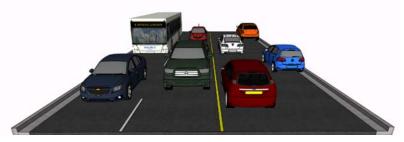


Figure 5-1 - Typical Cross Section Looking East-Connaught Avenue to Windsor Street

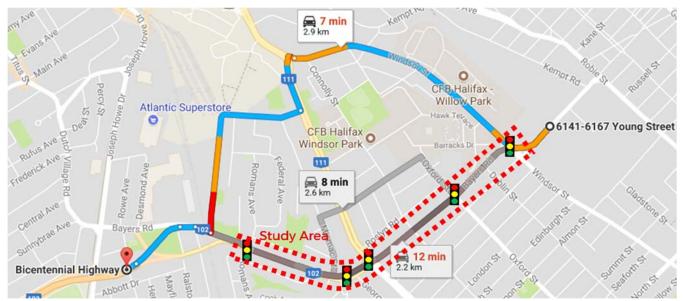


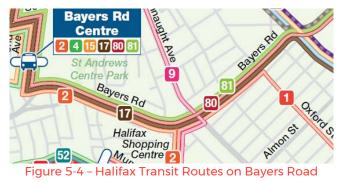
Figure 5-3 – Google Traffic Map – 4:30 PM, Tuesday, October 17, 2017 (Travel time through the uncongested corridor is approximately 4 minutes)

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5.1.1 EXISTING TRANSIT

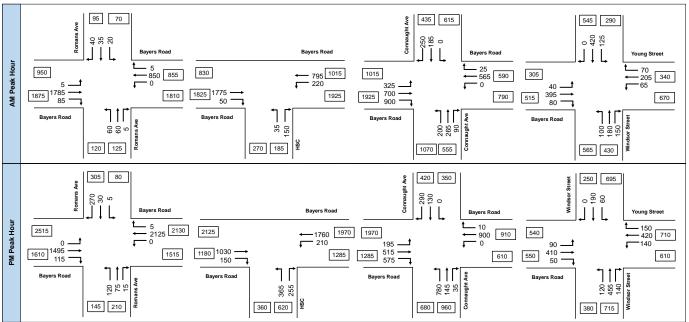
Bayers Road is currently used by 7 Halifax Transit Routes (#1, 2, 9, 17, 80, 81, and 330, See Figure 5-4). Transit ridership data were collected by Halifax Transit and indicate that at the Connaught Avenue intersection there are estimated to be:

- 37 two-way buses carrying 700 transit riders in the AM peak hour; and,
- 35 two-way two way buses carrying 730 transit riders in the PM peak hour.



5.1.2 EXISTING TRAFFIC

Turning movement counts at the Bayers Road intersections with Romans Avenue, Halifax Shopping Centre (HSC), Connaught Avenue, Oxford Street, and Windsor Street were collected by HRM Traffic Management for the morning (7-9 AM) and afternoon (4-6 PM) peak periods. AM and PM Design Hourly Volumes for the Romans, HSC, Connaught, and Windsor intersections are summarized in Figure 5-5. Traffic analysis of existing conditions was prepared using *Synchro* 9 and is summarized in Appendix G.





5.1.3 EXISTING MULTIMODAL ANALYSIS

Using available traffic, pedestrian, and bicycle count data from HRM Traffic Management and the geometric configuration of the existing and proposed sidewalk and lane layouts, the pedestrian and bicycle multi-modal level of service for the corridor segments were estimated (See Section 3.3.2).

	Romans Avenue to Connaught Avenue	Connaught Avenue to Windsor Street
Existing	With high traffic volumes and no designated bicycle	With lower traffic volumes but still no designated bicycle
Bicycle MMLOS		facilities the existing segment bicycle MMLOS is overall 'D'
	overall 'E' in both directions during the AM and PM	or 'E' during the AM and PM peak hours.
	peak hours.	
Existing	With high traffic volumes and sidewalk near the	With lower traffic volumes and sidewalk near the roadway,
Pedestrian	roadway, segment pedestrian MMLOS is overall 'D' or	segment pedestrian MMLOS is overall 'D' for both sides
MMLOS	'E' for both sides during the AM and PM peak hours.	during the AM and PM peak hours.

5.1.4 ROAD SAFETY

Collision reports were not available for this corridor for collision analysis. A comparative analysis between the options for this corridor considered how each option changed the number or type of conflict points.

5.1.5 EXISTING PARKING

Parking is generally restricted along this corridor with the following exceptions:

- The south side between Connolly Street and east of Dublin Street is time restricted with some unrestricted parking; and,
- The north side between Oxford Street and west of Connolly Street is signed as no stopping during the PM peak period and is otherwise unrestricted.

5.2 BAYERS ROAD MODIFICATION OPTIONS

With the changing road width and varying traffic volumes along Bayers Road, this corridor has been separated into four segments for the development and evaluation of transit priority options. The four road segments are identified in Figure 5-6.

Recognizing the congestion, the high traffic volumes, the importance of this

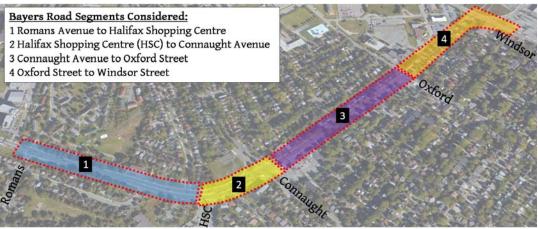


Figure 5-6 - Bayers Road Segments Considered in this Study

corridor as a truck and traffic route to and from Peninsular Halifax, and the priorities for allocation of street space, options have been prepared for each of the segments of this corridor. These options for each segment are shown conceptually in Appendix A and described in subsequent sections of this report.

Lane Requirements:

At the outset of the project, traffic analysis was prepared to assess the lane requirements for each segment of the corridor. Analysis considered whether reductions to one through lane in each direction for non-transit could accommodate the traffic volumes without causing significant negative impact to non-transit vehicle operations.

Intersection analysis results (See Appendix G) indicate that the operations of the intersections in segments #1 and #2 (Figure 5-6) approach or exceed capacity with two through lanes for non-transit with existing volumes and lane configurations. Analysis indicates that while traffic in segments #3 and #4 could be accommodated by a single through lane in each direction, reduction to a single lane in each direction is expected to significantly impact capacity for non-transit vehicles in segments #1 and #2. Since no eastbound transit

Traffic analysis results indicate that:

- **Two non-transit lanes** in each direction should be provided along segments #1 and #2; and,
- One non-transit lane in each direction along segments #3 and #4 is expected to accommodate the non-transit volumes.

lane is proposed west of the study area, this increased congestion of non-transit vehicles is expected to impact eastbound transit movements as they approach the study area.

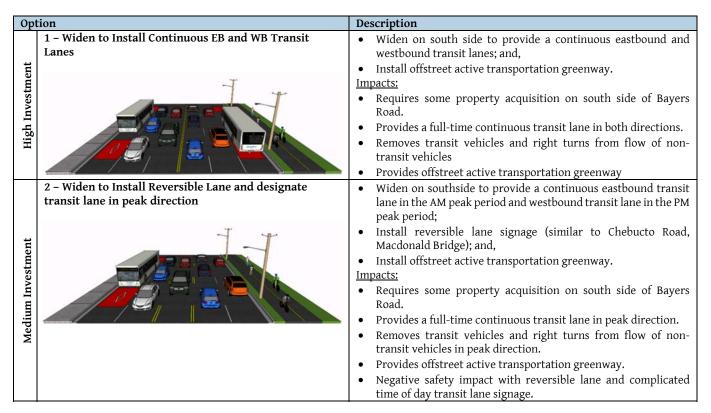
Proposed AT Greenway Cost Estimates:

Although cost estimates include the installation of the proposed AT greenway between Romans and George Dauphinee, the installation of the greenway is not considered integral to the provision of transit priority along this corridor and has not been included in the cost-benefit analysis of the transit options.

It is estimated that the total installation cost (excluding property acquisition and HST) of the proposed AT greenway between Romans Avenue and George Dauphinee Avenue is approximately \$335,000 and is not contingent on which roadway option is selected.

5.2.1 ROMANS AVENUE TO HALIFAX SHOPPING CENTRE

This segment of Bayers Road has two through lanes in each direction and experiences very heavy through volumes during the AM and PM peak periods. Two modification options (plans included in Appendix A) were prepared for this segment and are summarized below. Intersection analysis is included in Appendix G.



An options evaluation matrix was created in order to display the overall assessment of each option and enable comparison between categories (See Table 5-1).

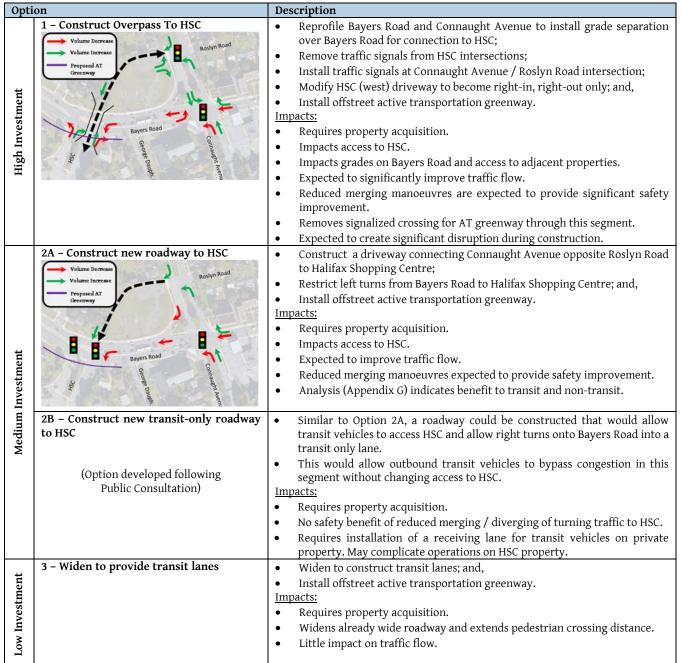
Table 5-1 - Bayers Road - Romans Avenue to Coleman Court Options Evaluation

		Summa	ary Matri	x	
		Т	ransit Corridor Option		
		Existing Conditions	1. Continuous Transit Lanes	Opt 2. Reversible Lane	
	Transit Travel Time				
	Transit Schedule Reliability				
	Transit Visibility				
User Experience	Walking				
	Bicycling				
	MMLOS				
	Road Safety				
	Traffic Impacts				
Impacts	Property Requirements				Most Desirable / Least Desirable / Least Difficult Most Difficult
impacts	Green space / Urban Forest				least billean
	Implementation Cost				Note:
Public Support	Public Feedback Response				Grey indicates not applicable or not available

Note: Parking is already restricted and there is no proposed change to parking.

5.2.2 HALIFAX SHOPPING CENTRE (HSC) TO CONNAUGHT AVENUE

With approximately 100 metres between the Connaught and HSC (east) intersection, queuing and lane changes by turning traffic are frequently observed. Modification options (plans included in Appendix A) were prepared for this segment and are summarized below. Intersection analysis is included in Appendix G.



An options evaluation matrix was created in order to display the overall assessment of each option and enable comparison between categories (See Table 5-2).

				ransit Corridor Option		
		Existing Conditions	Opt 1. Overpass to	Opt 2A. Realigned	Opt 2B. Transit only	
			HSC	HSC	roadway	Install Transit Lanes
	Transit Travel Time					
	Transit Schedule Reliability					
	Transit Visibility					
User Experience	Walking					
	Bicycling					
	MMLOS					
	Road Safety					
	Traffic Impacts					
Impacts	Property Requirements					
impacts	Green space / Urban Forest					
	Implementation Cost					
Public Support	Public Feedback Response					

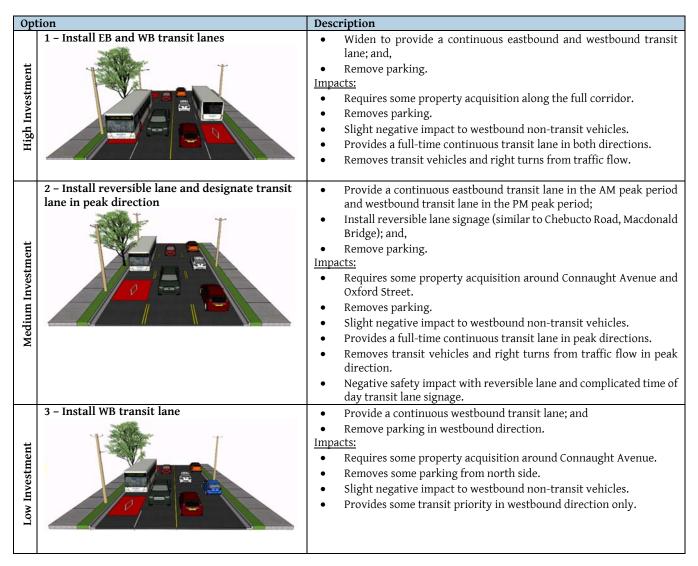
Table 5-2 - Bayers Road - Coleman Court to Connaught Avenue Options Evaluation Summary Matrix

Notes:

Parking is already restricted and there is no proposed change to parking. Public input is not available for Option 2B.

5.2.3 CONNAUGHT AVENUE TO WINDSOR STREET

Traffic volumes collected by HRM indicate that peak period through volumes along this section are generally around 500-700 vehicles per direction. Three modification options (plans included in Appendix A) were prepared for this segment and are summarized below. Intersection analysis is included in Appendix G.



An options evaluation matrix was created in order to display the overall assessment of each option and enable comparison between categories (See Table 5-3).

			idor Options	
	Existing Conditions	1. Continous transit lanes both directions	2. Reversible lane	3. Transit Lane WB
Transit Travel Time				
Transit Schedule Reliability				
Transit Visibility				
User Walking xperience				
Bicycling				
MMLOS				
Road Safety				
Traffic Impacts				
Property Requirements				
mpacts Loading/Parking Impacts				
Green space / Urban Forest				
Implementation Cost				
olic Support Public Feedback Response				

Table 5-3 - Bayers Road -Connaught Avenue to Windsor Street Options Evaluation Summary Matrix

5.2.4 WINDSOR STREET INTERSECTION

This intersection experiences awkward lane alignment and intersection geometry. Although roundabout configurations were considered, they were excluded due to significant property impacts and challenging signage requirements. Two modification options (plans included in Appendix A) were prepared for this intersection and are summarized below. Intersection analysis is included in Appendix G.

Option	Description
1 – Modify	• Modify alignment of right turn channels from Windsor Street to Bayers Road and Young Street;
right turn	• Designate a westbound lane as right turn only (except buses); and,
channels and	• Widen to install an eastbound right turn lane (except buses).
install EB and WB transit	Impacts:
lanes	Requires some property acquisition
lanes	Provides a full-time continuous transit lane in both directions.
	Removes transit vehicles and right turns from traffic flow.
2 – Install WB	Provide a continuous westbound transit lane; and,
transit lane	Impact:
	Provides transit priority in westbound direction.

An options evaluation matrix was created in order to display the overall assessment of each option and enable comparison between categories (See Table 5-4).

Table 5-4 - Bayers Road at Windsor Street Intersection Options Evaluation Summary Matrix

		1	ransit Corridor Option	IS
		Existing Conditions	1. Continous transit lanes both directions	2. Transit Lane WB
	Transit Travel Time			
	Transit Schedule Reliability			
	Transit Visibility			
User xperience	Walking			
	Bicycling			
	MMLOS			
	Road Safety			
	Traffic Impacts			
Imposto	Property Requirements			
Impacts	Green space / Urban Forest			
	Implementation Cost			
blic Support	Public Feedback Response			

Parking at the intersection is not permitted and there is no proposed change to parking

5.3 BAYERS OPTIONS EVALUATION

In performing the overall analysis and evaluation for the full corridor it is recognized that the impacts of implementing a particular option in one segment may impact the operations in another segment. Several options (summarized in Table 5-5) were considered for the purpose of evaluating the measures along the full corridor.

					ption - Bayers Road		
		B1.1 - High Investment Full Corridor	B1.2A - High Investment Med at HSC	B1.2B - High Investment Med (Transit Only) at HSC	B1.3 - High Investment Low at HSC	B2 - Medium Investment Full Corridor	B3 - Low Investment Full Corridor
ent	Romans to HSC		Opt 1 (Continuous la	anes each direction)		Opt 2: (Reve	ersible Lane)
Corridor Segment	HSC to Connaught	Opt 1 (Overpass)	Opt 2A (Construct new roadway)	Opt 2B (Construct new transit roadway)	Opt 3 (Install transit lanes in both directions)	Opt 2A (Construct new roadway)	Opt 3 (Install transit lanes in both directions)
orrido	Connaught to Windsor		Opt 1 (Continuous la	anes each direction)		Opt 2 (Reversible Lane)	Opt 3 (Transit lane westbound only)
č	Windsor Street Intersection		Opt 1 (Continuous la	anes each direction)			RT channels and VB transit lanes)
lts	Total Estimated Annual Operating Cost Savings to Halifax Transit	\$71,150	\$44,120	\$44,120	\$29,800	\$36,055	\$19,770
Estimated Results	Total Estimated Daily Reduction in Transit User Delay	100 hrs	60 hrs	60 hrs	40 hrs	50 hrs	25 hrs
Estima	Total Estimated Daily Reduction in Overall User Delay	310 hrs	140 hrs	60 hrs	50 hrs	130 hrs	35 hrs
	Total Estimated Implementation Cost	\$15.9 Million	\$4.8 Million	\$4.8 Million ¹	\$3.3 Million	\$4.6 Million	\$2.1 Million
Note:	1. Cost estimates for the implement option 2A in		option 2B (medium, trans	sit only) have not specific	ally been prepared, howe	ver, it is expected to be si	milar to cost estimates to

Table 5-5 - Bayers Road - Overall Corridor Options Summary

An options evaluation matrix was created in order to display the overall assessment of each option and enable comparison between categories (See Table 5-6). Each option for the full corridor was evaluated using the payback period analysis methodology (See Appendix E) included in Moving Forward Together Plan (Halifax Transit, 2016) and as described in Section 3.3.1 with results summarized in Table 5-7.

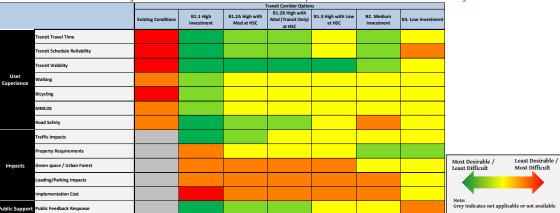


Table 5-6 - Bayers Road - Overall Corridor Options Evaluation Summary Matrix

Comparative evaluation of the user impacts (Table 5-6) and payback analysis (Table 5-7) indicate that although significant delay savings are anticipated with Option B1.1 (High Investment), after consideration of cost, property impacts, and urban form, the best overall option is expected to be Option B1.2A (High Investment, Medium through HSC segment) which offers a strong mix for all users and this option should be considered for implementation by HRM.

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	_			Ravers Road	: Road		
		B1.1-High Investment Full Corridor	B1.2A-High Investment Medium at HSC	B1.2B-High Investment Medium (Transit Only) at HSC ²	B1.3-High Investment Low at HSC	B2- Medium Investment	B3-Low Investment
Estimate	Estimated Daily Delay Savings to Transit Users	~100 pass.hr	~60 pass.hr	~60 pass.hr	~40 pass.hr	~50 pass hr	~25 pass.hr
Estimate to	Estimated Daily Delay Savings to All Road Users	~310 pass.hr 5	~140 pass.hr 4	~70 pass.hr 3	~50 pass.hr 3	~130 pass hr 4	~35 pass.hr 3
Payba	Payback Period to Public	9.0 years 4	6.1 years 5	13.3 years 3	14.4 years 3	6.2 years 5	10.0 years 4
	Score for Other Factors ¹	5	5	6	4	1	1
	Safety Considerations	(+)Grade separation removes merging and crossing conflicts	Reduced congestion may provide improvement	Reduced congestion may provide improvement	Separation of buses from through movement may provide some improvement	(-)Reversible lane may not be understood by all drivers Reduced congestion may provide improvement	Separation of buses from through movement may provide some improvement
	Impact to Other Users	 (+)Provides grade separated crossings for AT users (+)Significant improvements for emergency vehicles 	(+)Improvements for emergency vehicles	(+)Improvements for emergency vehicles	(+)Some improvements for emergency vehicles	(+)Improvements for emergency vehicles	(+)Some improvements for emergency vehicles
04400	Project Integration		Opportunity to) integrate with new AT greenv	Opportunity to integrate with new AT greenway between Romans and George Dauphinee	ge Dauphinee	
Key	TPM Enforcement Requirements			No Specific Requirements Identified	ements Identified		
Factors	Issues to Implementation	 (-) Property acquisition required along full corridor (-)Impacts to access for HSC and other properties (-)Grading challenges through HSC segment 	 (-)Property acquisition required along full corridor (-)Impacts to access for HSC 	(-)Property acquisition required along full corridor	(-)Property acquisition required along full corridor	(-)Property acquisition required along full corridor (-)Impacts to access for HSC	(-)Property acquisition required along a portion of the corridor
	Promotion of Transit	++)	(++)Excellent promotion of transit	(++)Excellent promotion of transit	(++)Excellent promotion of transit	(+)Good Promotion of Transit	Some Promotion of Transit
	Schedule Adherence	(++)Greatly Improved Schedule adherence in both directions	(++)Greatly Improved Schedule adherence in both directions	(++)Greatly Improved Schedule adherence in both directions	(+)Improved Schedule adherence in both directions	(+)Improved Schedule adherence, mostly in peak directions	(+)Some improved Schedule adherence at key intersections
Puł	Public Consultation	(++)Generally seen as the best option by the public	<pre>(++)Generally seen as the best (++)Seen as a good option by option by the public overall</pre>	(++)Seen as a good option by the public overall	(+)Considered a good option	(+)Seen as a good option by the public	Generally perceived to be the least desirable option
OV	Overall Evaluation	14	14	12	10	10	8
	NOTES: 1. 2.	NOTES: 1. Score for other factors is the s 2. Implementation cost for this o	s sum of the positive impacts less the negative impacts. Impacts with "++" or "" receive double score. option is expected to be similar for Option B1.2A	the negative impacts. Impacts for Option B1.2A	with "++" or "" receive double	e score.	

Table 5-7 - Bayers Road Corridor Options - Payback Period Analysis

6 SUMMARY & RECOMMENDATIONS

6.1 SUMMARY

Recent and ongoing policy development efforts have made improvements to Halifax's transit service a key priority for the Municipality. Specifically, Halifax Transit's *Moving Forward Together Plan* (adopted by Regional Council in April 2016) includes bold moves that will aim to improve transit service levels through increased priority, enhanced reliability, and reduced travel time. The bold moves are being made in support of the following four Council-endorsed '*Moving Forward Principles*':

- 1. Increase the proportion of resources allocated towards high ridership services.
- 2. Build a simplified transfer based system.
- 3. Invest in service quality and reliability.
- 4. Give transit increased priority in the transportation network.

Among the key initiatives that the Municipality is considering for transit upgrades are Transit Priority Measures (TPMs) – strategically located street and intersection upgrades that provide priority for the movement of buses. Building on HRM's recent success of implementing TPMs at various locations, the Municipality is interested in investigating corridor-level transit priority upgrades that satisfy specific recommendations of the *Moving Forward Together Plan* including two "critical locations" that were identified for transit priority measures: **Bayers Road** and **Gottingen Street**.

To address this identified need for transit priority along these two corridors, options were developed and evaluated against the level of impact that they are expected to have on transit operation as well as on active transportation (AT), general traffic, parking, road safety, and implementation cost.

Following initial development of the options for each corridor, consultation was held to gather input from key stakeholders and community groups through several stakeholder meetings as well as from the overall public through one public open house for each corridor and through online consultation through the project's Shape Your City website.

Options preparation included a significant data collection phase that included topographic survey, as well as obtaining and reviewing data on transit vehicle and ridership volumes, volumes of traffic, pedestrians, and bicycle, as well as the review of available collision records and consideration of public and stakeholder input. Analysis was completed to evaluate the identified options using criteria developed through discussion with HRM staff as well as the methodology presented in Appendix E of *Moving Forward Together* (Halifax Transit, 2016).

6.2 **RECOMMENDATIONS**

Based on the background review, public and stakeholder consultation, functional design, various analysis frameworks, and comparative analysis, the recommendations have been developed for consideration by HRM.

Consideration was given to the phasing of corridor improvements. A proposed implementation plan has been identified with recommendations presented as Priority A, B, or C where items in Priority 'A' should generally be considered during the earlier years of the Action Plan, with those in Priority 'C' considered in the later years.

6.2.1 RECOMMENDATIONS - GOTTINGEN STREET

- 1. HRM should complete a parking analysis to determine the level of parking utilization for the Gottingen Street spaces and potential areas on adjacent streets that can accommodate additional parking.
- 2. HRM should install Option G3 along the entire corridor between Cogswell Street and North Street. This involves the removal of parking during the AM and PM peak periods and is considered the low investment option. Although this option does not specifically provide transit priority along this corridor it is expected to offer benefit to traffic progression along this corridor and provide overall road safety benefit addressing noted existing collision trend with parked vehicles.
- 3. HRM should install the transit priority measure at the Cornwallis Street to provide a queue jump for northbound buses.
- 4. HRM should consider a trial period where some parking additional parking is removed around the Cornwallis intersection to gather information on the effectiveness of providing a longer transit queue jump.
- 5. In the future the transit lane could be extended along the length of the corridor and consideration given to pedestrian half-signals at key pedestrian crossings.

PRIORITY 'A'

- Complete a parking analysis of utilization of parking on adjacent streets to develop a strategy to offset loss of parking along the Gottingen Street corridor.
- Implement Option G-3 (Remove parking / loading during peak periods).
- Design and install northbound transit priority measure at Cornwallis Street intersection.
- Consider some additional parking restrictions surrounding the Cornwallis Street intersection to extend the transit lane to improve operations.
- Design pedestrian half signal at Uniacke Street intersection.

PRIORITY 'B'

- Install pedestrian half signal at Uniacke Street intersection.
- Design pedestrian half signal at Cunard Street intersection.

PRIORITY 'C'

- Install pedestrian half signal at Cunard Street intersection.
- Implement continuous northbound transit lane for the full corridor on a trial basis.

6.2.2 RECOMMENDATIONS - BAYERS ROAD

Segment 1 - Romans Avenue to Halifax Shopping Centre (HSC):

1. HRM should plan for the installation of one transit only lane in each direction. In addition to providing benefit to transit during the peak direction it is expected to offer safety benefits when compared to a reversing lane and use of time of day transit lane signage.

Segment 2 - Halifax Shopping Centre (HSC) to Connaught Avenue:

2. Although the high investment option at the HSC segment is expected to create significant benefit to transit and nontransit vehicles, there are expected to be significant issues to implementation that may make this option infeasible. In addition to cost, Option 1 (overpass) is expected to have significant impacts to property with significant retaining walls and grading challenges. Option 2A through this segment provides the best overall balance of the project objectives as it is expected to provide significant transit priority while considering the urban form through this area. HRM should seek to implement the medium investment option (Option 2A) through the HSC segment.

Segment 3 - Connaught Avenue to Windsor Street:

- 3. Connaught Avenue is considered a key intersection along this corridor and two westbound lanes for non-transit vehicles should be provided approaching Connaught Avenue for a distance of approximately 100 metres.
- 4. HRM should plan for the implementation of the high investment option (one continuous transit lane in each direction) through this segment.
- 5. Depending on construction timelines, a phased approach could be implemented where:
 - a. Road widening between Connaught Avenue and Connolly Street could provide the transit priority lanes and maintain the two westbound through lanes. This could be accompanied by signage and marking modifications east of Connolly to provide a westbound transit lane while maintaining existing road width.
 - b. Widening east of Connolly Street should be completed in a subsequent construction phase.

Segment 4 - Windsor Street Intersection:

6. In addition to providing transit priority in both directions, the high investment option is expected to offer benefits by modifying the right turn channels from Windsor Street to provide improved lane geometry and alignment at the intersection and provide improved lane balance with recommended improvements in Segment 3. HRM should plan for the implementation of this option.

PRIORITY 'A'

- Initiate acquisition of identified properties to implement Option B-1.2 (Medium investment through HSC segment, High investment otherwise).
- Design and implement modifications for continuous transit lanes in both directions for Romans Avenue to HSC.
- Design and implement modifications for Option 2A (Medium investment) through the HSC segment. This should include road widening that extends 100 metres east of Connaught Avenue to provide transit priority and two westbound approach lanes at that intersection.
- Consider modifications to provide a westbound transit lane (Option 3) between Windsor Street and Connolly Street.
- Design modifications at the Windsor Street intersection.

PRIORITY 'B'

- Implement modifications at the Windsor Street intersection.
- Design modifications to install a transit lane in each direction between Connaught Avenue and Windsor Street.

PRIORITY 'C'

• Implement modifications to provide a continuous transit lane in each direction between Connolly Street and Windsor Street.



A FUNCTIONAL DESIGNS

Functional Designs Are Included in the HRM Staff Report



B PUBLIC CONSULTATION FEEDBACK FORMS

Public Consultation Feedback Forms Are Included in the HRM Staff Report



C ONLINE CONSULTATION RESULTS

Online Consultation Results Are Included in the HRM Staff Report



D COST ESTIMATES

HRM TRANSIT PRIORITY CORRIDORS - GOTTINGEN STREET HIGH LEVEL ESTIMATE OF PROBABLE COSTS

PROJECT NO.	171-09619
DATE:	Jan. 15, 2018
CLIENT:	HRM
CONSULTANT:	WSP
UNIT PRICE SOURCE:	WSP

NOTE:

1. HST NOT INCLUDED IN INDICATED UNIT PRICES AND TOTALS.

- 2. ESTIMATE BASED ON FUNCTIONAL DESIGN DRAWINGS PROVIDED FOR PUBLIC purposes this estimate should not be relied upon without considering these factors.
- 3. ALL PRICES SHOWN ARE IN 2017 CANADIAN DOLLARS.

Disclaimer: This estimate of probable construction cost is approximate only. Actual cost may vary significantly from this estimate due to market conditions such as material and labour costs, time of year, industry workload, competition, etc. This estimate has been prepared based on our experience with similar projects. This estimate has not been prepared by obtaining any estimates or quotes from contractors. Due to the uncertainties of what contractors bid, WSP cannot make any assurances that this estimate will be within a reasonable range of the tendered low bid. When assessing this project for business feasibility purposes this estimate should not be relied upon without considering these factors.

- 4. ESTIMATE DOES NOT INCLUDE ALLOWANCES FOR ENGINEERING, ADMINISTRATION OR INSPECTION FEES.
- 5. COSTS AND QUANTITIES ASSUME NO OTHER WORK IS BEING DONE IN CONJUNCTION WITH TRANSIT PRIORITY IMPROVEMENT MEASURES.
- 6. OPTION G3 (LOW INVESTMENT SCENARIO) IS NOT SHOWN SINCE THE ONLY COST IS FOR REPLACEMENT OF STOPPING / PARKING RESTRICTION SIGNS WHICH IS EXCLUDED FROM THESE ESTIMATES.

		Option G1*		Opti	on G2*		
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNITS	UNIT PRICE	QNTY.	COST	QNTY.	COST
STREET	CONSTRUCTION						
46	Signs (Incl. reinstatement)	each	\$1,500	4	\$6,000	2	\$3,000
ADDITIO	NAL ITEMS						
65.1	Pavement Markings	LS	Varies	1	\$14,100	1	\$10,800
65.2	Removal of Existing Pavement Markings	LS	Varies	1	\$6,000	1	\$6,000
65.3	Red In-Lay Reserved Lane Symbol	each	\$5,000	6	\$30,000	3	\$15,000
ELECTRI	CAL						
85	Installation of Half Signals	LS	\$75,000	2	\$150,000	2	\$150,000
MISCELL	ANEOUS						
93	Traffic Control	LS	Varies	1	\$25,000	1	\$25,000

Sub-Total	\$231,100	\$209,800
Contingency (30%)	\$69,330	\$62,940
ESTIMATED COST (excl. HST)	\$300,000	\$273,000

*OPTIONS

G1	Continuous Northbound Transit Lane
G2	NB Transit Priority at Key Intersections

HRM TRANSIT PRIORITY CORRIDORS HIGH LEVEL ESTIMATE OF PROBABLE COSTS



PROJECT NO.	171-09619	
DATE:	Jan. 15, 2018	Disclaimer: This estimate of probable construction cost is approximate only. Actual cost may vary significantly from this estimate due to market
CLIENT: CONSULTANT:	HRM WSP	conditions such as material and labour costs, time of year, industry workload, competition, etc. This estimate has been prepared based on our experience with similar projects. This estimate has not been prepared by obtaining any estimates or quotes from contractors. Due to the
UNIT PRICE SOURCE:	WSP	uncertainties of what contractors bid, WSP cannot make any assurances that this estimate will be within a reasonable range of the tendered low bid. When assessing this project for business feasibility purposes this estimate should not be relied upon without considering these factors.

NOTES:

1. HST NOT INCLUDED IN INDICATED UNIT PRICES AND TOTALS.

2. ESTIMATE BASED ON FUNCTIONAL DESIGN DRAWINGS PROVIDED FOR PUBLIC OPEN HOUSE ON SEPT. 28, 2017.

3. ALL PRICES SHOWN ARE IN 2017 CANADIAN DOLLARS.

4. ESTIMATE DOES NOT INCLUDE COST ALLOWANCES FOR PROPERTY ACQISITION, UTILITY POLE RELOCATION, ENGINEERING, ADMINISTRATION OR INSPECTION

5. COSTS AND QUANTITIES ASSUME ONLY A.T. TRAIL INSTALLATION AND NO ADDITIONAL WORK IS BEING DONE IN CONJUNCTION WITH TRANSIT PRIORITY IMPROVEMENT

6. STREET CONSTRUCTION UNIT PRICE INCLUDES PLACEMENT OF TYPE I AND TYPE II GRAVELS, AND TYPE B-HF AND TYPE C-HF ASPHALT.

7. OPTION B2 ASSUMES PLANNING AND OVERLAY OF 50mm TYPE C-HF ASPHALT FOR HALIFAX SHOPPING CENTER INTERSECTION AREA.

				Ont	ion B1.1	Ont	ion B1.2	Option B1.3		Option B2		Option B3	
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	UNITS	UNIT PRICE	QNTY.	COST	QNTY.	COST	QNTY.	COST	QNTY.	COST	QNTY.	COST
EARTHW		UNITS	UNIT FRICE	QINIT.	0031	QINIT.	031	QINIT.	0031	QINIT.	031	QINIT.	0031
3	Mass Excavation & Embankment		ć ar	F 000	¢125.000	2 5 0 0	¢62 500	0	ćo	2 5 0 0	¢62.500	500	¢12 500
-		m3	\$25		\$125,000	2,500	\$62,500	0	\$0		\$62,500	500	\$12,500
4	Excavation - Rock	m3	\$100		\$500,000	0	\$0		\$0		\$0	0	\$0
5	Unsuitable Material	m3	\$40		\$40,000	0	\$0		\$0		\$0	0	\$0
6	Replacement of Unsuitables	m3	\$55		\$55,000	0	\$0		\$0		\$0	0	\$0
7	Borrow	m3	\$25	10,000	\$250,000	0	\$0	0	\$0		\$0	0	\$0
9.2	Fine Grading of Road Surface	m2	\$2	14,000	\$28,000	10,530	\$21,060	4,300	\$8,600	9,150	\$18,300	1,800	\$3,600
WATER S	SYSTEM												
10	Pipe (Removal and Replacement)	m	\$750	400	\$300,000	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
11	Hydrant (Removal and Replacement)	each	\$7,500	2	\$15,000	0	\$0		\$0		\$0	0	\$0
13	Valve (Removal and Replacement)	each	\$5,000	10	\$50,000	0	\$0		\$0		\$0	0	\$0
14.3.1	Service Fittings (Removal and Replacement)	each	\$2,500	7	\$17,500	0	\$0 \$0		\$0 \$0		\$0	0	\$0
14.3.2	Service Pipe (Removal and Replacement)	m	\$2,500	70	\$17,500	0	\$0		\$0 \$0		\$0	0	\$0 \$0
						0			\$0 \$0			0	
15	Connection to Existing Main	each	\$6,000	6	\$36,000		\$0				\$0	-	\$0
17	Temporary Water Service	LS	\$50,000	1	\$50,000	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
	Y SYSTEM (COMBINED)		1				-						
	Gravity Pipe (Removal and Replacement)	m	\$750	400	\$300,000	0	\$0	0	\$0		\$0	0	\$0
	Manholes (Removal and Replacement)	each	\$8,500	22	\$187,000	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
23	Services (Removal and Replacement)	m	\$650	150	\$97,500	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
24	Connection to Existing Main	each	\$2,500	15	\$37,500	0	\$0		\$0		\$0	0	\$0
STORM S			1 7		1 - 7							-	
32.1	Catchbasin Relocation / Installation	each	\$6,500	56	\$364,000	41	\$266,500	31	\$201,500	30	\$195,000	15	\$97,500
33.2	Catchbasin Leads (Removal and Replacement)		\$600	392	\$235,200	287	\$172,200	217	\$130,200	210	\$195,000	105	\$63,000
	CONSTRUCTION	m	\$000	592	\$255,200	207	\$172,200	217	\$150,200	210	\$120,000	105	303,000
			4								4		
	Street Construction (Excavation, gravels, asphalt)	m2	\$125	,	\$1,750,000	5,530	\$691,250	-	\$537,500	4,150	\$518,750	1,800	\$225,000
	Mill & Asphalt Overlay (See Note 7)	m2	\$30	0	\$0		\$150,000	0	\$0		\$150,000	0	\$0
42.25	Street Removal	m2	\$10	7,000	\$70,000	1,250	\$12,500		\$10,250	630	\$6,300	300	\$3,000
43.2	Curb Installation	m	\$120	3,800	\$456,000	3,200	\$384,000	2,400	\$288,000	2,300	\$276,000	850	\$102,000
43.4	Curb Removal	m	\$20	3,500	\$70,000	3,100	\$62,000	2,550	\$51,000	2,100	\$42,000	850	\$17,000
44.1	Sidewalk Installation	m2	\$100		\$300,000	2,500	\$250,000	2,275	\$227,500	1,100	\$110,000	300	\$30,000
44.13	Sidewalk Removal	m2	\$15	4,700	\$70,500	4,700	\$70,500		\$62,250	2,800	\$42,000	1,350	\$20,250
44.14	Concrete Island	m2	\$130		\$143,000	1,050	\$136,500	380	\$49,400	1,000	\$130,000	330	\$42,900
44.15	Bus Pad Relocation	m2	\$130	1,100	\$26,000	1,050	\$130,300	130	\$26,000	1,000	\$130,000	130	\$42,900
44.16	Transit Bench / Shelter Relocation	each	\$1,500	1	\$1,500	1	\$1,500	1	\$1,500	1	\$1,500	1	\$1,500
44.17	A.T. Trail	m	\$130		\$234,000	1,800	\$234,000		\$234,000		\$223,600	1,720	\$223,600
45	Retaining Wall	m2	\$750	1,500	\$1,125,000	50	\$37,500	0	\$0	150	\$112,500	100	\$75,000
46.3	Signs	each	\$650	40	\$26,000	37	\$24,050	30	\$19,500	40	\$26,000	15	\$9,750
LANDSC	APING												
54.2	Tree Removal (< 400mm)	each	\$700	10	\$7,000	10	\$7,000	12	\$8,400	9	\$6,300	11	\$7,700
54.3	Tree Removal (> 400mm)	each	\$1,800	16	\$28,800	16	\$28,800	16	\$28,800	5	\$9,000	2	\$3,600
50	Topsoil & Sod	m2	\$15	6,000	\$90,000	5,000	\$75,000	3,750	\$56,250		\$52,500	2,500	\$37,500
57	Handrail / Fence	m	\$110		\$55,000	250	\$73,000		\$22,000		\$27,500	2,300	\$22,000
-	NAL ITEMS		Ļ ŞIIO	500	<i>\$33,</i> 000	230	Ψ Ζ 7,500	200	<i>722,000</i>	250	Υ <u></u> -7,300	200	<i>\$22,000</i>
		2	640F	800	604.000	60	¢C 200	20	62.450	120	¢12.000	<u> </u>	¢c 200
60	Trench Excavation - Rock	m3	\$105		\$84,000	60	\$6,300		\$3,150		\$12,600	60	\$6,300
61	Trench Excavation - Unsuitable Material	m3	\$55		\$44,000	60	\$3,300		\$1,650		\$6,600	60	\$3,300
62	Replacement of Unsuitable Material	m3	\$60		\$48,000	60	\$3,600		\$1,800		\$7,200	60	\$3,600
	Pavement Markings	LS	\$40,000	1	\$40,000	1	\$40,000		\$40,000		\$40,000	1	\$40,000
	Removal of Existing Pavement Markings	LS	\$10,000	1	\$10,000	1	\$10,000	1	\$10,000	1	\$10,000	1	\$10,000
65.3	Red In-Lay Reserved Lane Symbol	each	\$5,000	8	\$40,000	10	\$50,000	8	\$40,000	9	\$45,000	3	\$15,000
	MENTAL PROTECTION												
	Environmental Protection Allowance	LS	\$20,000	1	\$20,000	1	\$20,000	1	\$20,000	1	\$20,000	1	\$20,000
ELECTRI			<i>\$20,000</i>	-	÷20,000	-	÷20,000	-	÷20,000	-	÷20,000	-	÷20,000
85	Intersection Signals (Installation or Replacement)	LS	\$250,000	3	\$750,000	3	\$750,000	2	\$500,000	3	\$750,000	2	\$500,000
	5 (1 ,												
87	Street Lights	each	\$10,000		\$150,000	6	\$60,000		\$0	6	\$60,000	0	\$0
88	Traffic Signal Relocation	pole	\$10,000		\$40,000	4	\$40,000		\$80,000		\$20,000	4	\$40,000
	Intersection Traffic Signal Removal	LS	\$50,000		\$50,000	0	\$0		\$0		\$0	0	\$0
90 Undergrounding Electrical at Overpass LS \$300,000		1	\$300,000	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0		
MISCELL	ANEOUS												
91	Guiderail / Jersey Barrier Installation	m	\$150	450	\$67,500	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0	0	\$0
92	Natural Gas Pipe (Removal and Replacement)	m	\$350		\$70,000	0	\$0		\$0		\$0	0	\$0
93	Traffic Control	LS	Varies	1	\$600,000		\$250,000		\$150,000		\$250,000	1	\$100,000
	O/H Reversing Lane Sign Structures	each	\$40,000		\$000,000		\$230,000		\$130,000 \$0		\$400,000	3	\$120,000
	Bridge Structure	LS	\$3,000,000		\$0 \$3,000,000		\$0 \$0	0	\$0 \$0		\$400,000 \$0	0	
90	Bhage Structure	LS	33,000,000	1	\$3,000,000	0	Ş0	0	ŞU	0	ŞU	0	\$0

OPTIONS			Option B1.1	Option B1.2	Option B1.3	Option B2	Option B3
B1.1	High Investment Scenaio	Sub-Total	\$12,471,500	\$3,973,560	\$2,809,250	\$3,783,150	\$1,881,600
B1.2	High Investment with Medium HSC Scenario	Contingency (30%)	\$3,741,450	\$1,192,068	\$842,775	\$1,134,945	\$564,480
B1.3	High Investment with Low HSC Scenario	TOTAL COST (excl. HST)	\$16,213,000	\$5,166,000	\$3,652,000	\$4,918,000	\$2,446,000
B2	Medium Investment Scenaio]					

B3 Low Investment Scenaio



E SAMPLE DELAY AND PAYBACK CALCULATIONS

Using the Net User Delay Methodology developed in the *Transit Priority Measures Study* (WSP, 2016) as well the Transit ridership data and delay estimates obtained for each location it is possible to calculate the net road user delay during the subject peak hour as well as the payback periods associated with each measure. These equations are included below.

Net Change in Road User Delay = Net Transit User Delay + Net Non Transit User Delay

Where:

Net Change in Transit User Delay = Delay/Transit Vehicle x # Transit Vehicles x Average Ridership per Transit Vehicle

And,

Net Change in Non Transit User Delay = Delay/Non Transit Vehicle x # Non Transit Vehicles x Average Vehicle Occupancy

Note: Delay reductions will be a negative value while delay increases will be a positive value.

Daily Change in Cost to Transit

= Average Change in Delay/Transit Vehicle x # Transit Vehicles x Cost/hour for Transit Vehicle

Annual Change in Cost to Transit = Daily Change in Cost to Transit x Days/Year TPM is in Use

Daily Change in Cost to Public = Daily Change in Person Cost + Daily Change in nonTransit Vehicle Cost

Where

Daily Change in Person Cost

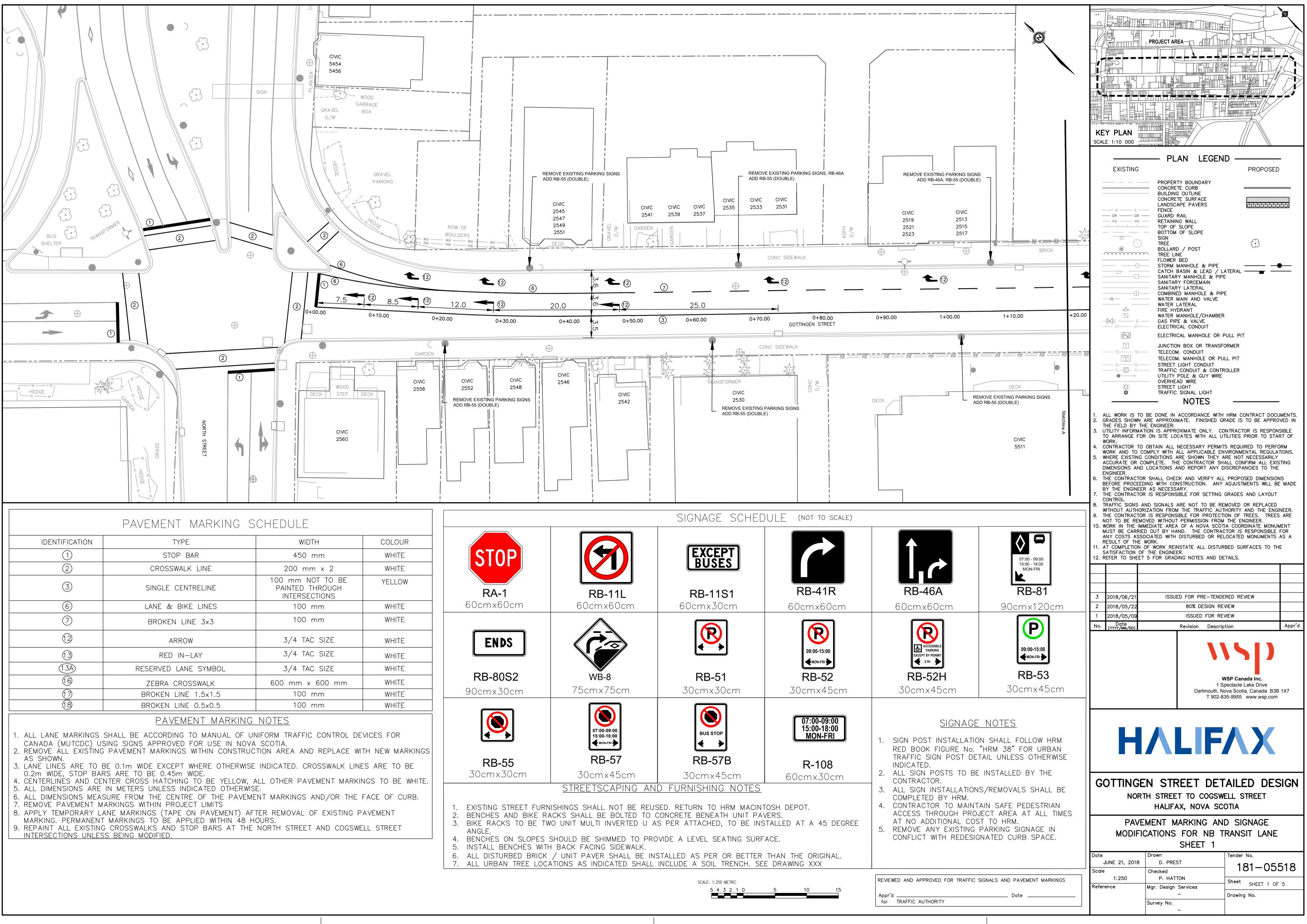
= Net Change in Road User Delay x # hours TPM will be in effect per day x Cost/hour for Road User

Daily Change in nonTransit Vehicle Cost

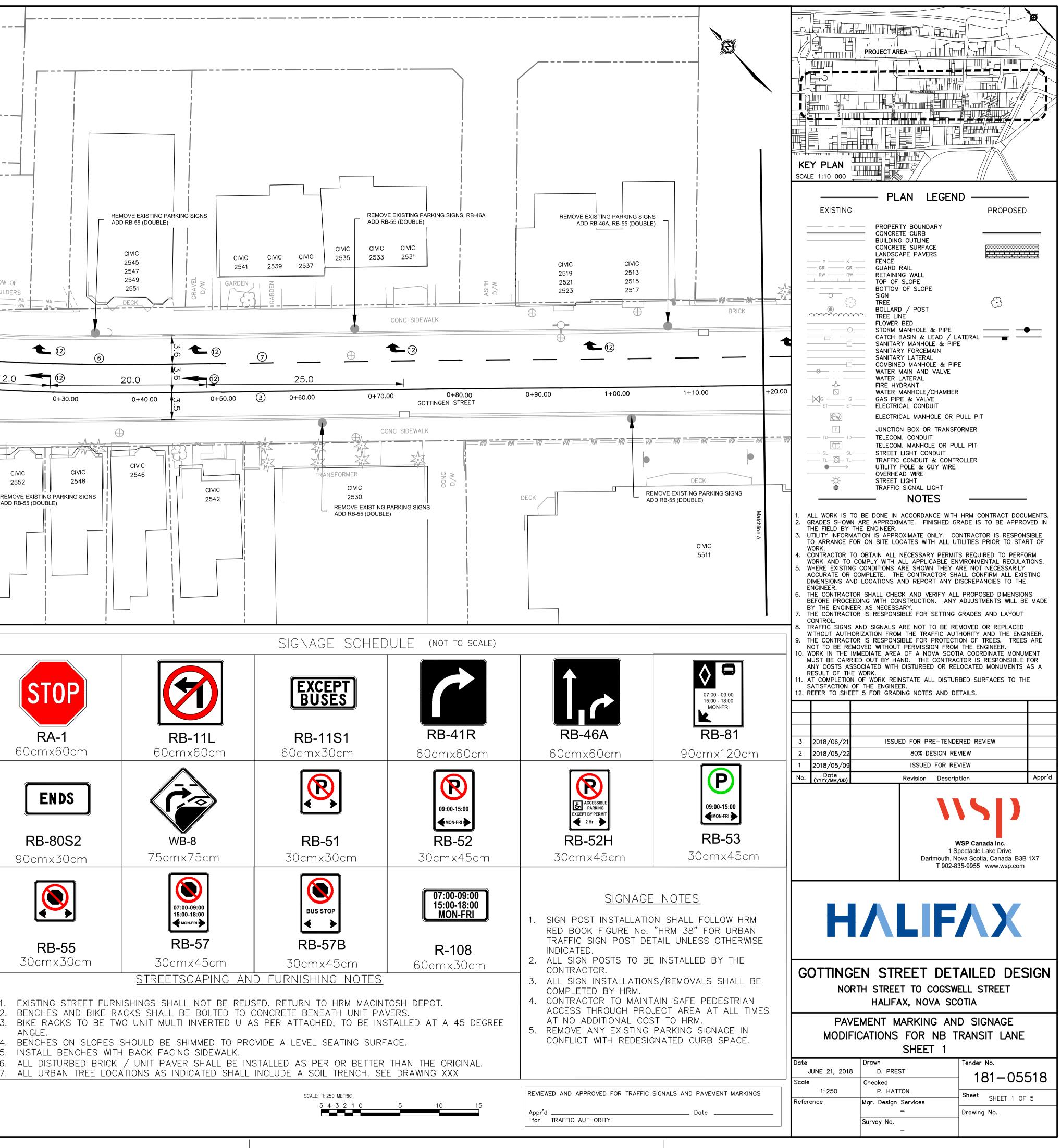
= Average delay change per nonTransit user x # of NonTransit vehicles x Cost /hour for nonTransit Vehicle

Annual Change in Cost to Public = Daily Change in Cost to Public x Days/Year TPM is in Use

Payback Period = TPM Capital Cost Annual Cost Savings to Transit + Annual Cost Savings to Public – Annual Change in Operating Cost

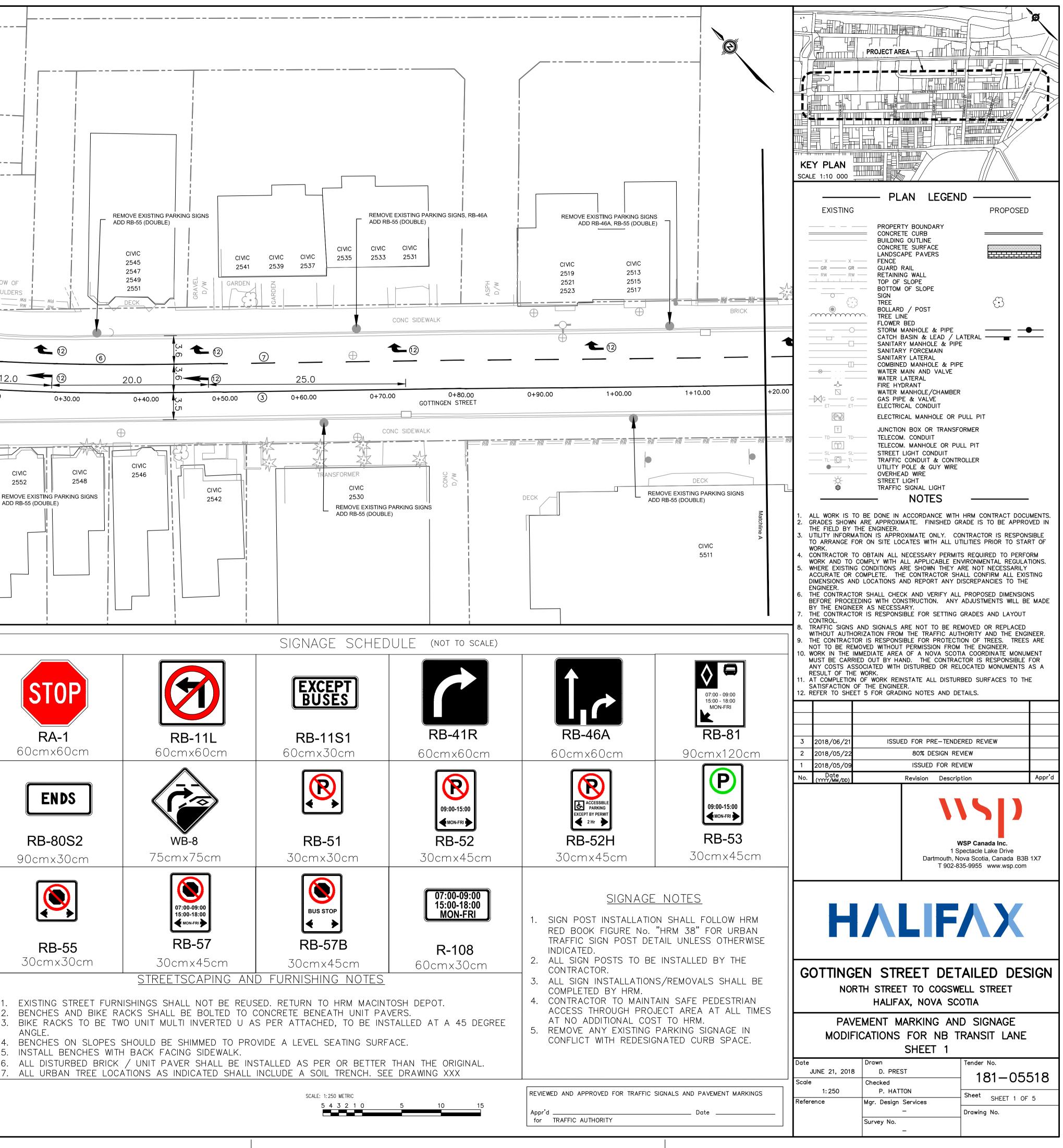


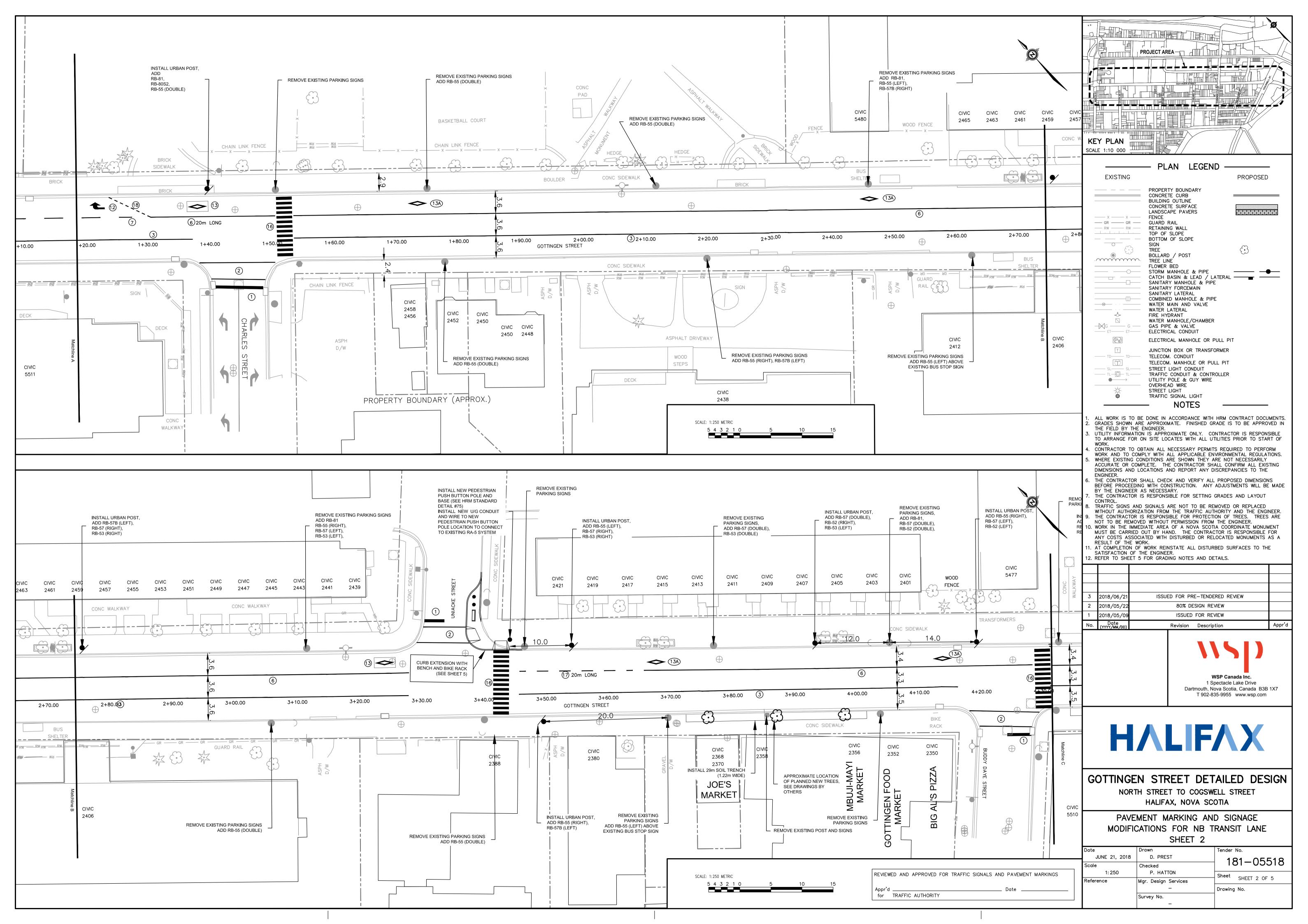
	PAVEMENT MARKING	SCHEDULE	
IDENTIFICATION	TYPE	WIDTH	COLOUR
1	STOP BAR	450 mm	WHITE
2	CROSSWALK LINE	200 mm x 2	WHITE
3	SINGLE CENTRELINE	100 mm NOT TO BE PAINTED THROUGH INTERSECTIONS	YELLOW
6	LANE & BIKE LINES	100 mm	WHITE
7	BROKEN LINE 3×3	100 mm	WHITE
(12)	ARROW	3/4 TAC SIZE	WHITE
13	RED IN-LAY	3/4 TAC SIZE	WHITE
(13A)	RESERVED LANE SYMBOL	3/4 TAC SIZE	WHITE
16	ZEBRA CROSSWALK	600 mm x 600 mm	WHITE
17	BROKEN LINE 1.5x1.5	100 mm	WHITE
18	BROKEN LINE 0.5×0.5	100 mm	WHITE

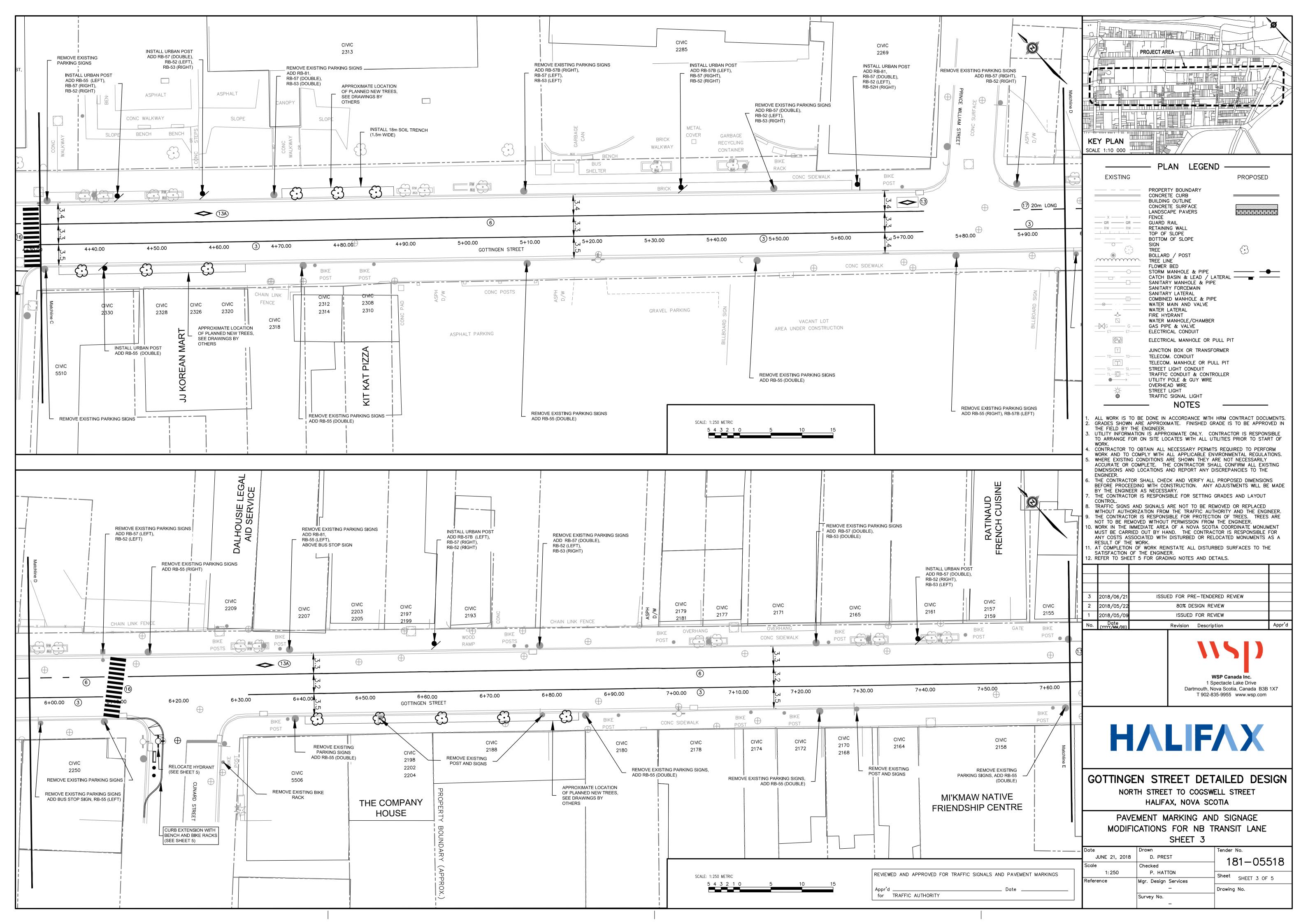


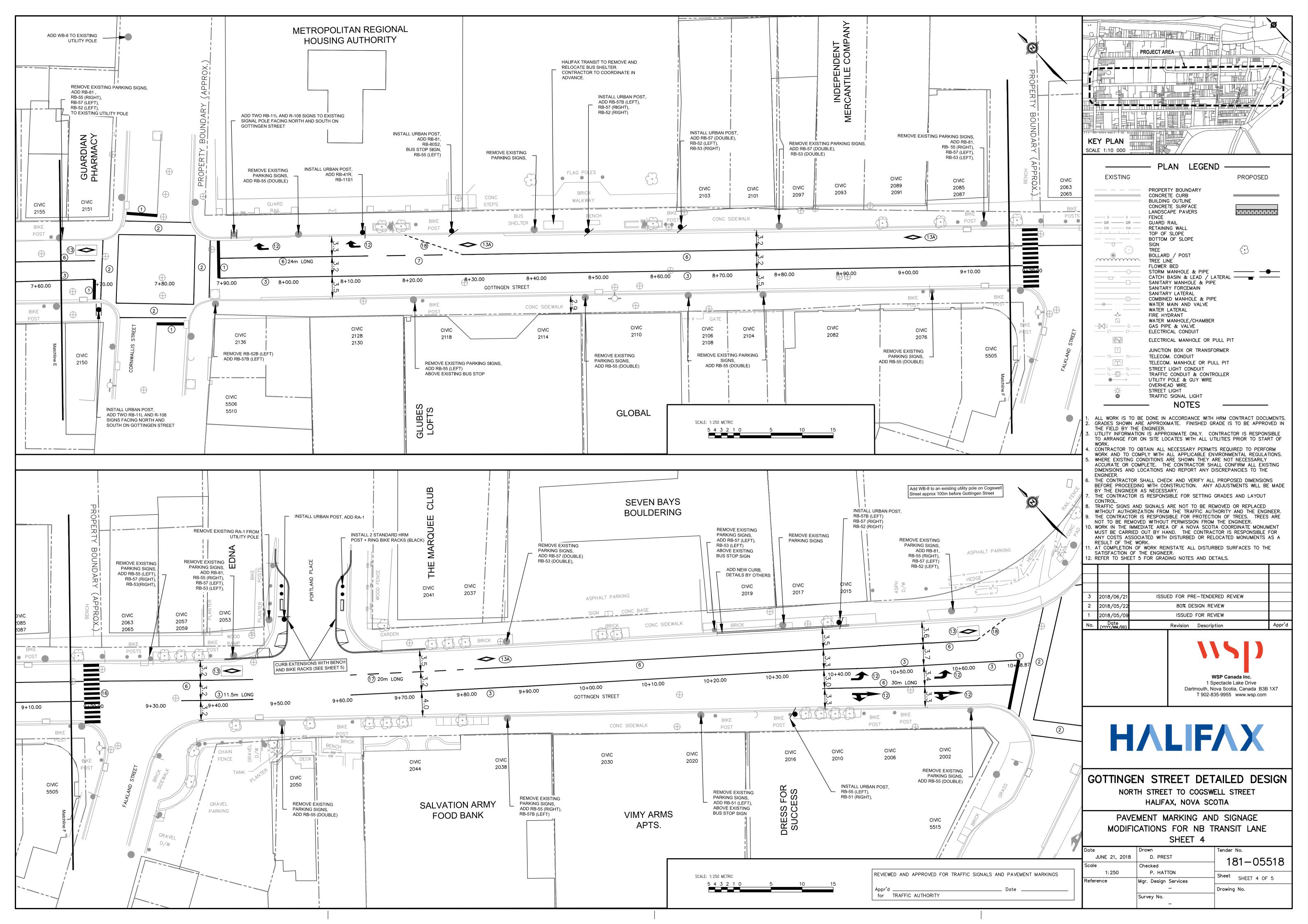


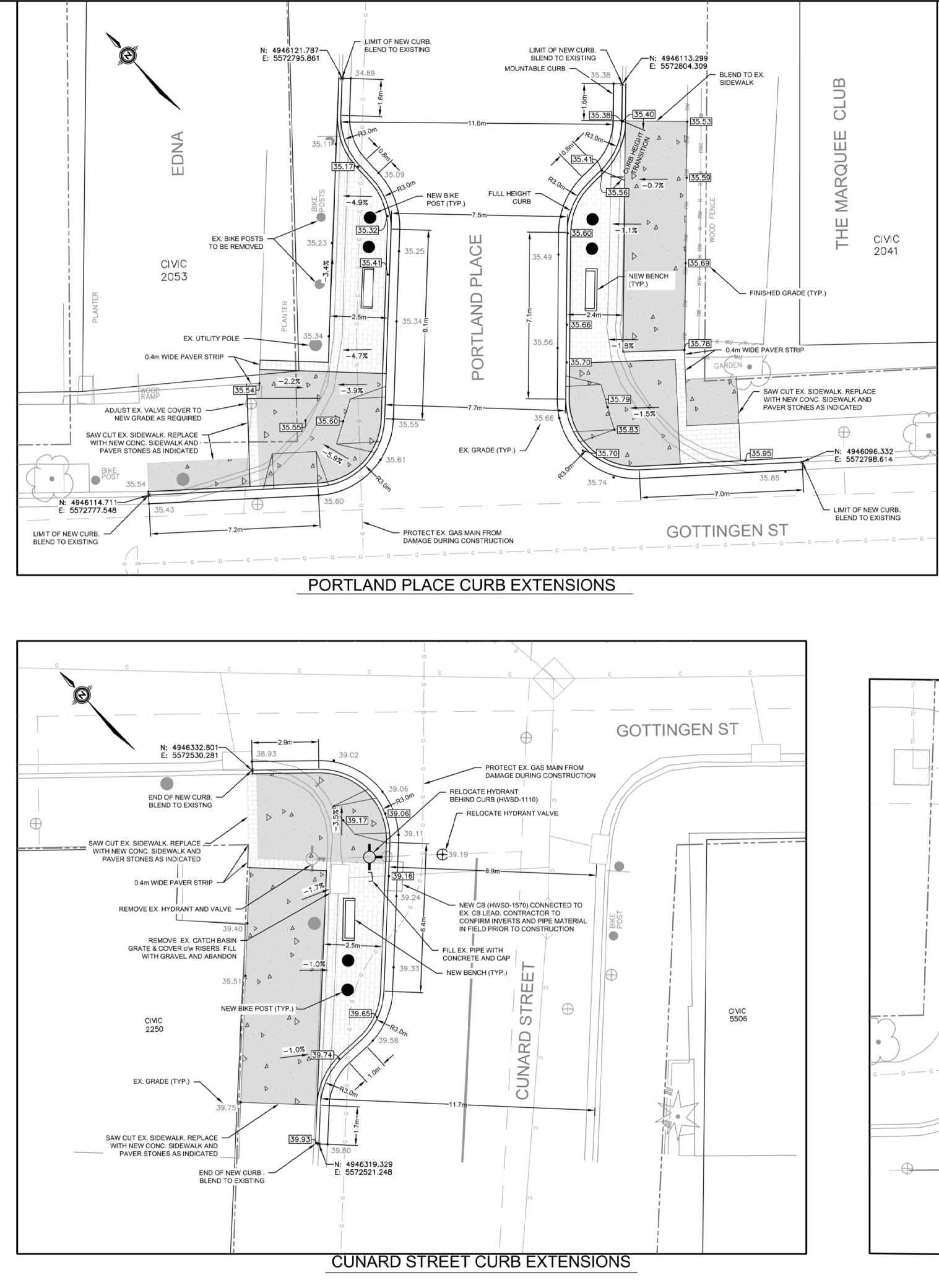












- 1. ALL WORKS TO BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH HALIFAX REGIONAL MUNICIPALITY MUNICIPAL DESIGN GUIDELINES, LATEST EDITION. 2. ALL WORKS TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 'STANDARD SPECIFICATION FOR MUNICIPAL SERVICES" PREPARED JOINTLY BY THE NOVA SCOTIA ROAD BUILDERS ASSOCIATION AND THE CONSULTING ENGINEERS OF NOVA SCOTIA,
- CURRENT EDITION. 3. ALL MUNICIPAL SERVICES TO BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH HALIFAX
- WATER DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATION, LATEST EDITION. 4. ALL WORKS TO BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS OF
- THE NOVA SCOTIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT.
- 5. CONTRACTOR TO OBTAIN ALL NECESSARY PERMITS REQUIRED TO PERFORM WORKS. COMPLY WITH ALL PERMIT REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS.
- 6. CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY EXISTING SERVICE LOCATIONS IN FIELD PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. DISCREPANCIES TO BE REPORTED IMMEDIATELY TO PROJECT ENGINEER. CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY LOCATIONS A MINIMUM OF 3 BUSINESS DAYS PRIOR TO ANY PLANNED WORK IN THE AREA.
- 7. CONTRACTOR TO NOTIFY HALIFAX REGIONAL MUNICIPALITY AND THE HALIFAX REGIONAL WATER COMMISSION REGARDING CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE PRIOR TO COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION.
- 8. CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY EXISTING SERVICE LOCATIONS SUCH AS NATURAL GAS SERVICE (IF APPLICABLE), ALIANT SERVICES, AND NSPI SERVICES. COORDINATION TO BE COMPLETED WITH THE APPROPRIATE UTILITIES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 9. CONTRACTOR TO CONTACT HERITAGE GAS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION TO VERIFY LOCATION AND CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS FOR WORKING ADJACENT TO GAS LINES.
- 10. CONTRACTOR TO VERIFY EXISTING GRADES, INCLUDING SURROUNDING GRADES, PRIOR TO LOT GRADING WORK. ANY DISCREPANCIES TO BE REPORTED TO THE ENGINEER IMMEDIATELY. MINIMUM SLOPE TO BE 0.5% FOR PARKING AREA. MAXIMUM SLOPE FOR LANDSCAPED AREAS 3H:1V.
- 11. DRAWINGS SUBJECT TO APPROVAL BY HRM AND HRWC PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 12. GEOTECHNICAL WORKS TO BE CERTIFIED BY PROJECT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER.
- 13. TESTING OF SITE SERVICES TO BE TO HALIFAX WATER DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS, LATEST EDITION.
- 14. DO NOT SUBSTITUTE MATERIALS UNLESS PRIOR WRITTEN APPROVAL IS
- GIVEN BY THE PROJECT ENGINEER. 15. ELEVATIONS ARE GEODETIC, DERIVED FROM N.S.C.M. 4830, HAVING A PUBLISHED ELEVATION OF 45.001 METRES.
- 16. ELEVATIONS REFER TO NOVA SCOTIA COORDINATE MONUMENT NO. 4830 (NORTHING=4945961.144, EASTING=5572697.466, 1979-MTM HAVING A GEODETIC ELEVATION OF 45.001 METRES. CONTRACTOR TO CONTACT WSP FOR LAYOUT CONTROL INFORMATION PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 17. ACCEPTABLE CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURE MAY BE OBTAINED FROM "EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL HANDBOOK FOR CONSTRUCTION SITES". CURRENT EDITION BY THE NOVA SCOTIA DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE NECESSARY REPAIRS TO SEDIMENTATION AND EROSION CONTROL DEVICES AS NEEDED.

18. ALL STORM MANHOLES AND CATCHBASINS TO BE PRECAST WITH A-LOC GASKETS FOR ALL PIPE CONNECTIONS.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES

- 19. ALL MANHOLE COVERS FOR WATER WORKS TO BE IMP R90, MARKED "HRWC".
- 20. ALL CATCHBASINS TO BE 1050MMØ PRECAST CONCRETE WITH FRAME AND GRATE AS FOLLOWS: IMP S361 FOR STANDARD CURB & GUTTER APPLICATIONS. IMP S441 FOR MOUNTABLE CURB APPLICATIONS (DRIVEWAY CUTS). IMP NB STANDARD FOR OFF-STREET APPLICATIONS.
- 21. ALL MANHOLES LOCATED OFF STREET TRAVELLED WAY TO HAVE IMP R12 BOLT DOWN COVERS. 22. CONTRACTOR TO SUPPLY TO THE ENGINEER A VIDEO INSPECTION REPORT
- CATCHBASIN LEADS IF APPLICABLE. 23. INSULATION TO BE HI40 ROAD AND TRAFFIC RATED, 50MM RIGID
- STYROFOAM 24. PEDESTRIAN RAMPS SHALL BE INSTALLED AT ALL INTERSECTIONS. PEDESTRIAN RAMPS SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM OF 1500MM (5 FT.) LOW BACK CURB AND A 400MM (16 INCH) TAPER ON BOTH ENDS.
- 25. TACTILE WARNING STRIPS (YELLOW) TO BE INSTALLED AT ALL NEW PEDESTRIAN RAMPS.
- 26. SIDEWALKS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED OF 35 MPA (5000 PSI) CONCRETE, 6% AIR-ENTRAINED, AND 75MM (3 IN.) SLUMP.
- 27. GRAVEL BASE SHALL BE 150MM (6 IN.) TYPE 1 COMPACTED TO 98% STANDARD PROCTOR DENSITY AND SHALL EXTEND 150MM (6 IN.) OUTSIDE OF EACH EDGE OF THE CONCRETE SIDEWALK.
- 28. THE SIDEWALK SLAB SHALL BE A CONTINUOUS POUR WITH CONTROL JOINTS OF ONE QUARTER THE SLAB THICKNESS AT EVERY 1525MM (5 FT.) ALONG THE LENGTH OF THE SIDEWALKS. CONTROL JOINTS SHALL BE DONE EITHER BY A DOUBLE EDGER OR A CONCRETE SAW. CONCRETE JOINTS OF A MASTIC FIBROUS MATERIAL EXTENDING TOTALLY THROUGH THE CONCRETE SLAB SHALL BE PLACED AS FOLLOWS: WHERE FRESH CONCRETE IS TO BE POURED AGAINST PREVIOUSLY A)
- POURED CONCRETE WHERE SIDEWALK ABUTS CURBS B) AROUND ALL STRUCTURES ABUTTING THE SIDEWALKS (POLES, C)
- CATCHBASINS, ETC.) 28. ASPHALT RESTORATION TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH HALIFAX STANDARD DETAIL "HRM 54".
- 29. ASPHALT STRUCTURE TO BE APPROVED BY PROJECT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER AND AT A MINIMUM BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH HRM ROAD CLASSIFICATION FOR ARTERIAL ROADWAYS. 50MM C-HF
- 100MM B-HF

SCALE: 1:100 METRIC

APPROVED TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN.

Ì U/G NSPI - END OF NEW CURB. BLEND TO EXISTNG 4946535.474 E: 5572347.683 41.55 EX. GRADE (TYP.) - FINISHED GRADE (TYP.) - EX. GUY ANCHOR Ш $\boldsymbol{\alpha}$ ST - EX UTILITY POLE NEW BIKE POST (TYP.) 41.89 -2.5% CKE 41.87 UNIA 0.4m WIDE PAV 42.0 _ _ _ _ - SAW WITH PAV \oplus **GOTTINGEN ST**

AND MANDREL TEST FOR ALL SANITARY AND STORM PIPEWORK INCLUDING

30. STREET CLOSURE WILL BE PERMITTED FOR PAVEMENT MARKINGS WITH AN

CIVIC
2421
VER STRIP
CUT EX. SIDEWALK. REPLACE I NEW CONC. SIDEWALK AND R STONES AS INDICATED
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	x x	CONCRETE SURFACE LANDSCAPE PAVERS FENCE	
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		TOP OF SLOPE BOTTOM OF SLOPE	
	*° 😳	SIGN TREE BOLLARD / POST	
		BOLLARD / POST TREE LINE FLOWER BED	
	0	STORM MANHOLE & PIPE CATCH BASIN & LEAD / LATE	
		SANITARY MANHOLE & PIPE SANITARY FORCEMAIN SANITARY LATERAL	
	 	SANITARY LATERAL COMBINED MANHOLE & PIPE WATER MAIN AND VALVE	
		WATER LATERAL FIRE HYDRANT	
	—₩c c	WATER MANHOLE/CHAMBER GAS PIPE & VALVE	
	ET ET	ELECTRICAL CONDUIT ELECTRICAL MANHOLE OR PU	LL PIT
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1. 2.		D BE DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH H ARE APPROXIMATE. FINISHED GRAD	
з.	UTILITY INFORMA	TION IS APPROXIMATE ONLY. CONTI DN SITE LOCATES WITH ALL UTILITIES	
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Parking Loss Mitigation Plan

Gottingen Street Transit Priority Corridor

Prepared by:

Strategic Transportation Planning June 2018





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Introduction

Background

The proposed peak period transit lane on Gottingen Street will impact on-street parking and loading activities. Recognizing the importance of both of these curbside activities to businesses and residents of the area, Regional Council has directed staff to prepare a plan that reviews the impacts resulting from the design and identifies opportunities to mitigate any anticipated losses.

In preparing the detailed design and parking loss mitigation plan, staff have completed an investigation of existing on-street parking and loading activities on Gottingen Street that included a detailed parking / loading inventory, collection of utilization data, and consultation with local stakeholders and the public.

Objectives

The objective of the parking loss mitigation plan is to understand the current parking and loading conditions on Gottingen Street and identify design options that aim to reduce the net loss of both.

Existing On-Street Parking

Existing Parking Supply

Curb access on Gottingen Street currently includes a mixture of time-restricted on-street parking (including designated accessible spaces), unrestricted on-street parking, loading, and bus stops. There are also several locations where curb access is prohibited due to insufficient width or due to proximity to intersections, crosswalks, and fire hydrants. Figure 1 summarizes existing curbside access on Gottingen Street. Existing parking and loading is presented in a more detailed manner for Gottingen Street and the surrounding streets in Figures 2-5.

There are approximately 52 parking spaces on Gottingen Street between North Street and Cogswell Street during off-peak hours. During peak hours, the 24 parking spaces on the east side of the street are restricted ("No Stopping" between 4-6pm). The 28 parking spaces on the west side of the street are available during all hours of the day.

Parking time restrictions vary from 15-60 minutes along Gottingen Street. The supply of short duration parking is intended to promote turnover, and increase the ease of accessing businesses and other uses on the street.



Figure 1: Existing Curbside Inventory -- Gottingen Street



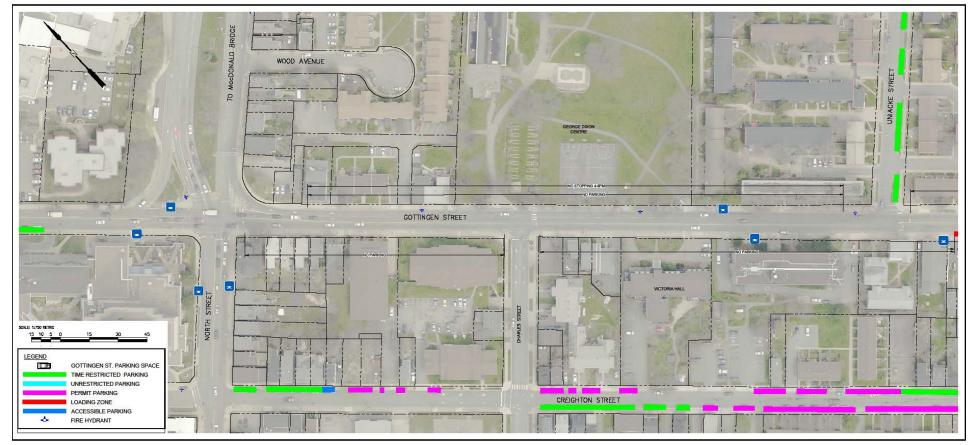


Figure 2: Existing Conditions – North Street to Uniacke Street

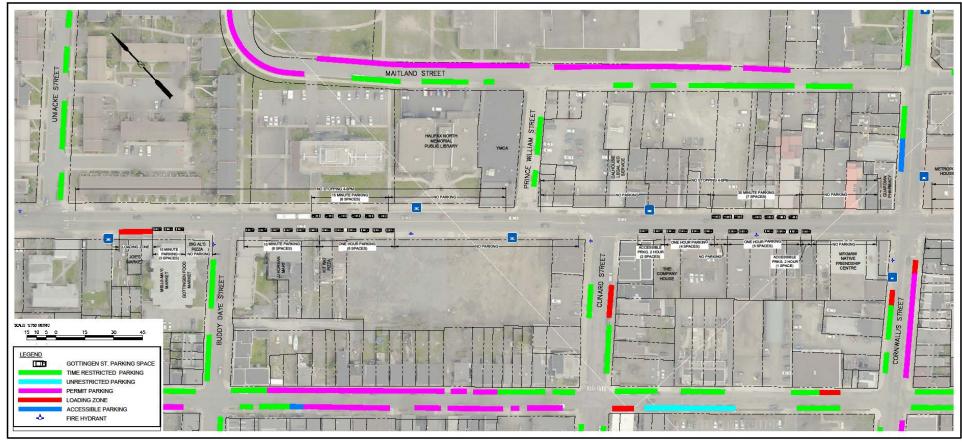


Figure 3: Existing Conditions – Uniacke Street to Cornwallis Street

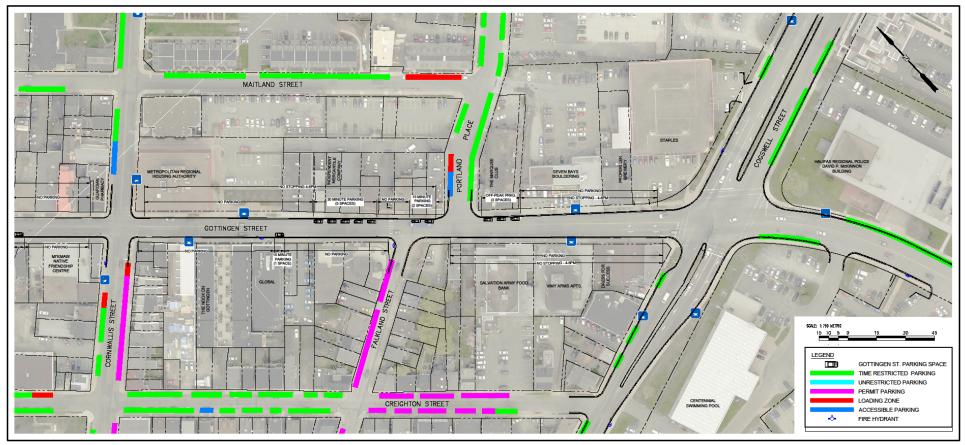


Figure 4: Existing Conditions – Cornwallis Street to Cogswell Street

Existing Parking Utilization

Parking utilization observations were made over a 7-hour period on Thursday, February 8 and Wednesday, April 25, 2018 on Gottingen Street and the surrounding streets within a one block radius. A staff survey was completed on Thursday, February 8th, 2018 and a consultant survey was completed on Wednesday, April 25th, 2018. Both surveys had consistent results, indicating average parking occupancy on Gottingen Street was 54-55% between 9am and 4pm, and the average time a vehicle remained in the same parking space was 85-90 minutes. Average parking utilization aggregated for all side streets ranged between 60-66% for the two days.

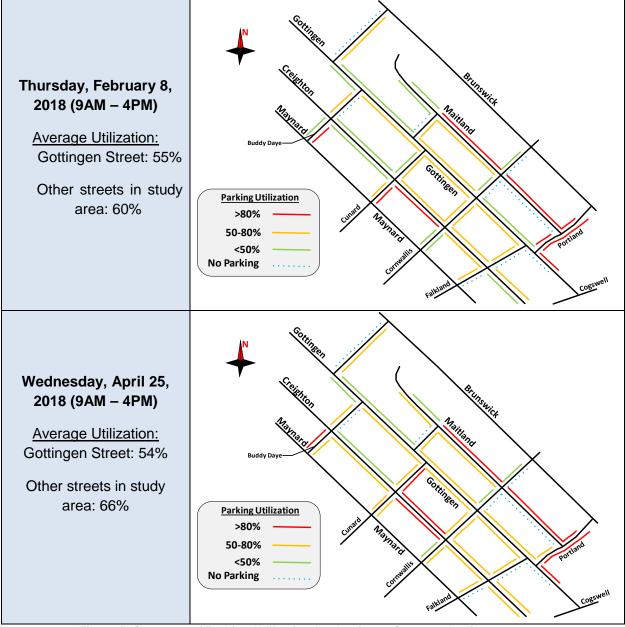


Figure 5: Summary of Parking Utilization for Gottingen Street and adjacent streets

Existing On-Street Loading

Existing Loading Supply

The Nova Scotia *Motor Vehicle Act* allows stopping temporarily within a "No Parking" zone while engaged in loading or unloading. Areas intended for loading are signed "No Parking" along Gottingen Street; there is also one formally signed "Loading Zone' near Uniacke Street. Curbside space on the street is currently not optimized for on-street parking, which benefits the supply of areas where loading is permitted along the street. Total "No Parking" areas range between 60-120m per block on the blocks with commercial businesses.

Existing Loading Operations

Currently, the majority of on-street loading takes place from open parking spaces or No Parking zones. Some businesses in the Portland Place area also have off-street loading. Loading can currently take place on the west side of Gottingen Street any time of day, and is restricted from 4-6pm on the east side (signed "No Stopping" during this period).

Staff completed a survey of businesses on Gottingen Street to better understand current loading operations. The survey included questions related to typical loading activities including time of day, frequency, location, and vehicle type. Key findings included:

- Loading Frequency / Duration:
 - While some businesses in the study area have alternative loading options, nearly every business surveyed indicated that they received curbside deliveries on Gottingen Street at least once a month
 - o 59% of respondents load during weekdays and outside of peak hours exclusively;
 - 83% of respondents indicated typical loading operations have a duration of 30 minutes or less;
 - Of businesses that receive deliveries daily or multiple times daily, 58% report a delivery duration of 15 minutes or less.

Loading Vehicle:

 Five of the respondents indicated that they have some deliveries by tractor trailer. Other businesses receive deliveries from smaller delivery trucks and couriers, cargo vans, and cars.

• Loading Location:

 Nearly every business surveyed indicated that loading activities typically take place directly in front of the business.



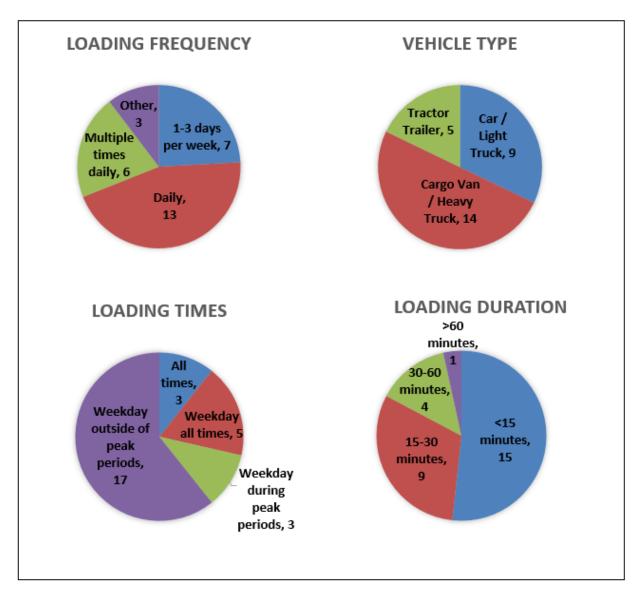


Figure 6: Loading operations survey results



Proposed Impacts to Parking and Loading

Proposed Street Configuration

The proposed configuration for the Gottingen Street transit priority corridor, as summarized in Figure 7, includes a time-restricted northbound transit lane on the east side of Gottingen Street that provides dedicated space for buses during weekday peak traffic periods (7AM-9AM, 3PM-6PM). During off-peak periods, the lane accommodates time-regulated parking and loading. Right-turning traffic are also permitted to use the lane at intersections.

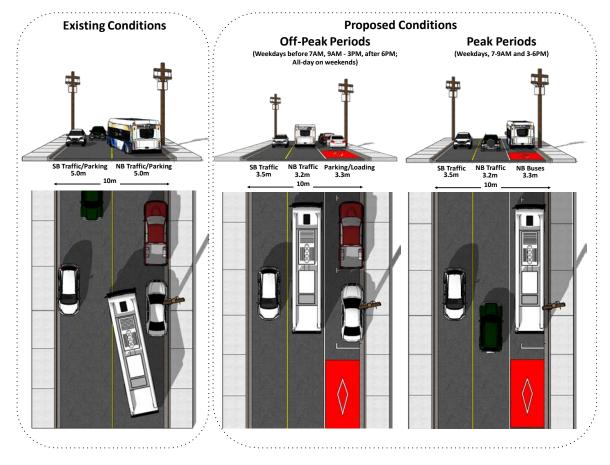


Figure 7: Existing and proposed typical cross section (looking to the north) - Gottingen Street

Parking and Loading Impacts

The proposed street layout will have a notable impact to parking and loading operations. All parking and loading will be restricted on the west side of Gottingen Street throughout the day. This trade off is necessary to organize the street in a way that allows for a peak hour transit only lane. The proposed design organizes the available parking and loading in a manner that optimizes parking more than current conditions. With the proposed design, loading areas are allocated on each block depending on the availability of off-street and side street loading, the size of vehicles being used for loading, length of each block, and the density of businesses. The number of parking spaces and "No Parking" (loading permitted) areas under existing and proposed conditions are summarized in Table 1.



		# 01	f On-Street Off-p Parking Spaces		Parking Usage			arking Permitted)
		Existing	Proposed	Net Change	Average Occupancy	Average Duration	Existing	Proposed
North Street to	East Side	0	6	+6	-	-	330 m	0 m
Uniacke Street	West Side	0	0	-	-	-	330 m	0 m
Uniacke Street to	East Side	6	15	+9	14%	40 mins	100 m	66 m
Prince William Street	West Side	15	0	-15	46%	66 mins	20 m	0 m
Prince William Street	East Side	7	9	+2	51%	96 mins	35 m	42 m
to Cornwallis Street	West Side	12	0	-12	75%	148 mins	25 m	0 m
Cornwallis Street to	East Side	7	10	+3	53%	60 mins	35 m	12 m
Portland Place	West Side	1	0	-1	61%	54 mins	25 m	0 m
Portland Place to	East Side	4	4	-	90%	285 mins	12 m	12 m
Cogswell Street	West Side	0	0	-	-	-	75 m	12 m
	Total	52	44	-8	55%	87 mins	987	144

Table 1: Approximate Parking and Loading Inventory

The following sections provide a segment-by-segment review of existing and proposed parking and loading supply.

North Street to Uniacke Street

Existing and proposed parking / loading for the section of Gottingen Street between North Street and Uniacke Street is summarized in Table 2.

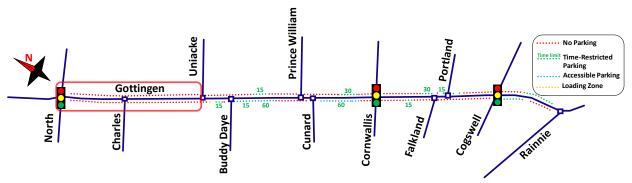


Figure 8: North Street to Uniacke Street Parking and No Parking (Loading Permitted) Areas

		# of On-Street Off-peak Parking Spaces			Parking Usage		No Parking (Loading Permitted)	
		Existing	Proposed	Net Change	Average Occupancy	Average Duration	Existing	Proposed
North Street to Uniacke Street	East Side	0	6	+6	-	-	330 m	0 m
	West Side	0	0	-	-	-	330 m	0 m
	Total	0	6	+6	-	-	330 m	0 m

Table 2: North Street to Uniacke Street Curbside	Inventory
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Parking

The proposed design will add six off-peak parking spaces to the east side of the street, near the intersection of Uniacke Street. Previously, there was no parking in this section.

Loading

Gottingen Street in this area is currently signed as "No Parking", so loading could take place, but there is relatively low demand for on-street loading through this block. Most properties are residential and have off-street parking and loading. Curbside space will become "No Stopping".

Uniacke Street to Prince William Street

Existing and proposed parking / loading for the section of Gottingen Street between Uniacke Street and Prince William Street is summarized in Table 3..

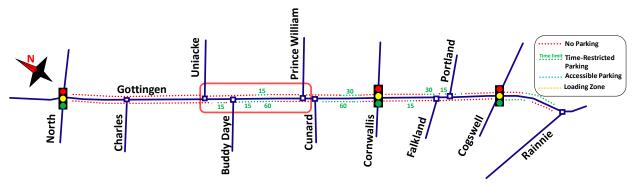


Figure 9: Uniacke Street to Prince William Street Parking and No Parking (Loading Permitted) Areas

		# of On-Street Off-peak Parking Spaces		Parking Usage		No Parking (Loading Permitted)		
		Existing	Proposed	Net Change	Average Occupancy	Average Duration	Existing	Proposed
Uniacke Street to	East Side	6	15	+9	14%	40 mins	100 m	66 m
Prince William Street	West Side	15	0	-15	46%	66 mins	20 m	0 m
	Total	21	15	-6	37%	60 mins	120 m	66m

Table 3: Uniacke Street to Prince William Street Curbside Inventory

Parking

The proposed design will remove six spaces over the 230m section of street. Parking will be prohibited on the west side, and there will be 15 parking spaces on the east side. The parking utilization data indicated average occupancy of 37% and average parking duration of 60 minutes, with many of those vehicles being in the 15-minute zones. Given the relatively low utilization and turnover, it is expected that increased enforcement improved parking turnover should mitigate the impacts of the six parking spaces that will be lost.

Loading

The proposed configuration includes approximately 66m of "No Parking" (loading permitted) areas on the east side of the street. These "No Parking" are located near marked crosswalks, where possible, which enables wheeled lifts to use curb ramps. Some businesses indicated that they receive deliveries from tractor trailers, so two loading zones were placed near these businesses that would accommodate larger vehicles. When a tractor trailer is not parked in theses spaces, two mid-sized trucks could fit within the same area. Although side street loading on Buddy Daye Street was considered for additional loading area, it has not been recommended as it would necessitate removal of existing parking spaces large trucks would be difficult to accommodate, and would require trucks to exit via the surrounding residential streets.



Prince William Street to Cornwallis Street

Existing and proposed parking / loading for the section of Gottingen Street between Prince William Street and Cornwallis Street is summarized in Table 4.

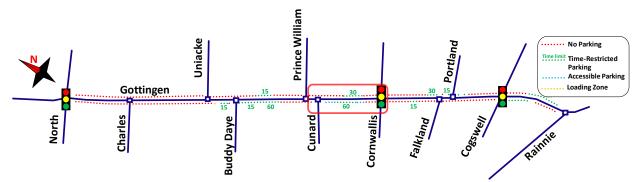


Figure 10: Prince William Street to Cornwallis Street Parking and No Parking (Loading Permitted) Areas

		# of On-Street Off-peak Parking Spaces		Parking Usage		No Parking (Loading Permitted)		
		Existing	Proposed	Net Change	Average Occupancy	Average Duration	Existing	Proposed
Prince William Street to	East Side	7	9	+2	51%	96 mins	35 m	42 m
Cornwallis Street	West Side	12	0	-12	75%	148 mins	25 m	0 m
	Total	19	9	-10	66%	130 mins	60 m	42 m

Table 4: Prince William Street to Cornwallis Street Curbside Inventory

Parking

The proposed design has 9 parking spaces on the east side, and none on the west, for a total loss of 10 spaces on this segment. This block has existing 30-60 minute timed parking restrictions. The parking utilization data indicated average occupancy of 66% and average parking duration of 130 minutes Long term parking within this section has a negative impact on the intended high turnover parking operations for this mixed used commercial and residential street. With increased enforcement, drivers who are currently parking for extended periods of time will no longer be permitted to park on Gottingen Street. Given the moderate utilization and low turnover, it is expected that increased enforcement improved parking turnover should mitigate the impacts of the six parking spaces that will be lost.

Loading

This section is dense with commercial uses, and was found to have varying loading needs for both time and vehicle type. Two loading zones are proposed for this block – one at the Gottingen Street – Cornwallis Street intersection that can accommodate a tractor trailer or multiple smaller delivery trucks (this will allow loading operations to access a signalized crosswalk, with curb cuts, and allow access to both sides of the street); a second loading zone has been proposed as far north as possible, while maintaining the current bus stop location. There are also existing loading zones on Cunard Street and Cornwallis Street that are accessible by businesses on the west side of the street.



Cornwallis Street to Portland Place

Existing and proposed parking / loading for the section of Gottingen Street between Cornwallis Street and Portland Place is summarized in Table 5.

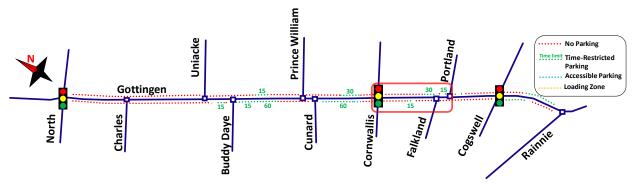


Figure 11: Cornwallis Street to Portland Street Parking and No Parking (Loading Permitted) Areas

		+ of On-Street Off # Parking Spaces			Parking Usage		No Parking (Loading Permitted)	
_		Existing	Proposed	Net Change	Average Occupancy	Average Duration	Existing	Proposed
Cornwallis Street to Portland Place	East Side	7	10	+3	53%	60 mins	35 m	12 m
	West Side	1	0	-1	61%	54 mins	25 m	0 m
	Total	8	10	+2	54 %	60	60 m	12 m

Parking

This block currently has one legal parking space on the west side. It will be removed, but there will be 3 spaces added to the east side. There will be a net gain of 2 parking spaces. The parking utilization survey found that average occupancy was 54% and average duration was approximately 60 minutes. The current parking controls are 15-30 minutes on this block.

Loading

Some businesses on this block can load off-street, and others are able to load from side streets. All loading surveys that were received from businesses on this block indicated that mid-sized trucks and cargo vans are typically used for loading and deliveries. The design has incorporated a 12m loading zone suitable for mid-sized delivery trucks located at mid-block (where fewer businesses have the option to load off-street or from side streets).



Portland Place to Cogswell Street

Existing and proposed parking / loading for the section of Gottingen Street between Portland Place and Cogswell Street is summarized in Table 6.

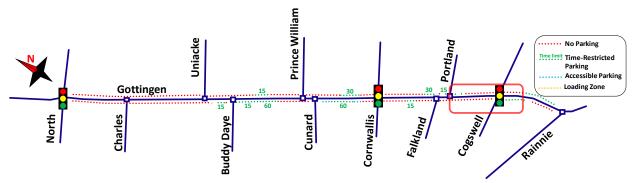


Figure 12: Portland Place to Cogswell Street Parking and No Parking (Loading Permitted) Areas

		# of On-Street Off-peak Parking Spaces		Parking Usage		No Parking (Loading Permitted)		
		Existing	Proposed	Net Change	Average Occupancy	Average Duration	Existing	Proposed
Portland Place	East Side	4	4	-	90%	285 mins	12 m	12 m
to Cogswell Street	West Side	0	0	-	-	-	75 m	12 m
	Total	4	4	-	90 %	285 mins	87 m	24 m

Table 6: Portland Place to Cogswell Stree	et Curbside Inventory
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Parking

There is no existing parking on the west side of the street, and the four existing spaces on the east side of the street will remain in their current location. Parking occupancy was observed to be 90%, with an average duration of 285 minutes. There is currently no time limitation on parking for this block. Addition of time restrictions for these spaces should encourage turnover and benefit access to businesses.

Loading

Many businesses on this block have off-street access for loading, and are also close to side streets that have parking and loading areas. The proposed design includes a 12m "No Parking" on each side of the street that will accommodate loading. This is the only block on Gottingen Street that has sufficient width to allow the proposed design to accommodate on-street loading on the west side of the street.

Concluding Thoughts

The proposed design for the Gottingen Street transit lane will require considerable changes to the way that on-street parking and loading activities currently occur. Given the time-dependent nature of the transit lane, impacts will vary depending on the time of day. During peak periods (7-9AM, 3-6PM), all on-street parking and loading on both sides of the street will be prohibited. During off-peak periods, parking and loading will be accommodated on the east side of Gottingen Street; however, on-street parking and loading will not be permitted on the west side of the street.

Recognizing the importance of both of these curbside activities to businesses and residents of the area, the Parking Loss Mitigation Plan has been prepared to develop a better understanding of parking/loading needs on the street, review the impacts resulting from the proposed design, and identify opportunities to mitigate any anticipated losses. In preparing the detailed design and parking loss mitigation plan, staff have completed an investigation of existing on-street parking and loading activities on Gottingen Street that included a detailed parking / loading inventory, collection of utilization data, and consultation with local stakeholders and the public.

A key focus during the design process was placed on mitigating the amount of parking and loading areas lost during the off-peak periods, and strategically locating loading in areas where it can best accommodate businesses and residents. The primary approach used to achieve these objectives included improving the efficiency of curb space usage on the east side of Gottingen Street, which is currently not optimal. The proposed design requires the loss of 28 parking spaces on the west side of the street, which is offset to a large extent by the addition of 20 off-peak parking spaces on the east side of the street. Overall, the net loss of on-street parking spaces during off-peak periods has been limited to eight spaces.

Parking utilization observations on Gottingen Street suggest that parking occupancy is relatively low on Gottingen Street, with long average parking duration that extends beyond current time restrictions. These results suggest that on-street parking on Gottingen Street is being abused, which to an extent can be attributed to a lack of adequate parking enforcement. It is expected that the time-dependent parking created through this project will promote the high turnover on-street parking that typically benefits businesses. The need for diligent enforcement as part of project implementation, which will be critical both for transit operation and parking turnover, cannot be understated.

The proposed design has allocated No Parking/Loading zones on each block of the east side of Gottingen Street. Areas intended for loading will be signed as "No Parking" to provide more flexibility in the loading activities for businesses and simplify signage requirements. Loading zones are typically available for loading on weekdays (6AM-6PM), and available for parking outside of those hours. Signing loading areas as "No Parking" will reserve the space for loading on weekdays.

It is not anticipated that loading activities for businesses on the east side of Gottingen Street will impacted significantly. However, businesses on the west side of the street will be impacted by the full-time loss of loading along the frontage of their properties. Alternative arrangements will



be required to facilitate loading, which may include parking in designated loading areas on the east side, or by using side streets. On-street loading areas have been placed near crosswalks, where possible, to make loading from the opposite side of the street easier and safer. It is noted that under current conditions, businesses cannot always rely on the availability of loading in front of their properties, particularly in locations that allow all day parking. It is also recognized that indirect loading is a reality in many other locations in the urban core, and is expected to continue to be a necessary trade-off on streets where limited width does not allow more convenient alternatives.

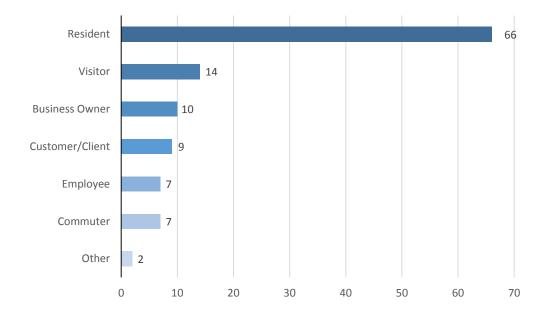


HALIFAX Gottingen Street Transit Priority Corridor – Public Feedback

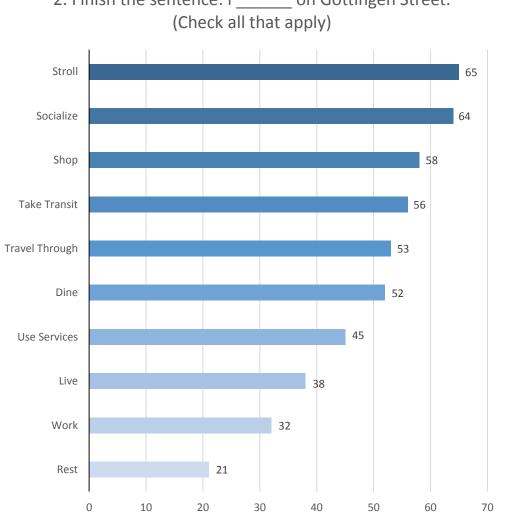


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1. How would you best describe your relationship with Gottingen Street and the surrounding neighbourhood?

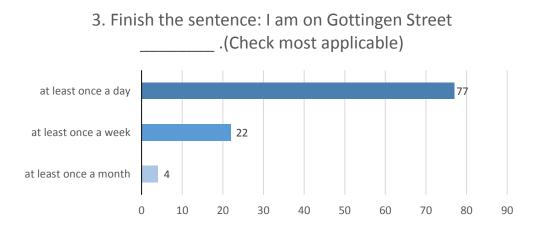




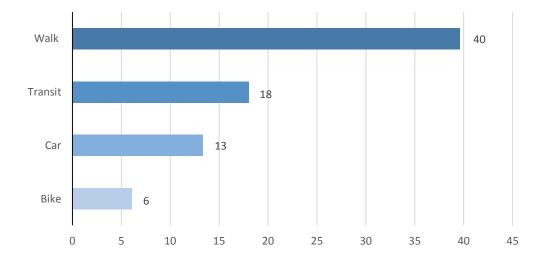


2. Finish the sentence: I _____ on Gottingen Street.

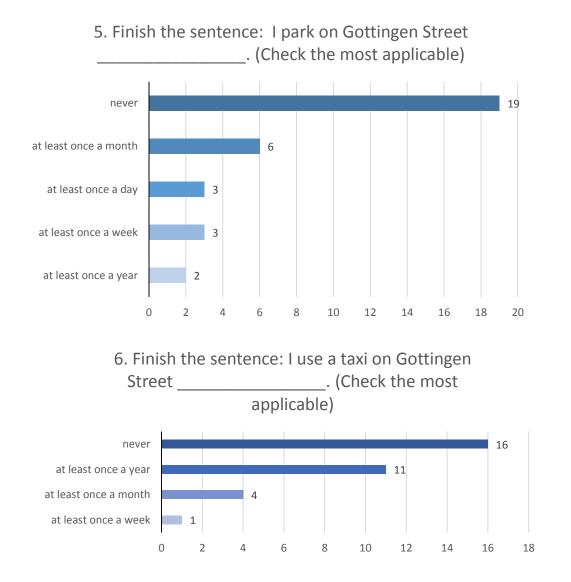




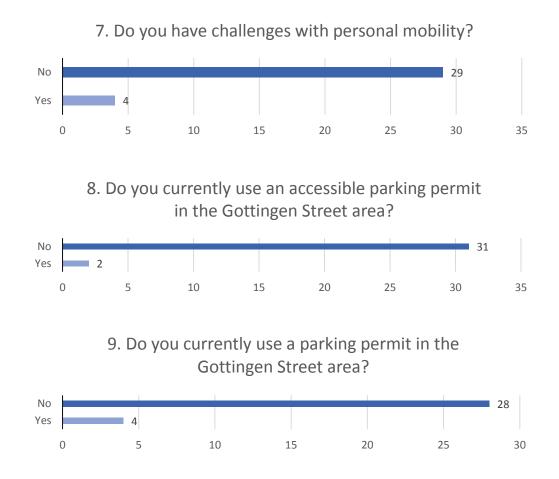
4. Rank the travel modes you use to get to Gottingen Street from most frequent to least frequent.



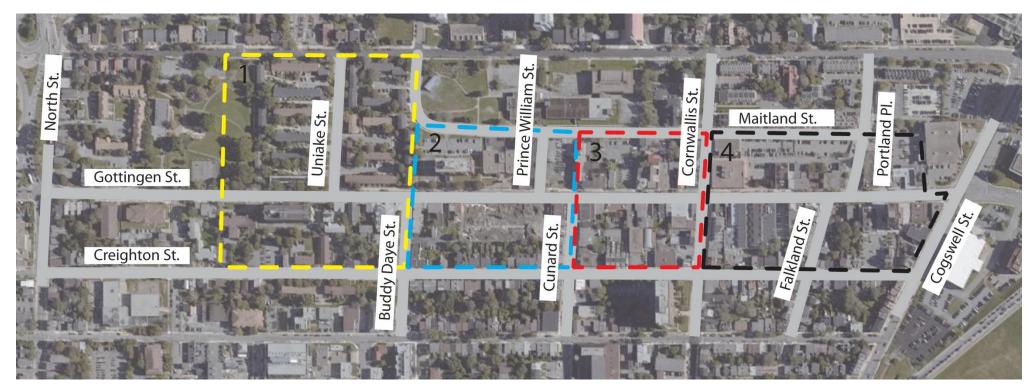




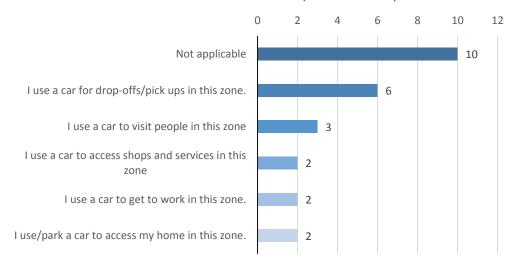
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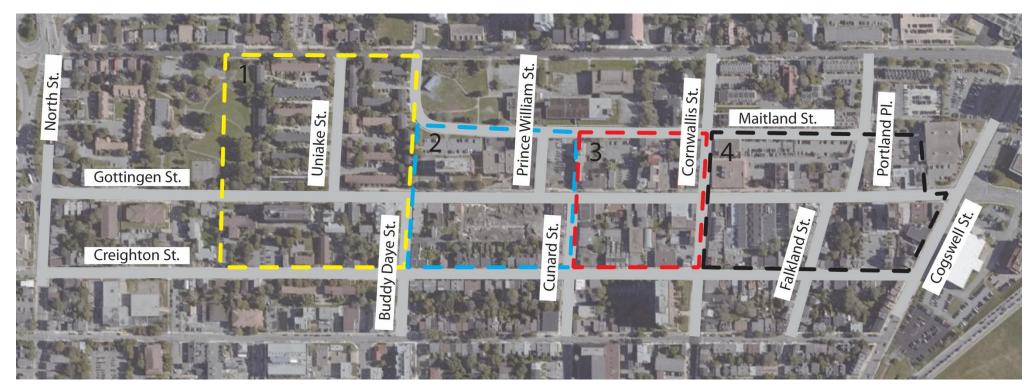




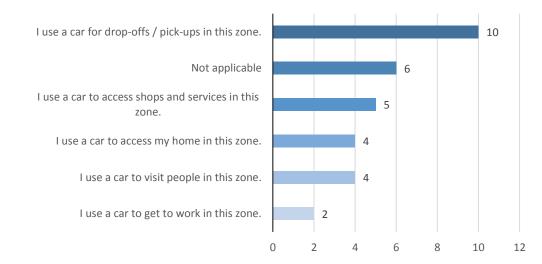
10a. For each zone, check the box if the statements below are true. Zone 1 (Yellow area)



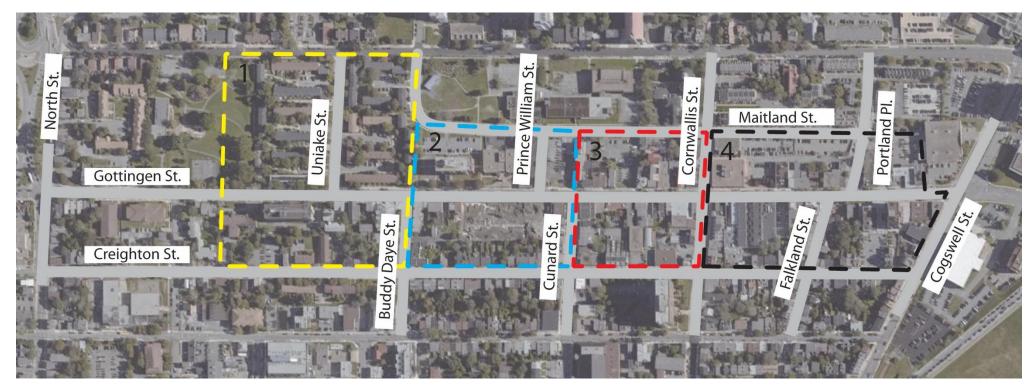




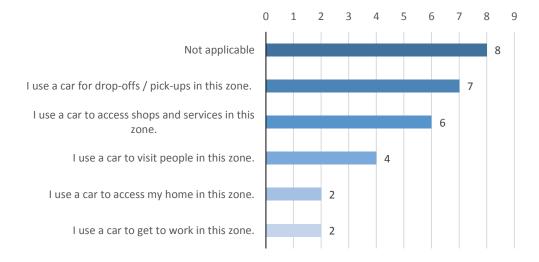
10b. For each zone, check the box if the statements below are true. Zone 2 (Blue area)



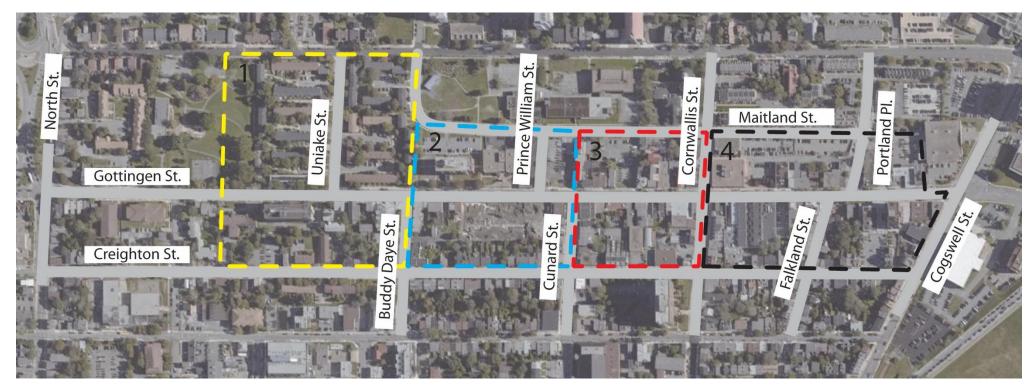




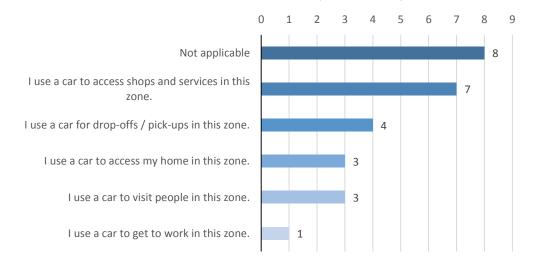
10c. For each zone, check the box if the statements below are true. Zone 3 (Red area)



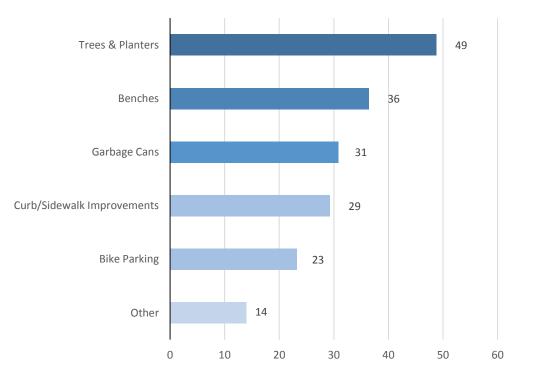




10d. For each zone, check the box if the statements below are true. Zone 4 (Black area)



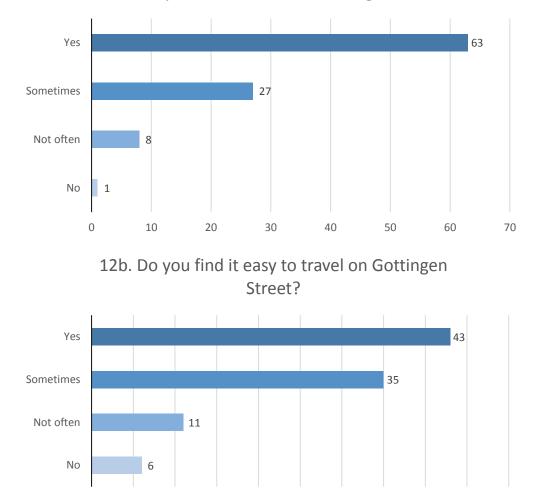




11. Select your top 3 most desired elements for Gottingen Street.



12a. Are you comfortable on Gottingen Street?



Monitoring & Evaluation Plan

Gottingen Street Transit Priority Corridor

Prepared by:

Halifax Transit June 2018



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Introduction

Background

In March 2018, Regional Council directed staff to proceed with detailed design of a time-restricted northbound bus lane on Gottingen Street that is operational during weekday peak periods (7am-9am and 3pm-6pm), and that accommodates time-regulated parking and loading outside of peak periods. Staff were further directed to develop a plan to measure and evaluate the impact of the project and recommend changes, if any, within one year of implementation.

The Monitoring and Evaluation Plan, presented in the sections below, identifies fifteen metrics which staff recommend to evaluate to better understand the impact of the project on transit service, mode share, road safety, parking, the street environment, and adjacent land uses.

Objectives

The primary objective of the Monitoring and Evaluation Plan is to determine the extent to which the Gottingen Street peak period northbound bus lane project achieves desired outcomes, particularly regarding transit service improvements, while understanding the implications for other potential related impacts.

Deliverables

The key deliverable of this plan is a staff report to Regional Council, one year after project implementation, that will present the monitoring and evaluation results, identify any areas for improvement and recommend suitable design refinements.

Metrics

Staff have identified fifteen metrics to monitor post-implementation of the time restricted northbound bus lane based on project objectives, public feedback, available staff and data collection resources. Table 1 introduces and categorizes each metric by impact area (transit, all transportation modes, non-transit motorists, street environment, land uses and parking), states how the data will be collected, and identifies the desired outcome.

While each of the identified metrics provide valuable insight, it is important to consider some key limitations of their monitoring and evaluation over the short-term. Due to the inherent variability in some of the metrics, year over year observations are not generally a reliable performance indicator. Observation of trends over multiple years is required to develop meaningful conclusions. Also, each metric is influenced by other external factors unrelated to the changes introduced by the proposed bus lane. These limitations should be considered when evaluating the project after implementation.



#	CATEGORY	METRIC	DESCRIPTION		
1	Transit	Change in average transit travel time and variability	Transit travel time will be obtained through Automatic Vehicle Locator (AVL) technology to calculate and compare the average travel time and variability of pre- and post- implementation project conditions. The desired outcome would be a decrease in the average travel time and variability for buses in both directions during the peak periods.		
2	Transit	Rider experience	Rider experience will be assessed by obtaining feedback through surveys conducted on buses and/or online. The desired outcome would be that most of the survey responses are positive and support the project.		
3	Transit	Transit operator experience	Transit operator experience will be assessed by obtaining feedback through surveys. The desired outcome would be that most of the survey responses are positive and support the project.		
4	Transit	Change in ridership	Ridership will be assessed by comparing data on the number of onboard passengers, for each transit route using Gottingen Street, pre- and post-implementation of the project. The desired outcome would be an increase in the number of onboard passengers for each transit route during peak periods.		

Table 1 Project Evaluation Metrics



#	CATEGORY	METRIC	DESCRIPTION		
5	Transit	Change in number of transit related collisions (vehicle damage only)	Transit related collisions will be obtained through transit collision reports pre- and post- implementation of the project for comparison. The desired outcome would be a decrease in the number of transit-related collisions.		
6	All Modes	Change in total person throughput	Total person throughput will be obtained by conducting manual screenline counts of people and their respective travel mode pre- and post-implementation of the project for comparison. The desired outcome would be an increase in the number of people traveling by transit (for each transit route) and active transportation modes during the PM peak.		
7	All Modes	Cross section allocation	Cross section allocation will be assessed by comparing mode splits to the right-of-way width assigned to each travel mode pre- and post-implementation of the project. The desired outcome would be that right-of- way width assigned to each travel mode corresponds more closely to the mode split.		
8	All Modes	Public experience	Public experience of all people who use Gottingen Street will be assessed by obtaining feedback through surveys conducted on street and/or online. The desired outcome would be that most of the survey responses are positive and support the project.		



#	CATEGORY	METRIC	DESCRIPTION		
9	All Modes	Change in number and severity of collisions	The number and severity of collisions will be obtained from Halifax Regional Police collision reports pre- and post-implementation of the project for comparison. The desired outcome would be no increase in the number and severity of collisions.		
10	All Modes	Change in how people are accessing the street	Obtaining data on how people are accessing Gottingen Street will be through conducting on-street intercept surveys pre- and post- implementation of the project. The desired outcome would be an increase in the number of people accessing the street via transit and active transportation modes.		
11	Non-Transit Motorists	Non-adherence of transit lane	Non-adherence of the transit lane will be assessed by obtaining information on the number of parking tickets and tows and/or through monitoring using time lapse/video cameras during peak periods. The desired outcome would be that few blockages to transit vehicles occur in the peak periods after a year from implementation.		
12	Non-Transit Motorists	Change in 85 th percentile speed	 85th percentile speed will be obtained by conducting speed volume surveys pre- and post-implementation of the project for comparison. The desired outcome would be no significant increase in the 85th percentile speeds. 		



#	CATEGORY	METRIC	DESCRIPTION		
13	Street Environment	Number of installed streetscape elements (ex. # of planted trees)	The number of installed streetscape elements will be recorded in a document as they are installed/constructed. The desired outcome would be an increase in the number of streetscaping elements.		
14	Parking	Parking utilization	Parking utilization data will be obtained by conducting parking utilization surveys, of Gottingen Street and the surrounding neighbourhood, post-implementation of the project for evaluation. The desired outcome would be that the 85 th percentile parking occupancy is at or less than 85%.		

Data Collection Timeline

The proposed data collection timeline is presented in Table 2 using five time period columns. The baseline column represents data that are required to be collected before project implementation. These data already exist or are planned for collection in the coming months. The next four columns represent data collection throughout the year after project implementation divided into three-month increments, and the last column represents data that must be monitored on an ongoing basis after the initial data collection year. The proposed timeline may vary to accommodate staff resources and the reporting timeline requested by Regional Council (i.e. report back within one year of implementation).



#	METRIC	DATA COLLECTION TIMELINE					
#	WEIRIC	Baseline	0-3 MO	3-6 MO	6-9 MO	9-12 MO	Ongoing
1	Change in average transit travel time	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark	
2	Rider experience			\checkmark			
3	Transit operator experience			\checkmark			
4	Change in ridership				\checkmark		\checkmark
5	Change in number of transit related collisions					\checkmark	
6	Change in total person throughput		\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
7	Cross section allocation					\checkmark	
8	Public experience			\checkmark			
9	Change in number and severity of collisions	<				\checkmark	\checkmark
10	Change in how people are accessing the street	<			\checkmark		
11	Non-adherence of transit lane			\checkmark		\checkmark	
12	Change in 85 th percentile speed	\checkmark			\checkmark		
13	Number of installed streetscape elements					\checkmark	
14	Parking utilization	\checkmark		\checkmark			

Table 2 Data Collection Timeline

Attachment 2

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HALIFAX Transit Priority Corridor: Gottingen Street

Transportation Standing Committee July 26th, 2018

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halifax.ca/integratedmobility

Background

The Council approved Moving Forward Together Plan (MFTP) (April 2016)

- Identifies Gottingen Street as a critical choke point for transit service that requires transit priority.
- The MFTP recommends investment in transit priority measures that provide priority to the movement of buses over general traffic.

These recommendations have been further reinforced by policy direction in the Council approved Integrated Mobility Plan (December 2017)



Background

In May 2017 a consultant was hired to complete a functional design study for the Gottingen Street transit priority corridor.

The functional design study was completed in January 2018 and considered multiple design options for the Gottingen Street corridor.

Based on the findings from the study and input from the public and stakeholders, staff recommended the preferred concept – a dedicated, continuous northbound bus lane on Gottingen Street – be advanced to detailed design and implementation.



Motion Tasks



Completed Detailed Design for a continuous peak hour northbound bus only lane



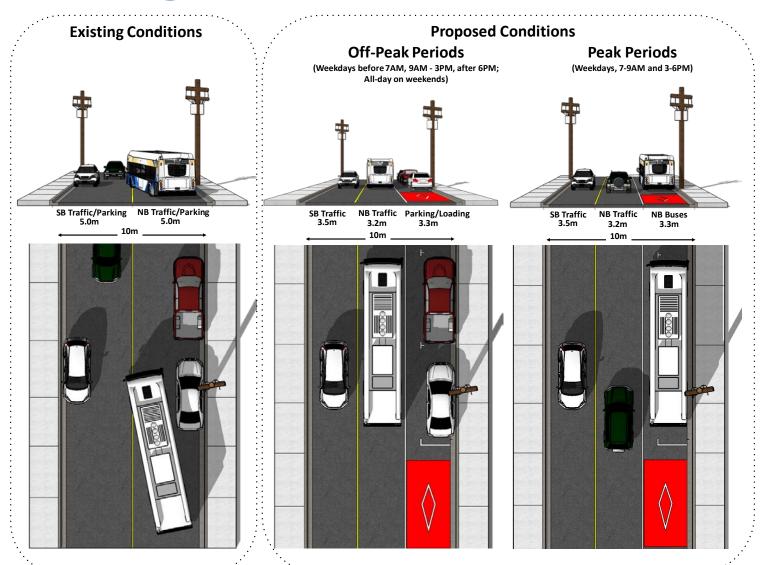
Developed a Monitoring & Evaluation Plan

Supplementary Report: Potential to move northbound express buses off Gottingen Street to alternate routes





Proposed Street Configuration





of On-Street Off-neak



Parking Loss Mitigation

gatter		Parking Spaces			
		Existing	Proposed	Net Change	
North Street to	East Side	0	6	+6	
Uniacke Street	West Side	0	0	-	
Uniacke Street to	East Side	6	15	+9	
Prince William Street	West Side	15	0	-15	
Prince William Street to	East Side	7	9	+2	
Cornwallis Street	West Side	12	0	-12	
Cornwallis Street to	East Side	7	10	+3	
Portland Place	West Side	1	0	-1	
Portland Place to	East Side	4	4	-	
Cogswell Street	West Side	0	0	-	
	Total	52	44	-8	

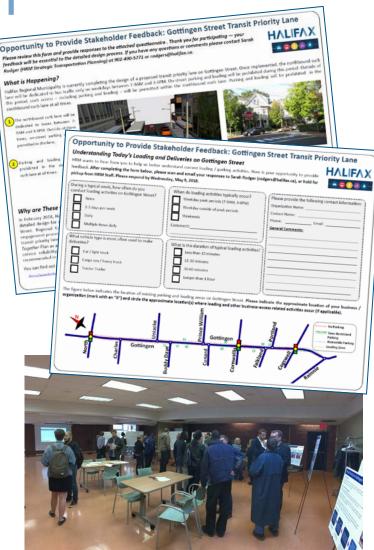




Stakeholder & Public Consultation

Stakeholder/Community consultation activities included:

- Parking / Loading Questionnaire
- On-Street Pop-up Engagement Sessions
- NEBA Stakeholder Meeting (May 14th, 2018)
- Public Open House (May 17th, 2018)
- Online Engagement (Shape Your City)



Public & Stakeholder Engagement

- Feedback from consultation was mixed. Many agreed that transit priority is needed, however common concerns included:
 - Potential loss of on-street parking and loading
 - Comfort and safety with the addition of a third traffic lane
 - Volume of buses using Gottingen Street, lack of consideration

of alternatives that would reduce transit routing to Gottingen



Public & Stakeholder Engagement

- Potential complete streets enhancements were an important
- focus of engagement efforts for the project. There was strong
- support for several complete streets improvements including:
 - Trees & Planters
 - Garbage Cans
 - Bicycle Parking
 - Benches
 - Curb & Sidewalk Improvements

INTEGRATED MOBILITY PLAN

Complete Streets Elements





Monitoring & Evaluation Plan

Primary Objective

To measure the extent to which the project is successful using predefined metrics.

Deliverable

Staff report to Regional Council, one year after project implementation, that will:

- present the monitoring and evaluation results
- identify any areas for improvement
- recommend suitable design refinements.



Evaluation & Monitoring Plan: Metrics

- Public Experience
- Change in number and severity of collisions
- Change in how people are accessing the street
- Change in 85th percentile speed
- Number of installed streetscape elements
- Non-adherence of transit lane
- Parking utilization



- Cross section allocation
- Change in total person throughput
- Change in number of transit related collisions
- Change in average transit travel time & variability
- Rider experience
- Transit operator experience
- Change in ridership

Next Steps

- Transportation Standing Committee Approval (July 26th, 2018)
- Regional Council Approval (August 14th, 2018)
- Collection of baseline evaluation and monitoring data (June September 2018)

INTEGRATED MOBILITY PLAN

- Construction Tender Award (September 2018)
- Moving Forward Together Plan Corridor Route Review / Macdonald Bridge Ramp / Express Route Review Supplementary Reports to TSC (Fall 2018)
- Implementation of the Transit Priority Corridor & Complete Street Elements (Fall 18)
- Collection of post-implementation evaluation and monitoring data (Fall 18 to Fall 19)
- Monitoring & Evaluation Plan report to Regional Council (Fall 2019)



Recommendation

It is recommended that the Transportation Standing Committee recommend that Halifax Regional Council:

1. Approve detailed design as shown in Attachment B of the staff report dated June 21, 2018.

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- 2. Approve the parking loss mitigation plan as described in Attachment C of the staff report dated June 21, 2018.
- 3. Direct staff to proceed with implementation of a peak period (7am-9am and 3pm-6pm, Monday to Friday) northbound bus lane on the Gottingen Street corridor.
- 4. Approve the evaluation methodology as per Attachment E of this report through which the Gottingen Street peak period northbound bus lane will be measured and evaluated one year after implementation.



HALIFAX ; THANK YOU



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