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March 19, 2019

Halifax Water
 450 Cowie Hill Road
 Halifax, NS

From: Rachael Kyte, P.Eng.

File No. 1-6-57 (34160)

Re: Wyse Road Multi-Unit Building Development, Dartmouth, NS – Sanitary Lateral Size Confirmation

Project Summary:

	Commercial	Residential
MU1	17,363 sq ft	268 units
MU2	N/A	60 units
MU3	N/A	60 units
MU4	N/A	60 units
MU5	N/A	60 units
MU6	N/A	106 units
MU7	N/A	60 units
*From Architect		

References:

- Halifax Water (HW) Design & Construction Specifications (2018 Edition), Section 4.2.2:

- $Q = [1.25 \times (a \times M)] + b$ Where;
 - Q = Sanitary sewer flow.
 - 1.25 = Safety factor.
 - a = Average dry weather flow.
 - M = Peaking factor using Harmon Formula; $M = 1 + [14 / (4 + P^{0.5})]$
 - b = Long-term infiltration/inflow allowance.
 - P = Population in thousands

- Infiltration allowance: 0.28 L/ha_{gross}/s
- Residential Average Dry Weather Flow: 300 L/day per person
- Multi-Unit Dwelling Population: 2.25 people per unit

Calculation Summary:**Population (P)**

Reference:

- ACWG Page 2-4 2.3.4.2: Commercial Flow Equivalent: 85 persons/ha
- HW Section 4.2.1 Residential (Multi-Unit): 2.25 people per unit

MU1

$$P = 2.25 \text{ people per unit} \times 268 \text{ Units} = 603 \text{ people (or 0.603)}$$

$$P = 85 \text{ persons/ha} \times 0.161 \text{ ha} = 14 \text{ people (or 0.014)}$$

$$\text{Total } P = \mathbf{617 \text{ people (or 0.617)}}$$

MU2, MU3, MU4, MU5 & MU7

$$P = 2.25 \text{ people per unit} \times 60 \text{ Units} = \mathbf{135 \text{ people (or 0.135)}}$$

MU6

$$P = 2.25 \text{ people per unit} \times 106 \text{ Units} = \mathbf{239 \text{ people (or 0.239)}}$$

Dry Weather Flow (a)

Reference:

ACWG Section 2.3.4.3, Table 2.1: Stores, shopping centers and office: 6 L/sq.m

HW Section 4.2.2: Residential: 300 L/day per person

MU1

$$a = 6 \text{ L/day per sq.m} \times 1,613 \text{ sq.m} = 9,678 \text{ L/day (or 0.112 L/s)}$$

$$a = 300 \text{ L/day per person} \times 617 \text{ people} = 185,100 \text{ L/day (or 2.142 L/s)}$$

$$\text{Total } a = \mathbf{194,778 \text{ L/day (or 2.254 L/s)}}$$

MU2, MU3, MU4, MU5 & MU7

$$a = 300 \text{ L/day per person} \times 135 \text{ people} = \mathbf{40,500 \text{ L/day (or 0.469 L/s)}}$$

MU6

$$a = 300 \text{ L/day per person} \times 239 \text{ people} = \mathbf{71,700 \text{ L/day (or 0.830 L/s)}}$$

Infiltration (b)

Reference:

HW Section 4.2.2: Infiltration allowance: 0.28 L/ha_{gross}/s**MU1**

$$\text{Lot Area} = 0.40 \text{ ha}$$

$$b: 0.28 \text{ L/ha}_{\text{gross}}/\text{s} \times 0.40 \text{ ha} = \mathbf{0.11 \text{ L/s}}$$

MU2

Lot Area = 0.23 ha

$$b: 0.28 \text{ L/ha}_{\text{gross}}/\text{s} \times 0.23 \text{ ha} = 0.064 \text{ L/s}$$

MU3

Lot Area = 0.23 ha

$$b: 0.28 \text{ L/ha}_{\text{gross}}/\text{s} \times 0.23 \text{ ha} = 0.064 \text{ L/s}$$

MU4

Lot Area = 0.24 ha

$$b: 0.28 \text{ L/ha}_{\text{gross}}/\text{s} \times 0.24 \text{ ha} = 0.067 \text{ L/s}$$

MU5

Lot Area = 0.22 ha

$$b: 0.28 \text{ L/ha}_{\text{gross}}/\text{s} \times 0.22 \text{ ha} = 0.062 \text{ L/s}$$

MU6

Lot Area = 0.23 ha

$$b: 0.28 \text{ L/ha}_{\text{gross}}/\text{s} \times 0.23 \text{ ha} = 0.064 \text{ L/s}$$

MU7

Lot Area = 0.24 ha

$$b: 0.28 \text{ L/ha}_{\text{gross}}/\text{s} \times 0.24 \text{ ha} = 0.067 \text{ L/s}$$

Peaking Factor (M)

$$M = 1 + [14 / (4 + P^{0.5})]$$

MU1

$$M = 1 + [14 / (4 + (0.617)^{0.5})] = 3.92$$

MU2, MU3, MU4, MU5 & MU7

$$M = 1 + [14 / (4 + (0.135)^{0.5})] = 4.20$$

MU6

$$M = 1 + [14 / (4 + (0.239)^{0.5})] = 4.12$$

Sanitary Sewer Flow (Q)

$$Q = [1.25 \times (a \times M)] + b$$

MU1

$$Q = [1.25 \times (2.254 \text{ L/s} \times 3.92)] + 0.11 \text{ L/s} = 11.15 \text{ L/s}$$

MU2

$$Q = [1.25 \times (0.469 \text{ L/s} \times 4.20)] + 0.064 \text{ L/s} = 2.53 \text{ L/s}$$

MU3

$$Q = [1.25 \times (0.469 \text{ L/s} \times 4.20)] + 0.064 \text{ L/s} = 2.53 \text{ L/s}$$

MU4

$$Q = [1.25 \times (0.469 \text{ L/s} \times 4.20)] + 0.067 \text{ L/s} = 2.53 \text{ L/s}$$

MU5

$$Q = [1.25 \times (0.469 \text{ L/s} \times 4.20)] + 0.062 \text{ L/s} = 2.52 \text{ L/s}$$

MU6

$$Q = [1.25 \times (0.830 \text{ L/s} \times 4.12)] + 0.064 \text{ L/s} = 4.34 \text{ L/s}$$

MU7

$$Q = [1.25 \times (0.469 \text{ L/s} \times 4.20)] + 0.067 \text{ L/s} = 2.53 \text{ L/s}$$

Sanitary Lateral Size Confirmation:**MU1**

A 200 mm diameter PVC lateral at 2.00% slope has a capacity of 60 L/s. With the calculated flow of $Q = 11.15 \text{ L/s}$, the proposed lateral will have sufficient flow capacity.

MU2, MU3, MU4, MU5, MU6 & MU7

A 150 mm diameter PVC lateral at 2.00% slope has a capacity of 28L/s. With the highest calculated flow of $Q = 4.34 \text{ L/s}$, the proposed laterals will have sufficient flow capacity.

For additional information or discussion regarding these findings please contact the undersigned.

Regards,

Servant, Dunbrack, McKenzie & MacDonald Ltd.

Original Signed

Rachael Kyte, P.Eng.
Project Engineer

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