#### Item 10.3.2

### **Green Buildings – A Climate Change Solution**





### Canada Green Building Council



#### Mission:

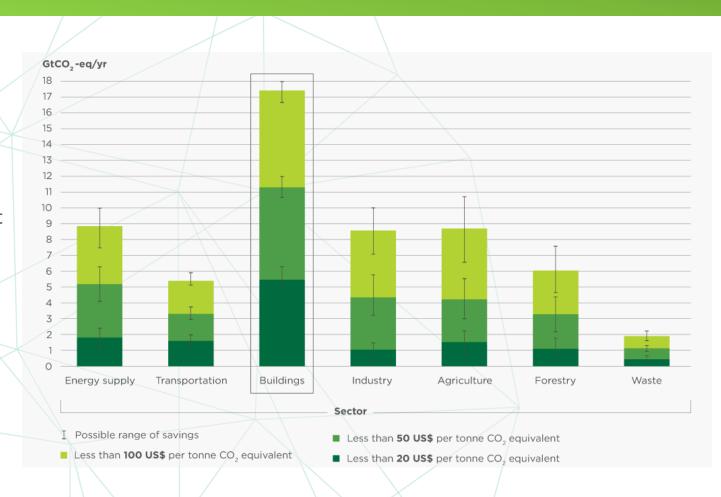
Lead and accelerate the transformation to high-performing, healthy green buildings, homes and communities throughout Canada



Find out more visit www.cagbc.org

#### **Buildings – A solution to Climate Change**

- In 2006, buildings accounted for 30% of energy use and 28% of greenhouse gas emissions in Canada.
- The UN Environment Program identifies buildings as offering the greatest potential for achieving significant energy and GHG emission reductions, at the least cost.



Find out more visit www.cagbc.org/Advocacy

#### **Benefits of Green Building**



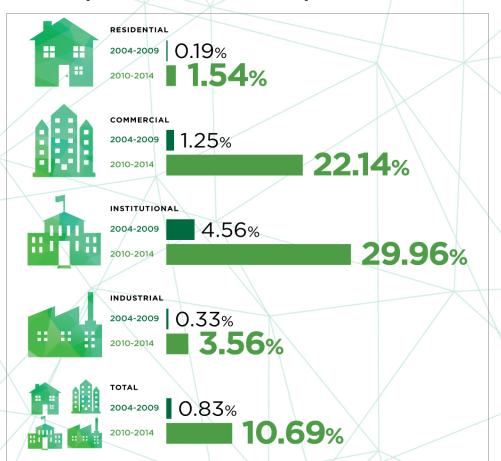
- Reduced municipal infrastructure for services, transportation, and energy
- Lower operating costs
- Reduced greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions
- Increased profitability and/or return on investment
- Improved indoor environmental quality (IEQ)
- Improved protection from energy and water shortages and volatile commodity pricing
- Improved occupant satisfaction, health and wellbeing
- Accelerated economic development through the local green building industry



#### Green Building Has Seen Widespread Voluntary Adoption Across the Building Sector in Canada

Green building programs such as the Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) rating system have led the market to high-performance buildings

Market penetration of LEED certified projects as a percent of new floor space in Canada



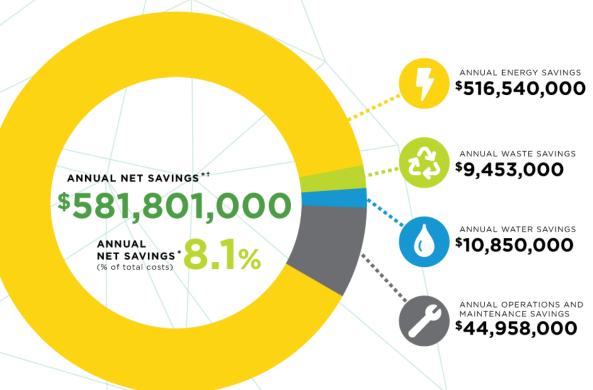
- LEED is a voluntary certification system that has transformed the design and construction of buildings for over a decade
- High-performing green building rating systems such as LEED have led the market in adopting higher performing standards for:
  - energy efficiency + carbon
  - waste reduction + recycling
  - water conservation
  - occupant health, and
  - resiliency



## Lifecycle Savings from Buildings in Canada

**LEED Certified** 

Since 2005 LEED® certified Buildings have benefitted Canadians by increasing energy efficiency, reducing carbon emissions, and reducing other environmental impacts.



This represents a net savings of \$6,806,417,000 over the economic lifespan of LEED™ buildings.

<sup>†</sup> This data is for 2275 LEED™ certified buildings, representing 23,757,640 square metres in Canada.



<sup>\*</sup> Net savings are the difference between the 33 year present value of savings and the green building investment.

#### **LEED® Policies Across Canada**



Find out more visit www.cagbc.org

# RETROFITS - THE POTENTIAL OF BUILDINGS AS A SOLUTION TO CLIMATE CHANGE

- Recommission buildings that have yet to achieve high performance status by optimizing existing building systems for improved control and operational performance;
- 2 Undertake deep retrofits in buildings to high-performance standards such as LEED, focusing on energy reduction and ensuring that key building systems such as lighting, HVAC and envelopes are upgraded;
- Incorporate solar or other on-site renewable energy systems in buildings; and
- Work with jurisdictions and the private sector to switch to low-carbon fuel sources in buildings.

These four actions could enable large buildings in Canada to achieve a 51% reduction in carbon emissions (21 Megatonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent greenhouse gas emissions), surpassing the Canadian 30% reduction target<sup>3</sup>.





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#### Zero Carbon Buildings as the new Benchmark

CaGBC's Zero
Carbon Building
Standard is a
made-in-Canada
solution to reduce
carbon emissions,
providing a path for
buildings to
achieve our climate
change
commitments



#### Zero Carbon Buildings as the new Benchmark



READ THE COMPLETE REPORT AT CAGBC.ORG/MAKINGTHECASE

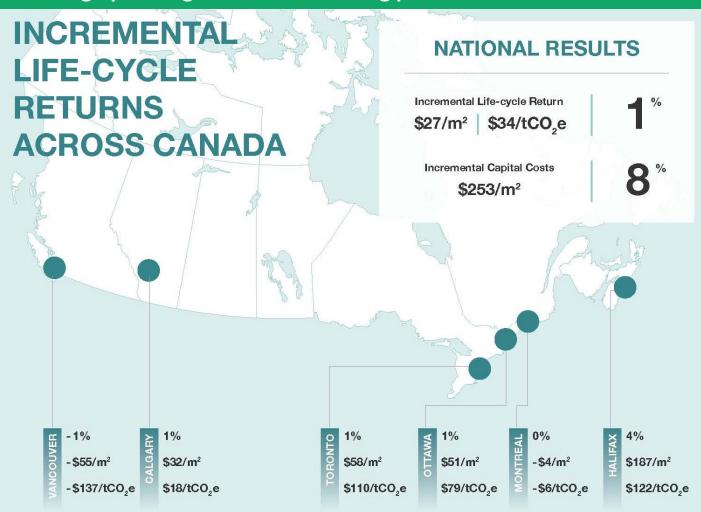
Find out more contact www.cagbc.org/ZeroCarbon



### Making The Business Case For Building To Zero Carbon

Zero Carbon Buildings eliminate greenhouse gas emissions while reducing operating costs and achieving positive returns

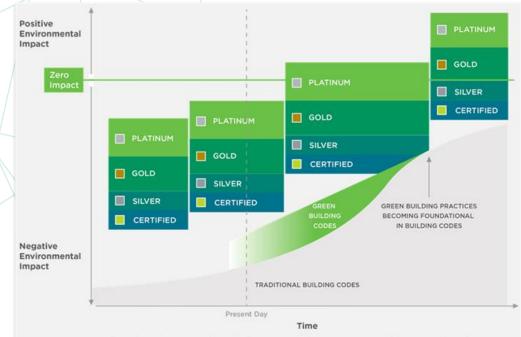
- Over 4 million tonnes of CO2e/year could be avoided
- Outcomes are strongest in Halifax due to the high carbon intensity of the NS electricity grid
- Outcomes for Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto & Calgary are economically strong with upfront capital cost premium mitigated over the lifecycle by higher operating and emissions savings
- Less strong in Vancouver due to low-carbon intensity of electricity grid which results in lower carbon cost savings, the low cost of natural gas, and the milder climate which reduces energy demand



Source: MAKING THE CASE FOR BUILDING TO ZERO CARBON, CaGBC, 2019;

## Leverage the Industry Capacity and Knowledge Built Through Voluntary Standards

- voluntary programs have built industry capacity and knowledge to help achieve continuous performance improvements in buildings from minimum requirements to Net Zero Energy-ready buildings
- Support industry uptake by facilitating alignment with established industry methods and current standards for high performing buildings
- Lead by example, update HRM's green building policy to LEED Gold or Platinum for new and existing buildings, and Zero Carbon on select projects



LEED standard advances building performance voluntarily above building code requirements, supports code improvements and drives industry to improve over time



#### **Green Building Goals for HRM?**

- All new construction Zero Carbon by 2030
- All Buildings Zero Carbon by 2050

Municipal governments can take a leadership role in meeting Canada's 2030 GHG targets through government-owned buildings by:

Adopting a retrofit strategy and operational practices for existing buildings to achieve high-performance to Zero Carbon and LEED standards

Ensuring innovation in building design and construction by adopting the Zero Carbon Building Standard for new buildings



**Thank You!** 

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